INTERNATIONAL

TODAY'S WEATHER—PARIS: Sunny. Temp. 77-56 (25-13). Tomorrow little change. Yesterday's temp 79-54 (26-12). LONDON: Fair. Temp. 73-56 (23-13). Tomorrow little change. Yesterday's temp. 73-57 (23-14). CHANNEL: Moderate. ROME: Sunny. Temp. 81-54 (27-12). NEW YORK: Occasional showers. Temp. 86-68 (30-20). Yesterday's temp. 85-70 (29-21).
ADDITIONAL WEATHER—PAGE 2

Herald Tribune

Austria	7 S	Libya	9 Plast.
Belgium	10 B.F.	Luxembourg	10 L.Fr.
Eire (Inc. Tax)	9 P	Morocco	1.20 Dh.
Denmark	1.75 D.Kr.	Netherlands	0.85 Flor.
France	1.00 Fr.	Nigeria	2/6
Germany	1.00 D.M.	Norway	1.25 N.Kr.
Great Britain	7½ P	Portugal	6 Esc.
Greece	8 Drs.	Spain	15 Ptas.
India	Rs. 2.25	Sweden	1.50 S.Kr.
Iran	20 Rials	Switzerland	1.00 S.Fr.
Italy	150 Lire	Turkey	4.25 T.L.
Israel	I.£1.10	U.S. Military	50.20
Lebanon	75 P.	Yugoslavia	3.00 D.

Published with The New York Times and The Washington Post

No. 27,573 * * PARIS, THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 9, 1971 Established 1887



Associated Press.

Joseph Cahill in New York after U.S. ordered him out.

After Detention in N.Y.

IRA Militants' Cahill Denied Permission to Enter the U.S.

By Natalie Layzell

NEW YORK, Sept. 8 (IHT).—Joseph Cahill, leader of the Irish Republican Army's militant "provisional" wing, was refused permission today to enter the United States and was ordered sent back to the Irish Republic.

No appeal would be made, Cahill's lawyer, Frank Durkan, said, following the decision. The order that the rebel leader be excluded from the United States and deported immediately came from Francis J. Lyons, presiding officer at the Federal Immigration Service hearing.

Cahill, 51, was detained when he arrived at Kennedy Airport from Dublin last Wednesday. He had intended to embark on a four-week fund-raising tour in several cities here to collect money for Catholic militants in Northern Ireland.

Cahill was excluded because he lacked a valid visa, Mr. Lyons said.

When Cahill applied for his visa in Belfast last November, he said he considered the murder of a Belfast policeman in 1942 for which he was convicted in the same year a "political" action and not a crime.

He therefore, according to the government, did not include information on his criminal record on his visa application, which invalidated his visa.

"It was a kangaroo court and a kangaroo jury" which convicted him, Cahill said. He said he was tried by an all-Protestant jury. He served seven years, then was released.

Asked if another man, Frank Murphy, had admitted in open court later that it was he who killed the policeman, Cahill replied "yes."

An Ulster Catholic, Cahill was quoted as having told newsmen before leaving Dublin that the objective of his organization was to shoot British soldiers "and hit them hard."

Ulster Fears Rise in Violence As IRA Cease-Fire Expires

BELFAST, Sept. 8 (UPI).—Time was running out today on the violence-marred cease-fire proclaimed by the militant wing of the outlawed Irish Republican Army. The British Army and Northern Irish security forces braced for any upsurge of trouble that might mark the truce's termination.

Meanwhile, although the cease-fire supposedly was still in effect, more bombs exploded in Belfast and there was rioting in Londonderry. The IRA's "official" branch, which earlier had denounced the use of violence in Northern Ireland, said that the more militant "provisional" wing was to blame, that it had violated its own truce.

The IRA provisionals declared the 48-hour truce, ending at midnight (2300 GMT) tonight, to give the British government a chance to reply to a five-point "peace" plan offered Sunday.

"Certain plans have been made to insure that our words are turned into actions," a spokesman for the provisionals said in Dublin in warning of the approaching deadline.

A British Army spokesman said: "Such a threat is always taken seriously. We are not standing idly by and waiting." A spokesman for Northern Ireland's Royal Ulster Constabulary added that "obvious targets are being checked."

Forces on Alert

The 13,000 British soldiers in the province were put on alert and leaves for most of the constabulary's 4,000 regular officers were canceled.

Despite the provisionals' cease-fire, at least five bombs exploded here in the capital, damaging a tire factory, a club of the British Legion for military-service veterans and a supermarket.

Gunmen also fired on a British military patrol in Newry. In a separate incident there, a soldier was wounded in his foot.

The Londonderry rioting erupted in the Bogside district, a predominantly Catholic area, after a funeral attended by about 1,000 persons. The crowd hurled stones at army vehicles and troops, and soldiers retaliated with rubber bullets and CS nausea gas. There were no immediate reports of casualties.

The violence in Londonderry, this British province's second largest city, followed the funeral of Annette McCavigan, 14, who died Monday in a crossfire between British soldiers and snipers. She was the 100th fatality in the two years since the first clash in Londonderry between British troops and dissidents, and she was the 68th person to die this year in Northern Ireland.

Four major army units were deployed in and around London-

(Continued on Page 2, Col. 1)

Britain, Malta Deadlocked On Base Use

LONDON, Sept. 8 (AP).—Britain and Malta appeared tonight to be stalemated in their row over continued use of the Mediterranean island's bases by the North Atlantic Treaty Organization.

Officials of the two countries, who have been bargaining for weeks on new terms, disclosed three quick developments:

● The British yesterday raised the NATO "rental" offer by about $3 million to nearly $24 million a year for the continued use of Maltese air, land and docking facilities. This represents about one-third of Prime Minister Dom Mintoff's initial asking price.

● The Mintoff government responded immediately by saying it would bar duty-free fuel from reaching foreign forces based on the island. Royal Navy headquarters here reacted by saying "this measure will not affect the operational capacity of our ships."

● The British government canceled a visit by two warships to Malta for the island's National Day celebrations.

Britain's High Commissioner in Valletta, Sir Duncan Watson, was ordered urgently today to find out just what the Maltese meant in saying foreign forces no longer could count on duty-free fuel.

If the Royal Navy had to pay normal commercial prices for the fuel it stores in the island it would be unable to carry on economically for long. The Royal Air Force units in the island also would be crippled economically.

The British are saying privately they think the latest offer to Malta is fair. About 70 percent represents contributions from the United States, West Germany and Italy, and the rest from this country. In addition the British maintain that the Maltese economy will gain a lot from foreign-force spending in their country. But Mr. Mintoff seems to be unimpressed and has hinted that a government might talk with the Soviet Union if bargaining with the British breaks down.

● British Labor party leader Harold Wilson offers 12-point plan for peace in Ulster. Page 2.

Parliament Dissolved In Egypt

Vote Is Saturday On Constitution

CAIRO, Sept. 8 (UPI).—President Anwar Sadat dissolved the nation's parliament today and put the finishing touches to a draft constitution that guarantees the equality of women, individual and public freedoms and supremacy of the law.

A government spokesman said the constitution will be submitted to a referendum Saturday by Egypt's eight million voters and a new People's Council (parliament) will be elected Oct. 27. It will hold its first session Nov. 11.

The dissolution of parliament and the promulgation of a permanent constitution are part of a political reorganization plan launched by Mr. Sadat after he ousted his political opponents last May.

The plan also included elections to reshape the Arab Socialist Union—Egypt's sole political party—last July.

Mr. Sadat presided at a meeting of the 230-strong central committee of the Arab Socialist Union to complete work on the 193-article constitution to replace a provisional one.

First Since 1923

Officials said it will be the nation's first permanent constitution since 1923.

It provides for the principles of governing Egypt with special emphasis on individual and public freedoms and the law.

The first article says: "The Arab Republic of Egypt [the nation's new name following federation with Syria and Libya] is a socialist democracy founded on the alliance of the people's working forces. The Egyptian people are part of the Arab nation and seek total unity."

It gives women "equal rights with men in the political, social, cultural and economic spheres, without violating the provisions of Islamic jurisprudence."

Islam will be the nation's religion. "The economy of the Arab Republic of Egypt is socialism aimed at removing all class distinctions and barriers."

Farmers and workers will have 50 percent of the seats in the legislature and all popular organizations.

Another article said, "The state is to preserve the genuine character of the Egyptian family, preserve traditions and develop relations within Egyptian society."

Individual Rights

Homes can be searched only with a court order and "a defendant is considered innocent until proven guilty. The state guarantees free defense counsel for those financially handicapped."

Citizens can "meet privately, quietly and unarmed" but "it is forbidden to form societies with activities contrary to the social system or those of a secret or military character."

Mr. Sadat said he is urging the people to say "yes" to the constitution "because this will be the starting point for the great achievements awaiting us.

"We will have to turn the defeat we suffered in 1967 into a springboard for rebuilding Egypt—Egypt which must triumph no matter what the sacrifices," he said at the seven-hour meeting of the committee.

IN THE FACE OF DEATH—One of the eight men *publicly* executed yesterday in Lagos laughing with priest.



UPI

Lagos Executes 8 as 100,000 Watch

LAGOS, Nigeria, Sept. 8 (UPI).—A crowd estimated by police at nearly 100,000 watched the execution by firing squad today of eight Nigerians, seven of whom were sentenced to death by a special tribunal for armed robberies. The eighth was convicted of stealing a car. The tribunal found seven of the men guilty of stealing ($23,000) from a factory near Lagos, on March 27. A policeman was shot and killed during the robbery.

Death Becomes a Spectator Sport

By Larry Heinzerling

LAGOS, Nigeria (AP).—The moment the booing, hissing crowd had been waiting for at Port Harcourt's Recreation Club grounds finally arrived.

"Ready!" shouted a smartly dressed army officer waving his swagger stick. People in the crowd shuffled as the firing squad aimed at six terrified men tied to oil drums several yards away. "Fire!"

The crack of rifle shots sounded and tens of thousands of Nigerians roared their approval of the latest public execution of convicted armed robbers.

That was typical of the many recent executions across the country—grisly events fast becoming this West African nation's most popular spectator sport.

Some 75 convicted armed thieves have been shot in Nigeria since the military government decreed death for them a year ago in a get-tough policy toward violent crime.

A soaring crime rate has plagued Nigeria ever since the 30-month civil war ended in January, 1970. A war-torn nation suddenly at peace found itself at the mercy of armed soldiers from both sides who turned to robbery for a living.

Widespread poverty coupled with unemploy-

(Continued on Page 2, Col. 4)

Before House Ways and Means Unit

Connally Urges Action on Nixon Tax Plan

By Robert Siner

WASHINGTON, Sept. 8 (IHT).—Treasury Secretary John B. Connally opened the administration's campaign for passage of the tax portion of President Nixon's new economic program before the House Ways and Means Committee today, urging Congress to pass the tax package without change.

However, the committee chairman, Wilbur D. Mills, D., Ark., almost immediately suggested that it be altered to provide up to $1 billion in extra tax relief for individuals.

As the hearing began, the treasury secretary defended the program, especially the proposed re-institution of the investment tax credit, against the charge that it is heavily biased to favor industry over the individual taxpayer.

Mr. Connally insisted that the proposals did not amount to a "bonanza for business." He told the committee that "the point to emphasize is the job-creating impact of the President's program."

Using as an example the auto industry, which he said accounted for one of every 10 jobs in the country, the treasury secretary said that the tax credit, combined with the proposed repeal of the 7 percent excise tax on automobiles and the 10 percent surcharge on imports, could lead to the sale of 600,000 more domestic cars. This, he told the panel, would provide 150,000 new jobs.

In addition to the investment tax credit and the repeal of the auto excise tax, the President's package includes a speedup of some income tax cuts scheduled for 1973 and relief for U.S. importers through a system of subsidies for overseas trade.

Critics of the program say that the tax-cut speedup will provide a $2.2-billion cut to be offset by a scheduled $3-billion increase in Social Security taxes, while industry will get over $4 billion in relief from the investment credit.

But he told the panel that tax relief for individuals would really be about $7 billion including the income tax cut due in January, the proposed speedup and the

(Continued on Page 2, Col. 6)

U.S. Aide Charged in Embassy Death

WASHINGTON, Sept. 8 (Reuters).—A United States diplomat has been charged with the murder of a colleague who was found dead in the American Embassy in Santa Isabel, Equatorial Guinea, the U.S. attorney's office in Alexandria, Va., announced today.

The diplomat, Alfred Erdos, is in a Washington hospital after reportedly suffering a nervous breakdown. He is charged with the murder of Donald Leahy, security officer at the embassy, on or about Aug. 8.

Mr. Erdos, 46, returned to the United States last weekend. The murder complaint was served after he landed at Dulles Airport.

Mr. Erdos and the body of Mr. Leahy, 47, were found in the embassy on Aug. 30 after U.S. officials went to Equatorial Guinea from Cameroon to investigate confusing reports.

U.S. and Russia Take Steps to Ease Tensions

'Hotline' Link To Be Improved With Satellites

By Michael Getler

WASHINGTON, Sept. 8 (WP).—The United States and the Soviet Union have reached an initial agreement to replace the relatively slow, teletype-style Washington-Moscow "hotline" with communications satellites able to provide a virtually instantaneous link between the two capitals.

Diplomatic sources say the agreement, which must be formally approved, was worked out by U.S. and Soviet communications experts in Helsinki as an adjunct to the strategic arms limitations talks being held there by the two superpowers.

The discussions on modernizing the hotline got under way last April. The idea is to make the system faster and less vulnerable to accidental breakdown or eavesdropping.

The existing hotline runs through a cable under the Atlantic, through several switching centers in Europe, and through landlines in both countries. On at least one occasion, the lines were inadvertently cut by a farmer's plow.

The new system, according to informed sources, will make use, at least initially, of existing communications satellite systems already placed in orbit by both countries.

Sources say that it will probably take several months after formal ratification of the agreement to install the necessary ground stations and to set up the space link.

The current hotline was set up after the 1962 Cuban missile crisis when it was found that the communications channels available between the Kremlin and the White House were far too slow for an age of ocean-spanning ballistic missiles.

The line, which is kept open constantly and tested hourly, went into operation Aug. 30, 1963. It has been used only once since then, as Pentagon officials have said earlier, and that was during the 1967 Arab-Israeli crisis. The existing line, however, transmits only about 60 words a minute.

Moscow Talks Set on Avoiding Sea Collisions

By Tad Szulc

WASHINGTON, Sept. 8 (NYT).—The United States and the Soviet Union will open high-level discussions in Moscow next month on how to reduce frictions resulting from the proximity of their respective warships and aircraft on and above international waters.

The agreement to hold the first round of the talks on Oct. 12 was announced today by a State Department spokesman, Charles W. Bray 3d, who said the conference was designed to find ways of avoiding incidents at sea between American and Soviet naval units.

Mr. Bray subsequently said the Moscow agenda would also include the problems of overflights of ships by aircraft from the other side, the "shadowing" of each other's ships, and the frequent Soviet practice of "mingling" their electronically-equipped trawlers with U.S. naval formations.

He said that this would be the first time since World War II that the United States and the Soviet Union will sit down together to reduce military frictions caused by the nearness of their armed forces at various points in the world.

Soviet Acceptance

Other American officials said the Moscow talks would be the result of the recent Soviet acceptance of a proposal first made by the procedures aimed at avoiding high-seas incidents.

Officials said that Moscow actually replied to the American proposal last Nov. 10, but that preliminary discussions leading to the agreement to hold a meeting "simmered" for the next nine months.

The U.S. delegation, Mr. Bray said, will be headed by the Under Secretary of the Navy John W. Warner.

The Soviet delegation, according to Mr. Bray, will be led by Vladimir A. Kasatonov, the first deputy commander-in-chief of Soviet naval forces.

Scheel to Meet Gromyko

Brandt to Consult West Allies Before Parley With Russians

BONN, Sept. 8 (Reuters).—Chancellor Willy Brandt will consult with West Germany's three major Western allies about the subjects likely to be discussed during his impending visit to the Soviet Union, a government spokesman said today.

The spokesman said that Mr. Brandt did not, however, inform the allies of his surprise visit until after he had accepted the Soviet invitation.

Informed sources said the invitation was issued after the United States, Britain, France and the Soviet Union signed the Berlin agreement last Friday. It was accepted two days ago and political sources in Bonn expect the visit to take place during this month.

The speed of Russian diplomacy in recent weeks, culminating in the sudden conclusion of the Berlin agreement on what are generally regarded by the West as favorable terms, now followed by an immediate invitation to Mr. Brandt, is viewed by political observers here as a sign that Moscow is in a hurry to put its relations with the West on a better footing.

No time or place has been fixed for the Brandt talks with Soviet leaders, but informed Soviet sources in Moscow said they will possibly take place at a summer resort on the Black Sea.

The U.S. Ambassador to Bonn, Kenneth Rush, one of the four signatories of last Friday's agreement, said here today that Mr. Brandt's visit comes at a most favorable moment. In a newspaper interview he said he expected considerable activity in the field of East-West relations as a result of the Berlin agreement.

Foreign Minister Walter Scheel will also be going to the Soviet Union independently in the near future, in addition to meeting Soviet Foreign Minister Andrei A. Gromyko at the United Nations in New York at the end of September.

Moscow has also invited the parliamentary floor leader of the opposition Christian Democratic party in Bonn, Rainer Barzel, to visit the Soviet Union and he has accepted.

Mr. Barzel is strongly considered as a possible head of a Christian Democratic government in Bonn if Mr. Brandt's coalition were to be defeated.

JAMES RESTON

There is a clear trend among nations toward some kind of new world order which none of them can define...

LONDON, Sept. 8 (NYT).—The clearest trend among the nations today is toward some kind of new world order which none of them can define.

In the words of the old song, they don't know where they're going but they're on their way.

Seldom in recent years has there been so much diplomatic activity as there is now, most of it obviously directed at influencing the course of this trend. Both President Nixon and Premier Alexei N. Kosygin of the Soviet Union have scheduled official visits to Canada, and of course Mr. Nixon is planning to visit Peking before May. Meanwhile, Chancellor Willy Brandt of West Germany is going to the Soviet Union, and the three top Soviet leaders have scheduled trips to France, Yugoslavia, Norway, Denmark and North Vietnam in the next three months.

Officials all across the world are talking vaguely about coming changes, and about what they regard as a greater willingness on the part of the major nations to adjust to the new realities and limitations of military, political and economic power.

For example:

● The Soviet Union, while building its naval power and expanding its influence in the Middle East and the Mediterranean, has finally compromised on Berlin, hoping for a European security conference that will legalize its World War II conquests and confirm the division of Germany in a divided Europe.

● The United States is withdrawing from Indochina, cutting its direct military commitments elsewhere and moving to defend the dollar and persuade the rest of the non-Communist world to take a larger share in the defense of Europe and Asia and the development of the poorer nations.

● China is breaking out of its political isolation, bidding for an unchallenged seat in the United Nations, and negotiating with the United States, while denouncing Washington as an imperialistic and expansionist power center.

● Japan is having its doubts about the United States alliance, increasing its defensive military power and moving in an atmosphere of domestic political crisis toward the normalization of diplomatic relations with Peking.

● Britain is slowly but almost certainly moving toward membership in the European Economic Community, with the support of West Germany, which started this policy of compromise with Moscow and Eastern Europe, and even with the support of France, which has modified the anti-American and anti-British policies of Charles de Gaulle.

● Finally, even in the Middle East there is a cease-fire between the Arab states and Israel and the process of negotiation, though glacially slow, goes on.

Mr. Reston, New York Times vice-president and columnist, is in London after visits to mainland China and Japan. This is a special report. His regular column appears on Page 6.

In short, while nothing fundamental has been changed, while there are ugly and dangerous confrontations along the Soviet-Chinese and Indian-Pakistani frontiers, and while the monetary and trade relations between the nations are out of balance, it is clear that the nations are in movement again toward some kind of new relationship.

This, at least, is the theme this reporter has been hearing from thoughtful officials and other observers of world affairs in a long journey from Washington to Tokyo, Peking and London. Nobody is saying we are on the verge of a new world order, but the idea seems to be getting around that even the most influential nations cannot always do what they like without unacceptable risks.

In Peking, officials keep talking about the dangers of "the two superpowers" trying to impose their will on the rest of the world, but the fact is that, with the increasing influence of China and Japan and the increasing unity of Europe, Moscow's authority in the Communist world and Washington's in the non-Communist world are decreasing.

U.S. Moral Authority

In fact, the outlook is that the United States, whose moral authority has clearly been weakened by its adventures in Southeast Asia and its economic and social divisions at home, will have more trouble even with its close allies in Canada, Japan and Europe, and that the Soviet Union, challenged by China for the ideological leadership of the Communist nations, will have to face more dissent in Eastern Europe and even among the increasingly disillusioned rising generation at home.

On the whole, all this is regarded as evidence of positive change, but there is a lot of uncertainty in the world today about where the United States is going. Not only our friends in London and Tokyo, who have stood by both Presidents Johnson and Nixon on Vietnam policy, but even officials in our own embassies keep wondering whether the social and economic pressures within the United States are going to handicap American leadership in the world or even lead to some limited form of American isolationism.

Nuclear Arms Issue

This, of course, has always been a nightmare in Britain and to a lesser extent in Western Europe, but it is also spreading to Japan, and feeding the arguments of those who say that Europe and Japan must begin to think about having their own nuclear arms, and this in turn increases anxiety in both Moscow and Peking.

The Japanese, especially, are beginning to worry about the future, for while they don't particularly like the idea of relying on the United States for the security of their islands, they like even less the idea of having

(Continued on Page 2, Col. 7)

12-Point Ulster Peace Plan

Wilson Asks Curbs on the Stormont

From Wire Dispatches

LONDON, Sept. 8.—Labor party leader Harold Wilson tonight announced a 12-point peace plan for Northern Ireland in a speech in which he also attacked internment without trial.

The chief of the British opposition party urged the naming of a British minister responsible for Northern Ireland affairs, the creation of a joint commission of British and Northern Irish legislators to examine and advise on all legislation proposed by the Northern Ireland Parliament, and formation of an all-Ireland council, representing Belfast and Dublin Parliaments.

The former prime minister said that the army's position in Northern Ireland had been undermined by the imposition last month of the policy of interning without trial suspected members of the outlawed Irish Republican Army.

"IRA suspects are one thing. But internment went far beyond those held to be involved in violence," Mr. Wilson said. "There is strong evidence to suggest a heavy political bias in the selection of those to be interned."

The Wilson proposals—which he said would make it easier for Northern Ireland Catholics to take part in peace talks planned by Home Secretary Reginald Maudling—would severely curtail the autonomy of the Protestant-dominated government of Northern Irish Prime Minister Brian Faulkner.

They would amount to a form of control of Northern Ireland from London, for the joint commission would, in effect, have veto power over the provincial Parliament, the Stormont.

Mr. Wilson also called for enlargement of the Stormont, in which Catholic interests would have greater representation. The enlarged provincial Parliament would choose the Northern Irish delegates to the joint commission.

He also proposed that future Ulster elections be conducted on the proportional-representation system, and that other measures be instituted to give Ulster's Catholic minority—500,000 persons, compared with one million Protestants—the equality and freedom from discrimination it now feels subjected to.

The Labor party chief also called for confiscation of all firearms in private hands in Northern Ireland.

Making his proposals in a speech at Welwyn Garden, England, Mr. Wilson also demanded the recall of the British Parliament.

He said internment was "a political decision cooked up between Mr. Heath (the British Prime Minister) and Mr. Faulkner ... and timed for action three days after the Commons was adjourned."

Talks Next Week

Here in London, Mr. Maudling said he plans to begin talks next week with the Northern Irish government and with representatives of the Protestant majority and the Catholic minority in the province.

Mr. Maudling said that before the talks, "all concerned should agree that there can be no support or tolerance of violence and that civil disobedience should be discouraged."

But the two major opposition groups in Northern Ireland, the Social Democratic and Labor party and the Catholic-dominated Northern Ireland Civil Rights Association, threw cold water on the talks' prospects, saying they wouldn't participate while internees were still held. Militant civil rights leader Bernadette Devlin, a member of the British Parliament, commented: "The talks stand no chance of getting off the ground."

In Dublin today, Irish Republic Premier Jack Lynch reversed his stand of yesterday and said that in the Anglo-Irish talks concluded yesterday, Prime Minister Heath had, in fact, proposed a three-sided summit involving the Irish premier, Mr. Heath and Mr. Faulkner. Mr. Lynch said he was "ready to consider this seriously because of the continuing grave situation" in Northern Ireland.

Ulster Fears Rise in Violence As IRA Cease-Fire Expires

(Continued from Page 1)

derry, on special alert, as a cortege took the child to her grave. After the burial, roaming bands attacked the troops.

A Londonderry court found two Northern Ireland members of Parliament guilty today of refusing to disperse from an assembly and fined them £20 each.

John Hume and Ivan Cooper, both civil rights leaders, were arrested last month during an incident in the Bogside area. Three other men also were arrested at the same time and similarly fined today.

A spokesman for the official branch of the IRA, in blaming the militant wing for the violence, said, "It indicates the extent of the lack of control and discipline that exists in the provisional organization."

"This is a question of stunting by the leadership and stunting by its members," he added. "They just do not know what they are about. We had nothing whatsoever to do with the bombings."

Gen. Sir Michael Carver, chief of Britain's general staff, flew from London last night for talks with officers commanding the British troops in Ulster.

Gen. Carver's mission was to examine ways of increasing security along the 260-mile border with the Irish Republic, sources said.

[Civilians working at army bases in Ulster were warned, meanwhile, that they could become the next target for the IRA's provisional wing, the Associated Press reported. William Kendall, general secretary of the Civil and Public Services Association—a British trade union—said the warning reached him in a letter sent by the provisionals. The union has 500 members working in British Defense Ministry establishments in Northern Ireland, the AP said.]

The Catholic Ex-Servicemen's Association said in Belfast that more than 10,000 Catholic veterans are prepared to form into a new armed force to protect minority Catholics in Ulster.

The force would offer them protection "from extreme Protestants," an association statement said.

The association said it supported the British Army in Ulster, "but it (the army) is not giving Roman Catholic people proper protection."

"If the lives and homes of Roman Catholic people were in danger, we would accept help from any quarter," the association said. "The IRA would help."

A second spate of rioting in Londonderry broke out tonight minutes after civil-rights crusader Bernadette Devlin had urged an end to sectarian violence in the province.

About 1,000 persons, mostly Catholics, heard Miss Devlin call on Protestant and Catholic workers to unite, saying: "Our enemy is the state." When she finished, they swarmed out of the city center toward the mainly Catholic Bogside area and were confronted by British troops in armored cars.

The crowd began throwing stones and the soldiers replied with rubber bullets and CS gas. Later, gunfire was heard in Bogside.

Libya Frees Jordanian Jet Hijacked by Arab Guerrilla

From Wire Dispatches

AMMAN, Sept. 8.—A Palestinian guerrilla seized a Royal Jordanian airliner during a flight from Beirut to Amman today and forced the plane to land at Benina Airport in Benghazi, Libya, a detour of about 1,000 miles.

The Caravelle jet, carrying 47 passengers and a crew of 10, spent about 1 1/2 hours on the ground at Benghazi, during which time the hijacker disembarked. It was then allowed to take off and arrived safely tonight in Amman where King Hussein was on hand for the landing.

The hijacker was identified as Lt. Mohammad Gabr by airline sources. He is said to be a follower of Abu Ali Iyad, a guerrilla leader who fought government troops in northern Jordan for two weeks in July before he was killed. Lt. Gabr is wanted in Jordan and was sentenced to death in absentia.

The Beirut-Amman run has included a stop in Cairo since Syrian air space has been closed to Jordanian flights. The hijacker took a hand grenade from his clothes while flying through Egyptian air space, the sources said, removed the safety pin and ordered the pilot to proceed to Benghazi, Libya's second largest city.

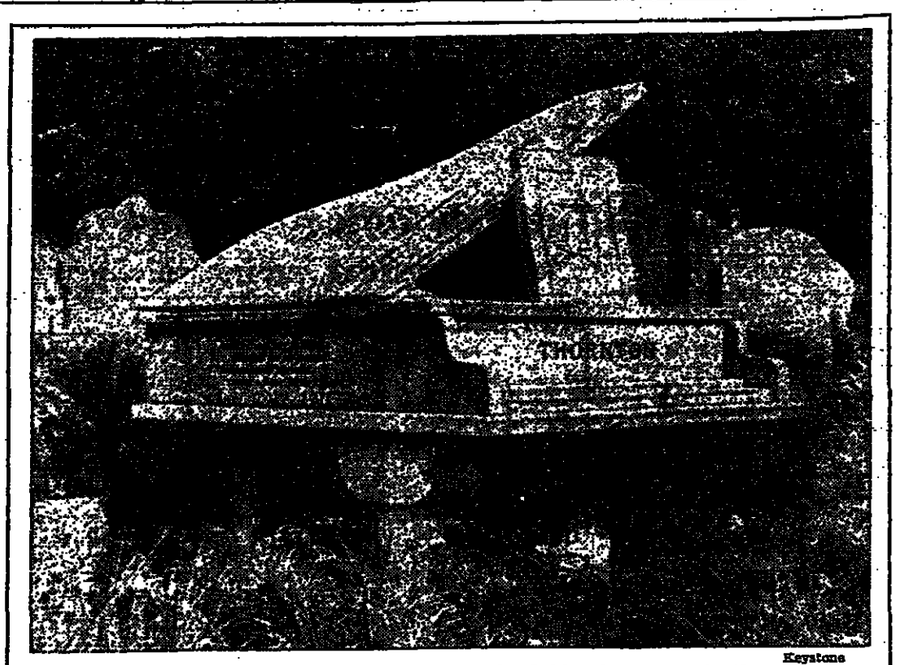
A correspondent for Reuters news agency who was aboard the flight, Khader Nassar, said the man shouted in Arabic, "I am a fedayeen (commando) belonging to the Abu Iyad suicide squad." He forced his way into the cockpit and made the pilot fly to Libya.

The plane was surrounded by Libyan troops when it landed and Mr. Nassar said it was immediately boarded by a Libyan lieutenant, four policemen with submachine guns and two officials.

The hijacker shouted "I have orders to blow up the plane" after evacuating the passengers, but Libyan authorities refused the request and allowed the plane to refuel and return to Amman.

Dominican Flood Toll 12

SANTO DOMINGO, Dominican Republic, Sept. 8 (AP).—Floods have left at least 12 persons dead in the small town of La Culata, 100 miles from this capital city.



Keystone

MYSTERY MARKER—Who was Harry Thornton? Keystone reports that nothing is known of him except for his piano gravestone in Highgate Cemetery north of London. It bears the inscription "In memory of my husband Harry Thornton, 35, a genius, who died Oct. 19, 1918," and a couplet attributed to Puccini.

General Election Demanded

Britain's Trade Unions Vote Overwhelmingly Against EEC

BLACKPOOL, England, Sept. 8 (Reuters). — Britain's Trades Union Congress voted overwhelmingly today against British entry into the European Economic Community and demanded a general election before any decision is taken.

The vote, which had been generally expected, came at the annual convention of the TUC, whose member unions embrace about 10 million British workers.

Delegates approved a resolution rejecting market entry on the terms obtained by the Conservative government. The show of hands was so convincing that the platform decided not to call for a count.

The Congress threw out a resolution by the Clerical and Administrative Workers' Union urging Britain to join the market. The clerical union was one of the few pro-market voices raised in the debate.

TUC general secretary Vic Feather opened up the anti-market attack by declaring that Britain had surrendered to French demands in the negotiations. "No wonder President Pompidou smiles," Mr. Feather said. "No wonder he begins to look every day more and more like the Mona Lisa."

The anti-market resolution was moved by Jack Jones, head of Britain's biggest union, the Transport and General Workers.

"The government has no right to foist upon Britain and all-embracing and irrevocable change without putting the matter to the test of public opinion," Mr. Jones said.

He declared that the market countries' rate of growth had fallen since they joined together. Prices in Britain, Mr. Jones went on, would shoot up and employers would not grant comparable wage increases.

"We are in great danger, if we go in, that Britain could become the Northern Ireland of Europe," Mr. Jones said.

The head of the Boilermakers' Society, Dan McGarvey, said the countries with the highest standard of living in Europe, Sweden and Switzerland, would remain outside the market.

Other objections poured in.

"Our conception of a little Europe remains a cold war conception," said Richard Briginshaw, general secretary of Britain's biggest printing union.

Ken Gill of the Draughtsmen's Union said: "The wage earner would be free to wander over Europe like gypsies looking for work."

In Bexley, England, meanwhile, shouts of "traitor" and "fascist" were hurled at Prime Minister Edward Heath tonight as he tried to tell a meeting here of benefits to Britain in joining the Common Market. Bexley, Mr. Heath's parliamentary constituency, is on the outskirts of London.

As Mr. Heath outlined the history of the economic community and a heckler shouted "It will be an act of treason if we join," another member of the audience roared at the prime minister, "The man is a traitor."

Several times, Mr. Heath snapped back at the hecklers, telling them "You are the fainthearts."

The uproar continued with yells of "coward" and "liar." Plainclothes police were in the audience of 200, but nobody was ejected.

Pope Prays For Synod

SUBIACO, Italy, Sept. 8 (AP). —Pope Paul VI, saying he wanted to "enjoy a moment of this blessed atmosphere," prayed in a grotto of this hill town today for the success of the forthcoming world synod of bishops.

The Pope called for prayers in "this important moment" for the Roman Catholic Church.

The 73-year-old Pope was driven to Subiaco, 30 miles southeast of Rome, from his summer residence of Castelgandolfo. He visited the 13th-century hillside Benedictine monastery and went below to pray in the grotto where St. Benedict lived as a hermit for three years in the fifth century.

Nigeria's Public Executions: Death Is a Spectator Sport

(Continued from Page 1)

ment, skyrocketing prices and corruption of police officials have made crime epidemic. But what worries some Nigerians more than the growing police files are the dehumanizing effects that the mass executions are having on the thousands of enthusiastic citizens who flock to witness them.

The "shoot-ins," as one disgusted Nigerian attorney called them in an interview, are usually staged on Saturdays in major urban centers such as Lagos, Ibadan, Enugu, Port Harcourt and Benin, attracting average crowds of over 30,000, according to local press reports.

They have an almost festive atmosphere about them, with youngsters scrambling for strategic views while their parents haggle with women doing a boom business hawking soft drinks, nuts, fruit and other refreshments.

Stampede of Zealots

Witnesses say some people were almost trampled to death in Lagos earlier this year when thousands stampeded down the street to Bar Beach, anxious not to miss the execution of three men. Some simply abandoned their cars in the crush, creating the largest traffic jam Lagos police can remember.

One newspaper has hailed these mass turnouts, thanking the public, "which never fails to turn up in the thousands to watch the firing squad squeezing the life out of the enemies of peace and progress."

It has even been suggested that admission fees should be charged to bolster the public coffers, and several columnists think the death penalty ought to be extended to officials convicted of corruption, an idea not likely to be acted upon soon.

There is little public opposition to the executions, although one of the country's most respected newspapers, the New Nigerian, has condemned them as "nothing more than savage spectacles fit for Rome in 70 B.C."

Lawyers Muted

There is smoldering opposition in Lagos's large legal community but it has not surfaced to challenge the military government's law-enforcement program. Lawyers say privately that the executions are "deplorable" and one said they "show the government's failure to maintain law and order."

Particularly galling to some attorneys is the absence of any appeal procedure once a man has been condemned by one of the state Military Armed Robbery Tribunals.

There are also doubts whether death is an appropriate punishment for a man who steals the equivalent of $14 armed with a club, as was the case recently.

Tax Package Is Pressed By Connally

(Continued from Page 1)

savings from the repeal of the auto excise tax.

He said that this would more than offset the Social Security tax rise while providing "a powerful stimulus for business activities."

Mr. Connally argued that "this business of business benefits versus individual benefits must be put in perspective; they are not separable."

He added that in recent years tax changes have resulted in a reduction of almost $34 billion in individual income tax payments, but only in a $1 billion reduction for industry.

He also defended the refusal of the administration to put some type of ceiling on profits as part of the wage-price freeze.

He noted that business profits, measured as a percentage of the gross national product, were lower than at any time since 1938.

During the last five years, he told the panel, profits have dropped $9 billion while wages and salaries have risen $147 billion.

Mr. Connally urged Congress to pass the program unchanged and swiftly, saying this was essential if the plan were to have maximum success.

But Mr. Mills, who has generally approved of the Nixon program, told Mr. Connally that he thought "there is need for some additional incentive to individuals to buy more."

He suggested that the standard deduction for taxpayers at the lower end of the income scale be increased. He said that this would result in more extra spending than increasing the present deduction for everyone, since deductions for upper-income taxpayers could go into savings.

Rep. John W. Byrnes of Wisconsin, ranking Republican on the committee, noted that an investment tax credit had been approved by Congress during the Vietnam War buildup and then repealed in 1969. He said he was "worried about this on-again, off-again, yo-yo situation," and said it made administration difficult and confused businessmen.

Permanent Plan

Mr. Connally said the 10 percent credit, which would apply to equipment ordered before Aug. 16, 1972, was regarded as a temporary measure. The 5 percent credit that would then take effect, Mr. Connally said, would be "a permanent part of the tax structure."

Mr. Byrnes said tying laws to specific dates puts pressure on businesses to get orders in. "Every time you have a deadline in tax law you have trouble," he said.

But Mr. Connally said the two-tier system was essential. "It's going to be complex ... but we can cope with it," he said. "If you just make a flat rate [for investment credit] you are going to lose the immediate impact and job stimulation," he said.

In answer to other questions, Mr. Connally conceded that the budget deficit for fiscal 1973 could reach $28 billion, exceeding the $23 billion deficit for fiscal 1972, which ended July 1.

The treasury secretary was the first of the administration's witnesses before the committee, which expects to meet for about two weeks on the tax program.

Tomorrow, the director of the Office of Management and the Budget, George P. Shultz, will testify. In addition, President Nixon will address a joint session of Congress at noon tomorrow to press for quick approval of his program.

France Raises Pay

PARIS, Sept. 8 (AP). — The French government decided today to raise the salaries of all of its civil and military employees by 3.8 percent as of Oct. 1. The raise brought to 6 percent their total pay increase this year, virtually the same as the cost-of-living rise.

JAMES RESTON

(Continued from Page 1)

to face the two nuclear powers of China and the Soviet Union without an American nuclear defense or one of their own.

Even here in Britain one hears questions about whether the Atlantic allies will be able to count on Washington's nuclear power if the United States turns inward and begins thinking about the growing European Economic Community as a trade competitor instead of as an ally.

For the time being, even Mr. Nixon's dramatic move toward the normalization of relations with China is complicating Washington's relations with both Moscow and Tokyo. It is a paradox that this most positive foreign policy decision of his administration should be giving him trouble, but it is.

Suspicion in Moscow

For the move toward Peking, linked with Mr. Nixon's insistence on trying to keep Taiwan in the United Nations, has not been enough to allay the suspicions of the Peking government, but it has been more than enough to arouse intense suspicion in Moscow, and since it was followed by his economic measures against Japan's currency and exports, more than enough to create a political crisis in Tokyo.

In other capitals, officials have nothing but praise for Mr. Nixon's efforts to break the isolation of China. They have been convinced that this was not directed against the Soviet Union, or intended in any way to take sides in the Chinese-Soviet dispute. This view is shared by Premier Eisaku Sato of Japan, though he was embarrassed by not being consulted in advance, but Moscow seems to be taking a different view, and this could be a complicating factor in the trend toward an accommodation among the major powers.

For in the widest view of world politics, the two most critical questions, other than the avoidance of war, are the control of the world arms race and the control of the world monetary system, and the first of these depends in large measure on confidence between Washington and Moscow, and the second on confidence between Washington and Tokyo.

It is not likely, for example, that the United States-Soviet talks at Vienna and Helsinki on the control of strategic arms, now at a critical stage, will make the kind of progress that can reduce the cost of military arms in the world—now running at the rate of $215 billion a year—if Moscow thinks Mr. Nixon is conniving with Peking for a new alignment against the Soviet Union.

Nixon Goals Noted

Nor is it likely that the Soviet Union will cooperate in arranging a peace settlement in the Middle East so long as such suspicions exist. Mr. Nixon is well aware that his goals of a more stable order both at home and abroad depend on reduced military budgets and increased budgets for the economic aid to poor Americans and poor nations, but he has apparently not been able to persuade Moscow.

Accordingly, there is obviously some fence-mending to be done, not only with members of the Japanese cabinet on the economic and monetary problems in Washington this week, but also with the Soviet Union, if the trend toward more stability and interdependence is to be speeded up.

Officials here in London are fairly confident that this can be done. They point to the fact that Moscow went through with the compromise on Berlin, even after the Kissinger visit to Peking, and they do not think that Moscow, whatever its suspicions, wants more trouble with the United States on its European frontier when it has so much with China on its Asian frontier.

Trend Toward Cooperation

Besides, the trend toward more cooperation in world affairs is too powerful to be stopped by illusions in Moscow about Mr. Nixon's forthcoming visit to Peking. The nations are becoming a little less interested in settling their disputes by force of arms and a little more interested in cooperating in limited fields because it is in their selfish interests to do so.

They have to cooperate in the fields of world aviation, health, communications, environmental pollution, trade, finance, and drugs, for example, to avoid damage to their own people.

This is the fact that is very slowly making its way in the world as the capacity for mutual destruction increases. The philosophers have known this for generations and even centuries, but there is now quite a lot of evidence around that governments are gradually adjusting to this basic reality.

China to Restore U.S. Wire Link After 3 Years

NEW YORK, Sept. 8 (AP).—Mainland China has agreed to restore direct telegraph service with the United States after a three-year interruption, RCA Global Communications, Inc., announced yesterday.

RCA said it asked the Chinese government for restoration of the service between Shanghai and San Francisco in July after President Nixon announced plans to visit Peking by May of next year.

An RCA spokesman said the company expected to start receiving telegrams and photographs at its San Francisco terminal when details can be worked out.

China Sending Trade Minister To France on 10-Day Visit

By James Goldsborough

PARIS, Sept. 8 (IHT).—Chinese Foreign Trade Minister Pai Hsiang-kuo will arrive here Sept. 28 for a 10-day visit, the French government announced today. It will be the first official Chinese delegation to visit Western Europe since the cultural revolution, informed sources said.

Commenting on the recent increase in diplomatic contacts, Léo Hamon, the government spokesman, said after today's cabinet meeting that France was entering a period of "great activity" that would be emphasized by both increased international visits and international conferences—a veiled reference to the European security conference which France is now actively pushing.

The Pai visit will precede by about four weeks the visit here by Soviet party leader Leonid Brezhnev, which will be his first visit to the West since he succeeded Nikita S. Khrushchev. The French have now indicated that Mr. Brezhnev will be the only member of the Soviet "troika" coming, after having originally said that President Nikolai Podgorny would be accompanying him. In terms of protocol, Mr. Podgorny would have—embarrassingly—outranked Mr. Brezhnev.

The French are taking sufficient satisfaction in Mr. Brezhnev's choice of France for this first official Western visit to have made no comment today on yesterday's announcement that German Chancellor Willy Brandt will be going to Russia toward the end of this month, preceding Mr. Brezhnev's visit here.

The Brandt visit, which caught most people here by surprise, nevertheless was being interpreted as indicating the Russians' interest in close consultations with Bonn on the consequences of the Berlin agreement. Informed sources here also believe that Moscow wants to rally Mr. Brandt firmly behind the security conference idea, to which he has not been as hostile as the British or Americans, but which he has never openly championed.

The choice of Mr. Pai as the head of the Chinese delegation was the logical one, sources here said, even though the French had hoped for a higher-ranking figure. Mr. Pai has had contacts with various Westerners in Peking, and notably met Italian Trade Minister Mario Zagari during the latter's visit to Peking at the head of a 76-man Italian delegation in May. At the time Mr. Pai accepted an invitation to Rome.

The visits planned for the next few weeks here include Japanese Emperor Hirohito, Mr. Brezhnev and Indian Prime Minister Indira Gandhi. President Georges Pompidou will also go to Iran in October for the 2,500th anniversary of the Persian empire, and there is the possibility that he will meet with President Nixon, who accepted the Shah's invitation in 1969 to visit Iran, but never fixed a date. There are also rumors that Chinese Premier Chou En-lai could attend this celebration.

Finally, informed sources said today that Soviet Ambassador Valerian A. Zorin would likely leave his post here before the end of the month, that is, before the arrival of Mr. Brezhnev. The likely successor to Mr. Zorin, 68, who has been here more than six years, is Pyotr A. Abrasimov, who has been the Soviet ambassador to East Berlin and Soviet delegate in the Berlin talks.

U.S. Holiday Toll 896

CHICAGO, Sept. 8 (UPI).—At least 619 persons were killed in U.S. traffic accidents during the Labor Day weekend and the number of accidental deaths from all causes mounted to 896, a final count showed today.

WEATHER

	C	F	
ALGARVE	21	70	Partly cloudy
AMSTERDAM	23	73	Partly cloudy
ANKARA	17	63	Cloudy
ATHENS	23	73	Partly cloudy
BEIRUT	29	84	Partly cloudy
BELGRADE	14	57	Cloudy
BERLIN	18	64	Partly cloudy
BRUSSELS	22	72	Sunny
BUDAPEST	14	57	Showers
CAIRO	32	90	Sunny
CASABLANCA	24	75	Cloudy
COPENHAGEN	19	66	Partly cloudy
COSTA DEL SOL	26	79	Cloudy
DUBLIN	17	63	Cloudy
EDINBURGH	17	63	Cloudy
FLORENCE	26	79	Sunny
FRANKFURT	21	70	Partly cloudy
GENEVA	19	66	Sunny
HELSINKI	14	57	Partly cloudy
ISTANBUL	19	66	Partly cloudy
LAS PALMAS	23	73	Cloudy
LISBON	24	75	Cloudy
LONDON	23	73	Sunny
MADRID	26	79	Sunny
MILAN	24	75	Partly cloudy
MONTREAL	24	75	Cloudy
MOSCOW	8	46	Rain
MUNICH	16	61	Cloudy
NEW YORK	27	81	Sunny
NICE	24	75	Cloudy
OSLO	16	61	Partly cloudy
PARIS	24	75	Sunny
PRAGUE	14	57	Cloudy
ROME	23	73	Partly cloudy
SOFIA	13	55	Cloudy
STOCKHOLM	13	55	Cloudy
TEL AVIV	29	84	Partly cloudy
TUNIS	30	86	Sunny
VENICE	22	72	Cloudy
VIENNA	15	59	Cloudy
WARSAW	14	57	Cloudy
WASHINGTON	27	81	Cloudy
ZURICH	19	66	Partly cloudy

(U.S. Canadian temperatures taken at 1200 GMT, others at 1200 GMT)

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Show Crime Figures Differ

ewrites in Mitchell's Office
hange Slant in FBI Reports

By Fred P. Graham

ASHINGTON, Sept. 8 (NYT).
or the last year, the office of
rney General John N. Mit-
ll has been rewriting the
eral Bureau of Investigation's
rpretations of the nation's
ie statistics, which for four
ades had been within the sole
rol of J. Edgar Hoover.
s result of the interpreta-
placed on the crime situa-
by Mr. Mitchell's public rela-
staff, it has been made to
ar that the FBI believes that
crime rise that began under
emocratic administration al-
a decade ago is tapering off.
he figures, however, show that
ried crime is rising at about
same pace as before.
r. Mitchell's efforts with the
e figures are in line with the
n. administration's law-and-
r political strategy. President
n won office in 1968 on a
aign of criticism of the high
s rates under the Democrats,
led with promises to do bet-
There have been no indica-
that the administration will
un on a law-and-order plat-
again next year, and the
ts to find some improve-
in the crime statistics daze
at least to June 22, 1970.
e FBI has often been accused
resenting the crime figures
way that emphasizes the
increases, supposedly be-
this will justify larger FBI
ets. Other attorneys general
e Mr. Mitchell have tended
ress what good news could
und in the crime figures, as
say that Justice Department
ams were succeeding.
comments have come to light
rating how the attorney gen-
began last June to change
the interpretation placed on the crime figures, without altering the figures themselves, or omitting crucial statistics.

The FBI's Uniform Crime Reports are compilations of local police departments' statistics on crimes reported to them.

Ever since the bureau began releasing crime figures in 1933, Mr. Hoover, the director, has drafted the statements to explain the figures. This changed last June 22, when Mr. Hoover's office prepared a statement, under his letterhead, that characterized the statistics to be released that day as follows:

"For release Monday p.m., June 22, 1970—According to figures made available through the FBI's Uniform Crime Reports and released by Attorney General John N. Mitchell, serious crime in the United States continued its upward trend, recording a 13 percent rise nationally for the first three months in 1970 when compared to the same period in 1969."

The statement rewritten in Mr. Mitchell's office, and as it was actually issued under Mr. Hoover's letterhead, began as follows:

"For release Monday p.m., June 22, 1970—Attorney General John N. Mitchell announced today that the FBI's Uniform Crime Reports show that the rate of increase of violent crimes in the first three months of 1970 slowed by 7 percent in the major cities of the nation—and by 3 percent in the nation as a whole."

It was not until the third paragraph of Mr. Mitchell's release that it was disclosed that the statistics indicated crime had risen by 13 percent.

Since then, each release of FBI figures has revealed a difference in tone between the explanatory material written by the bureau and printed in the crime reports themselves, and the statement authorized by Mr. Mitchell and published under the FBI letterhead.

Difference in Emphasis

The bureau's explanation invariably stated how much reported crime had risen. Mr. Mitchell's accompanying statement began with a passage that explained how the crime rise had slowed in certain respects.

The difference between Mr. Hoover's view and Mr. Mitchell's view of the crime figure came into sharp focus last week, when the annual figures for 1970 were released. They showed that, in the two years since the Republicans took office, major crimes have risen from 4.4 million in 1968 to 5.5 million last year—a rise of 25 percent. The crime rate has also risen, but not as rapidly — from 2,385 major crimes per 100,000 U.S. residents in 1968 to 2,741 per 100,000 in 1970.

The explanatory material written by the FBI in the report said that crime increased by 11 percent in 1970 over 1969, and that it rose by 144 percent since 1960. "The risk of becoming a victim of crime in this country is increasing," it concluded, and population growth cannot alone account for the crime increases."

In issuing the report, Mr. Mitchell began his statement by saying: "Serious crime in the nation continued to increase in 1970," Attorney General John N. Mitchell announced today, but at a slower rate than in 1969. It marked the second year in a row that the crime statistics showed a tapering off of the sharp upward swing recorded during the mid-1960s.

Varying Reports

Some news reports said that crime was rising, others said that it was "tapering off," and others quoted Mr. Hoover as having said that the risk of being a crime victim was rising, and then quoted Mr. Mitchell's statement that the crime rise was slowing down.

Comparisons between the FBI's explanatory material and the press statements of past years make it clear that only in Mr. Mitchell's tenure has Mr. Hoover's copy been edited.

The volume of reported crime was 11 percent higher in 1970 than 1969, and 12 percent higher in 1969 than 1968, but this is a slower rate of increase than in 1968, when it rose 17 percent over 1967, and 1967, when it rose 16 percent over 1966.

Statisticians say that there is some validity in this kind of comparison, but that it also contains a built-in distortion because, as the volume grows, the rate of increase usually shrinks. They cite the following example: If there were one million crimes in 1958, two million crimes in 1969 and three million crimes in 1970, crime would have increased by 100 percent in 1969, but by only 50 percent in 1970. It could thus be said that the rate of crime increase had been cut in half in 1970.

Another point being made is that the actual volume of crime is down in a number of major cities. This has been accompanied by a rise in crime in the suburbs, so last year, while the volume of crime dropped in 22 cities of 250,000 in population or more, the national volume of reported crimes was up by more than half a million.

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SHINGTON, Sept. 8, (WP).
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all its ecological benefits,
a development could present
challenges to the nation's
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ge report warned.
cluding that a "baby bust"
replaced the post-World
"baby boom," the analysis
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Trade

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Art's Sake

OW, Sept. 8 (AP).—A
old artist from Tbilisi
graved the portrait of
an composer Alexan-
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said Paruir Arshakuni
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Associated Press.

MOVING ON—The last of 150 motorcyclists leaving Jenner, Calif., after a weekend which saw a cyclist and a tavern owner hospitalized with gunshot wounds.

To Forestall Disruption of Voting

Saigon Sweep Aimed at Infiltration

By Iver Peterson

SAIGON, Sept. 8 (NYT).—The South Vietnamese command announced today, somewhat grudgingly, that about 10,000 of their troops have launched a new attack on enemy infiltration routes in the country's northwestern corner.

The operation was officially begun Monday, the command said. The infantry, marine, ranger and armored cavalry units involved are scouring the rugged mountains of northern Quang Tri Province, just below the Demilitarized Zone (DMZ), to forestall what a spokesman for the Saigon command called "a new enemy high point" of attacks aimed at disrupting the Oct. 3 presidential voting.

No significant contact has been made with the enemy so far, the spokesman said.

The new sweep, called Operation Lam Son 810, will bring government troops to within 17 miles west of the Laotian border and almost up to the DMZ, the spokesman said.

Closest Since February

This is the closest South Vietnamese forces have come to the border with Laos since last February's incursion against the Ho Chi Minh Trail inside the Laotian panhandle.

Troop-carrying helicopters, artillery, air strikes and transportation of war supplies are being provided by U.S. forces, although no U.S. ground troops are participating.

However, U.S. infantrymen of the 101st Airborne Division, located to the south of the new operation, have reoccupied two combat bases previously assigned to Saigon troops in order to release them for the operation further north.

[U.S. helicopters carried nearly 2,000 South Vietnamese troops into the jungle near Khe Sanh today, United Press International reported. The troops reopened Fire Base Hope, five miles southeast of the city, and the Gates outpost, five miles northeast of Fire Base Hope. Ranger units also opened three landing zones northeast of Khe Sanh.

[Spokesmen at the operation's command post said that South Vietnamese armored vehicles pushing west yesterday ran into heavily mined sections of old U.S.-built dirt roads and three armored personel carriers were blown up, wounding three soldiers. A South Vietnamese M-41 tank and bulldozer were knocked out by mines today northeast of Khe Sanh, wounding two tankers, UPI reported.

[Yesterday, the U.S. Command said an Army OH-6 light observation helicopter was shot down in the Mekong Delta southwest of Saigon and two crewmen were killed. B-52 bombers continued their pounding of suspected North Vietnamese positions around Khe Sanh, dropping more than 1.2 million pounds of bombs, UPI reported.]

Yesterday, some news agencies disclosed that the operation was under way and estimated South Vietnamese forces at about 20,000 men.

When asked if the command believed the new operation's effectiveness had been compromised by the disclosure of the operation, the spokesman replied, "That is exactly what we mean."

Quang Tri, South Vietnam's northernmost province, has been the country's principal battle field for the last year, with continuing pressure from North Vietnamese infiltrators constantly threatening the coastal lowlands around the city of Hué.

Although the spokesman today said the new sweep was intended to prevent disruption of next month's presidential election, in which President Nguyen Van Thieu is running alone, the allies have long admitted that the enemy has a longer-range objective in Quang Tri Province, aimed at the populous coastal area to the east.

U.S. Forces in 2 Viet Actions Conducting 'Active Defense'

By George Esper

SAIGON, Sept. 8 (AP).—Despite President Nixon's declaration one month ago that U.S. forces in Vietnam are in defensive positions, they are actively engaged in two offensive operations in the northern quarter of Vietnam.

The U.S. Command, however, does not acknowledge the term "offensive" in its military lexicon these days.

"Active defense is what we're conducting," says Col. Phillips H. Stevens, a spokesman for Gen. Creighton W. Abrams. "A passive defense is sitting and waiting for something to happen."

The Nixon administration's proclamation is for public consumption and thus the U.S. Command and Gen. Abrams are stuck with it, even though it is not realistic.

While U.S. offensive operations have been cut drastically in number and size, there have been instances where American forces have been sent in to bail out faltering South Vietnamese troops.

A Contradiction

Such moves contradict the Nixon administration's and the U.S. Command's contention that American forces are patrolling only to the degree of maintaining close-in security for U.S. bases.

One little-publicized operation currently under way is about 30 miles south of Da Nang in the region of the Que Son and Hiep Duc valleys, dominated for years by the North Vietnamese and Viet Cong.

South Vietnamese forces were unable to secure the region, and a fresh North Vietnamese regiment was reported to have moved in. Some 700 U.S. troops from the 196th Brigade in the Da Nang area were dispatched south to reoccupy two fire bases that had been turned over to the South Vietnamese last April.

An armored cavalry unit from the U.S. Americal Division also was sent into the region and in the span of a few days lost eight men killed, a score wounded and several vehicles destroyed.

In the more-publicized operation around Khe Sanh to the north, the 101st Airborne Division has reoccupied two fire bases to free South Vietnamese troops for ground action.

"It's true that the 101st moved into two South Vietnamese bases but they were in its own area of operations," Col. Stevens said. "The 101st is still responsible for maintaining its own security. Obviously, if the South Vietnamese pulled out and left two voids, we had to take them over to maintain our own security."

"You don't conduct defense by just sitting behind barbed wire," Col. Stevens said. "You conduct defense at the point you're most likely to get hit. There is no way to conduct an intelligent defense without some aggressive patrolling and reconnaissance as well. Defensive operations prevent us from being surprised, from finding the enemy sitting on our front doorstep."

China to Give N. Korea Free Military Aid

HONG KONG, Sept. 8 (UPI).—China announced today the signing of an agreement to provide North Korea with free military aid.

The New China News Agency said the pact was signed in Peking yesterday by Huang Yung-sheng, chief of the general staff of the Chinese armed forces, and Gen. U Jin-O, his Korean counterpart.

No details were disclosed in the broadcast by NCNA today.

The agreement was made at the end of a visit to China by a Korean military delegation headed by the Korean general.

After the signing ceremony, which was attended by Premier Chou En-lai, the Korean delegation left for Pyongyang, the capital of North Korea.

Mutual Defense Treaty

China, which came to North Korea's aid in the fight against United Nations' forces in the Korean War, signed a mutual defense treaty with the Pyongyang government 10 years ago.

The provisions of this treaty were reaffirmed on its 10th anniversary in July in a message from Mao Tse-tung, the Chinese Communist party chairman, Defense Minister Lin Piao and Mr. Chou to North Korea's leaders.

The message warned of "aggressive schemes and activities of the U.S. and Japanese reactionaries" and pledged anew China's support in the event of "aggression" against North Korea.

Accused Superiors in Atrocities

Lie Test Backs Maverick Colonel

ATLANTA, Sept. 8 (AP).—An attorney for Lt. Col. Anthony Herbert said yesterday the Army has possession of lie detector test results which support Col. Herbert's statments that he notified superior officers of Vietnam atrocities and that he requested a probe of them.

Attorney Charles Morgan of the American Civil Liberties Union said Col. Herbert submitted to the polygraph test in compliance with an earlier agreement with the army—an agreement which the Army—an agreement which added the administrator of the polygraph test was the one which the Army had earlier agreed to use.

"Regardless of what else may come to light, the expert recognized by the Army agrees that Col. Herbert told the truth," said Mr. Morgan. "Since the Army was interested in the lie detector test, I'm glad its results were favorable to Col. Herbert. I don't know where the investigation will finally lead."

He Accused 2 Officers

Two years ago, Col. Herbert accused Maj. Gen. John Barnes and Col. J. Ross Franklin of dereliction of duty and covering up incidents of murder and torture of Vietnamese civilians.

When the Army had not acted on the accusations by last March, Col. Herbert filed formal charges himself. Charges against Col. Franklin have been dropped, but those against Gen. Barnes are still pending.

Mr. Morgan said the test was conducted Friday in Atlanta by Benjamin F. Malinovski, former senior instructor at the U.S Army Military Police Polygraph School at Ft. Gordon, Ga. Results were forwarded to Army authorities.

Two questions stemming from Col. Herbert's statements which have been challenged during the investigation were submitted during the polygraph test, Mr. Morgan said. They were:

● Did you on or about Feb. 14, 1969, advise Col. Franklin of the killing of Vietnamese detainees?

● On or about April 4, 1969, did you personally request Gen. Barnes to conduct an investigation?

Mr. Morgan quoted Col. Herbert's responses to the questions as being "yes" and also read the following statement from the examiner's report:

"It is opinion of this examiner that Lt. Col. Herbert was completely truthful when he answered the relevant questions with a yes."

For First Time In 6 Years, U.S. Omits War Tally

WASHINGTON, Sept. 8 (AP).—The Defense Department issued no Vietnam casualty list yesterday for the first time since it began reporting American battle deaths on a daily basis six years ago.

The spokesman attributed this to low battle activity in Vietnam and a possible delay in notifying next-of-kin over the recent Labor Day weekend.

The daily list does not reflect casualties that occur the day of issue, but rather the names that become available for public release after the next-of-kin have been properly notified. It has been issued every day, except Saturdays, Sundays and holidays.

The first Vietnam casualty list was issued Sept. 2, 1965. Since then, 45,471 Americans have died in battle, while 9,742 have died in accidents or from illness.

Calley Called in Medina Case; Refusal to Testify Expected

FORT MCPHERSON, Ga., Sept. 8 (AP).—The military judge in Capt. Ernest L. Medina's court-martial granted a defense request today for 1st Lt. William L. Calley jr. to testify in Capt. Medina's trial.

The jury was not present while defense attorney F. Lee Bailey argued for the appearance of five witnesses, including Calley, who was one of Capt. Medina's platoon leaders during the My Lai assault three and one-half years ago.

However, Mr. Bailey later told newsmen he expects Calley to take the stand Monday and refuse to testify. He said he thought Calley would invoke his constitutional privilege against self-incrimination.

Perjury Possibility

If Calley does testify, Mr. Bailey said, and if he contradicts himself, he could be tried for perjury in his own case.

Mr. Bailey said the 28-year-old Calley would be one of his first witnesses Monday, when the defense begins its case.

Calley was convicted in March of the premeditated murder of 22 villagers at My Lai and sentenced to life imprisonment. His sentence later was reduced to 30 years.

Mr. Bailey also asked the judge for the appearance of Col. Oran K. Henderson, whose own court-martial is under way at Ft. Meade, Md.

Col. Henderson, who is being tried for an alleged cover-up of the My Lai massacre, was the highest ranking officer in the My Lai operation, the brigade commander.

Mr. Bailey noted the Army is responsible for producing witnesses for defense and prosecution, but informed the court the Army so far had not agreed to produce Col. Henderson.

The chief prosecutor, William G. Eckhardt, said: "As for Lt. Calley, we will arrange for his appearance, but as for Col. Henderson we have no show of proof that his testimony would be relevant."

Depositions from two South Vietnamese interpreters were read today when Capt. Medina's court-martial resumed after a 12-day recess.

Lagos Executes 8, 100,000 Watch

LAGOS, Nigeria, Sept. 8 (UPI).—A crowd estimated by police at nearly 100,000 watched the execution by firing squad today of eight Nigerians, seven of whom were sentenced to death by a special tribunal for armed robberies. The eighth was convicted of stealing a car.

The tribunal, one of a number established after a series of robberies, found seven of the men guilty of stealing £10,000 in Nigerian currency ($28,000) from a factory near Lagos, on March 27. A policeman was shot and killed.

More than 50 executions have resulted since the tribunals were instituted last year.

Schumann to Budapest

PARIS, Sept. 8 (UPI).—French Foreign Minister Maurice Schumann left today for a two-day visit to Hungary to be followed by a two-day visit to Bulgaria. Government officials said Mr. Schumann will chiefly discuss, both in Budapest and Sofia, the possibility of convening a European security conference as sought by Russia.

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Viet Cong Call Saigon Aid Offer 'Hypocritical and Disgusting'

SAIGON, Sept. 8 (AP).—The Viet Cong labeled as "hypocritical and disgusting" South Vietnam's offer to send aid to flood victims of North Vietnam.

The Viet Cong radio said South Vietnamese President Nguyen Van Thieu's regime "is making believe that it plans to assist flood victims in North Vietnam and is organizing collections in South Vietnamese cities."

"The Liberation News Agency is authorized to declare that this is a hypocritical and disgusting act of Thieu's regime aimed at hiding the horrible crimes of the U.S. aggressors and their henchmen against our people and at masquerading the traitor Thieu for the electoral farce in Saigon.

"This is also a cruel exploitation of the South Vietnamese people's sacred solidarity with the North Vietnamese people. The South Vietnamese people denounce and condemn the plot of Thieu's regime and will firmly boycott all collections . . .

"The South Vietnamese people believe firmly that the North Vietnamese people can reconstruct and resume production very soon with great assistance from Socialist and friendly countries of the world."

Sen. Bayh Urges Viet Vote Delay Pending Pullout

PARIS, Sept. 8 (AP).—U.S. Sen. Birch Bayh, D., Ind., called today for the United States to pull its forces from Vietnam by the end of the year and proposed that the South Vietnamese presidential elections be postponed until after U.S. forces leave.

Sen. Bayh, who has been mentioned as a possible presidential candidate in 1972, said the South Vietnamese election has been turned into a "charade" and a "fraud."

In a talk at the Anglo-American Press Association, the senator revealed he had met yesterday for 1 1/2 hours with Xuan Thuy, head of the North Vietnamese delegation to the Paris Peace Talks. He met this morning with the deputy head of the Viet Cong's provisional revolutionary government delegation. It's Chief, Madame Nguyen Thi Binh, is in Warsaw.

2 Anti-Drug Aides Arrested in N.Y. For Heroin Sale

NEW YORK, Sept. 8 (UPI).—Two former college basketball players, hired by the city to conduct a sports program to curb slum youngsters' experimentation with drugs, were arrested yesterday for allegedly selling four ounces of pure heroin to an undercover narcotics agent.

They reportedly sold it to him for $4,000. When "cut" and cooked, the heroin would have brought about $75,000 on the illegal market, police said.

The suspects, John Busby, 24, who played basketball at J.C. Smith University in Charlotte, N.C., and Solomon McMillon, 24, who played at Loyola University of Chicago, worked for a city program called Operation Sports Rescue.

West Germany Plans 100 kph Speed Limit

BONN, Sept. 8 (Reuters). — West Germany plans to introduce a speed limit of 100 kilometers an hour next Jan. 1, Transport Minister Georg Leber announced yesterday.

The limit will apply to all roads except autobahns and four-lane highways. At present there is no speed limit on ordinary German roads except in urban areas, where it is 50 kph.

European GOP Group Honors Sen. Scott

PARIS, Sept. 8 (IHT).—Senate minority leader Hugh Scott of Pennsylvania was guest of honor at a luncheon given today by the French unit of the European Republican Committee. Among those present were other congressional delegates to the Interparliamentary Union meeting in Paris.

The European Republican Committee has units in 10 countries. Its principal non-partisan activities concern obtaining voting rights and Medicare benefits for U.S. citizens living abroad.

W. German Jet Crashes

BRUNSBUETTEL, West Germany, Sept. 8 (Reuters).—The pilot escaped unhurt in his ejector seat when a Fiat G-91 fighter of the West German Army crashed near here yesterday. Police said they believed a bird got into the engine.

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Psychologists Hear Charge

Shockley Called a 'Racist' For Negro Inferiority View

By Stuart Auerbach

WASHINGTON, Sept. 8 (WP).—Nobel Laureate Dr. William Shockley, pressing his theory that Negroes are genetically inferior to whites at a meeting of the American Psychological Association, has been publicly accused of "racism" and promoting "fascist ideas."

A clinical psychologist, Dr. Edward C. Scanlon, described Dr. Shockley at the public meeting as "paranoid," and asserted that his theory "is a fascist idea like Nazi Germany."

"The problem in my terms is the racism of Dr. Shockley. It's too bad there are no longer heresy trials for scientists who have either gone senile or mad," said Dr. Scanlon in the first personal attack in public on Dr. Shockley since he began presenting his controversial—and largely unaccepted—views at major scientific meetings five years ago.

Later, a black woman psychologist in the audience, Alice Madison, told Dr. Shockley that his theory shows that he is really afraid "that black people some day will rise up." "You don't scare us and you don't put us down," she declared. "We are either as bright or superior to you, and we're scaring you. I thank you for that compliment."

Won't Test Theory

Although the National Academy of Sciences repeatedly has refused Dr. Shockley's request to sponsor studies to test his theory, the debates there have been proper and polite.

Even the black students at Dartmouth College, who prevented him from speaking two years ago, didn't attack Dr. Shockley personally. They merely kept clapping rhythmically until he left the platform.

Dr. Shockley, a professor of electrical engineering at Stanford University, who won the Nobel Prize in 1956 for his part in the invention of the transistor, appeared unruffled by the public attacks.

"I don't take that seriously," said Dr. Shockley of Dr. Scanlon's charge that he is paranoid because he tape records everything he says, refuses to answer questions at a press conference until he writes down a reporter's name and affiliation, and sends all letters by certified mail.

As to the racism and Nazism charges, Dr. Shockley said that Dr. Scanlon's views "are far more in keeping with a totalitarian state than mine."

Professionally, Dr. Shockley said, he will be "profoundly disconcerted" if he is proved wrong and there is no genetic difference in the intelligence of whites and blacks.

'Thank God'

But as a human being, he continued, he would say "Thank God. I won't have to mess with these things any more."

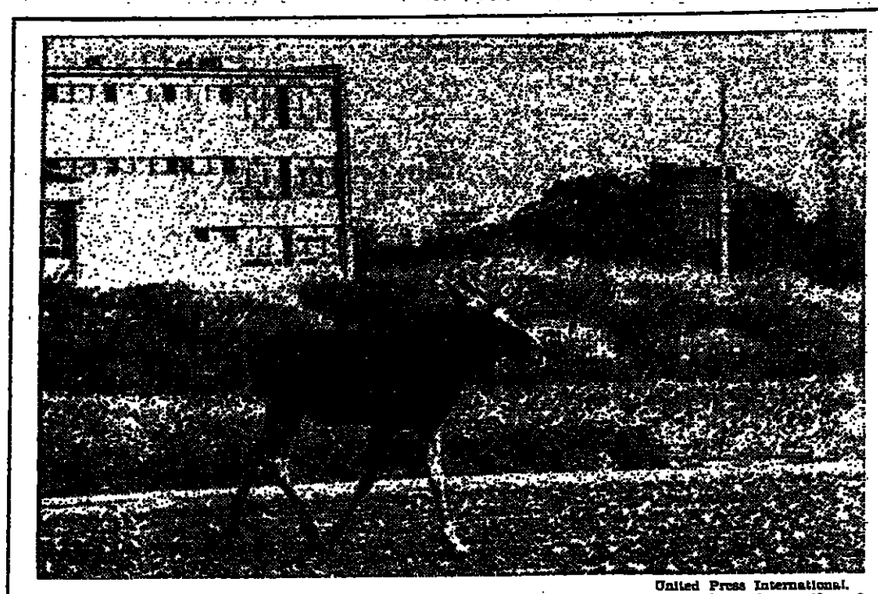
He bases his theory—which is supported by University of California (Berkeley) educational psychologist Dr. Arthur R. Jenson—on analysis of data reported by other social scientists.

Because of "wishful thinking" about the equality of all men, Dr. Shockley said, these other scientists are unwilling to draw the same conclusions he does from the data.

His main sources of information, he said, are a federal Office of Education study comparing Negro and white scholastic achievement and armed forces qualification test results.

Just last week, Dr. George W. Mayeske, a psychologist, reported that his analysis of the same Office of Education data on 123,000 students showed that any differences between whites and Negroes on scholastic achievement tests were due completely to social and economic factors, not genetics.

And Dr. Scanlon, a clinical psychologist at the Schuylkill County, Pa., Mental Health Center, said his experiences as an Army psychologist indicated a considerable amount of cheating among Southern whites who are supervised by white officers while taking armed forces tests.



United Press International.

POLISH JOKE?—Warsaw residents like to picnic in Kampinos forest north of the city. This elk, according to the caption, decided to pay a return call, munching away in the vegetable gardens at a technical college in the city. Zoo employees planned to shoot it with a "sleep bullet" and take it back to its forest home.

Judge Denies Dismissal Plea By Angela Davis's Lawyers

SAN RAFAEL, Calif., Sept. 8 (UPI).—Judge Richard E. Arnason today denied a defense motion that murder-kidnap charges against Angela Davis should be dismissed because the grand jury which indicted her was improperly composed.

"The court does not find sufficient basis for a finding that the judges of Marin County consciously, deliberately or arbitrarily discriminated against any definable class of citizens" in selecting the grand jury, Judge Arnason said.

He set Friday for hearing arguments on more pretrial motions by the defense, including one that Miss Davis's scheduled Sept. 27 trial be postponed because of the bloody Aug. 21 escape attempt at San Quentin Prison.

The escape attempt, in which black revolutionary George Jackson and five others were killed, has so "poisoned the atmosphere" in Marin County that it will be impossible for Miss Davis to receive a fair trial now, "if ever," the defense motion contends.

Defense attorneys also said that they intended to ask a change of venue to move the trial out of Marin County, where both the shooting and the San Quentin escape attempt took place.

Miss Davis is accused of buying the guns for the Aug. 7, 1970, Marin County shooting in which a judge was kidnapped from his bench by San Quentin convicts and shot to death. Three of his kidnappers also were killed in a gun battle with police.

The prosecution charges that the kidnapping was an attempt to free Jackson and his fellow "Soledad brothers" from San Quentin by holding the judge as hostage.

The defense had contended that the 19-member grand jury which indicted Miss Davis on charges of murder, kidnapping and conspiracy did not adequately represent the poor or minorities.

Judge Arnason said the five Marin County judges who drew up the list of veniremen, the customary method of selecting grand juries in California, made "a conscientious effort to obtain broad-based representation."

Obituaries

Actress Spring Byington, 78; Starred in 'December Bride'

HOLLYWOOD, Sept. 8 (AP).—Spring Byington, 78, veteran character actress who is best remembered for her five-year starring role in the "December Bride" television series, died yesterday at her Hollywood Hills home after a brief illness.

Miss Byington began her acting career at the age of 14 when she joined a stock company in Denver, and went on to more than 30 plays and 75 movies, including "Little Women," "Mutiny on the Bounty" and "The Charge of the Light Brigade."

But her most remembered role was as Lily Ruskin, the often scatterbrained but wise mother-in-law in the "December Bride," which ran from 1954 to 1959.

The role, which won her an Emmy nomination in 1958, "elevated the stature of the meddling, stereotyped mother-in-law to that of family heroine," said one television critic.

Msgr. Elias Denissoffe

CHICAGO, Sept. 8 (AP).—Msgr. Elias Denissoffe, 73, philosophy professor and son of a pre-revolution Russian senator, died yesterday of an apparent heart attack while swimming at a health club in Lagrange, west of Chicago.

Msgr. Denissoffe was born in St. Petersburg (now Leningrad), Russia, in 1893. After being graduated from St. Petersburg University, he served as a secretary to a top government official.

He also served with the Russian Army during World War I, after which he went to France and became a Roman Catholic. He married in 1924 and in 1925 Pope Pius XI gave him permission to prepare for the priesthood, although he was married.

Msgr. Denissoffe is survived by his wife, Maria; a son, Basil, of New York; a daughter, Jacqueline Benedict of New Mexico, and 10 grandchildren.

Ezequiel Padilla

MEXICO CITY, Sept. 8 (UPI).—Ezequiel Padilla, 81, former Mexican attorney general, foreign secretary and presidential candidate, died at his home Monday night of a liver ailment.

Cal Sprinchorn

DELMAR, N.Y., Sept. 8 (UPI).—Funeral services are scheduled in this Albany suburb tomorrow for Cal Sprinchorn, 84, a realistic painter noted for his scenes of Maine. Mr. Sprinchorn died Monday at the Albany Medical Center.

A native of Sweden, Mr. Sprinchorn had lived in the United States since 1903.

Mr. Sprinchorn was a classmate of the late Edward Hopper, the dean of American realist painters at the Henri School of Art in New York City.

U.S. Bride Hears Russia Drafted Her Husband

GREAT NECK, N.Y., Sept. 8 (UPI).—Deborah Brackman Kremniova, 22, who married a medical student in Russia but was not permitted to stay with him, said last night her husband apparently has been drafted into the Soviet Army.

Mrs. Kremniova, who returned to her Great Neck, Long Island, home a week ago after her Russian visa had expired, said she has received word from her 22-year-old husband through a friend that he has been dropped from medical school and conscripted.

As Mrs. Kremniova sees it, the move could keep her away from her husband, Valeri, for more than two years. After leaving Russia on Aug. 28, she had hoped to return to her husband, possibly by Christmas. They were married on Aug. 17.

Mrs. Kremniova, a Russian studies major at Barnard College, said she has written to her husband daily since returning home from Russia, but has received no replies. She said a friend arriving from Russia on Monday relayed a message from Mr. Kremniova indicating that circumstances were such that he could not write.

Consular Official Sees U.S. Woman In Greek Jail

ATHENS, Sept. 8 (AP).—An American woman from Minneapolis, arrested in an alleged plot to free would-be assassin Alexander Panagoulis, was visited by an American consular official today for the first time since her arrest Sept. 1.

The woman, Mrs. Athena Psyhogios, was arrested last Tuesday with three others, including Lady Amalia Fleming, widow of the discoverer of penicillin.

Mrs. Psyhogios, who is of Greek descent, is a native-born American and holds an American passport.

A U.S. Embassy spokesman said Mrs. Psyhogios told the consulate officer that she was being well-treated. He said she appeared to be "all right."

Arrangements have been made for a Greek lawyer to represent Mrs. Psyhogios.

Another American, John Skelton of Yardsley, Pa., was also among the four arrested Sept. 1. They allegedly were about to put a plan into effect to free Panagoulis, convicted of attempting to assassinate Premier George Papadopoulos in August, 1968. Mr. Skelton was visited by a consulate officer Monday.

6 Soldiers Die In Philippine Maoists' Trap

MANILA, Sept. 8 (UPI).—Maoist New People's Army (NPA) guerrillas, believed led by an army defector, ambushed and killed six government soldiers yesterday, a Philippine constabulary spokesman said today.

Brig. Gen. Eduardo Garcia, constabulary chief, ordered "all available men" sent to track down the attackers, estimated to number 40 men.

The constabulary spokesman said the NPA guerrillas deployed on both sides of a road and fired at a truck loaded with army troops. Six enlisted men were killed and a sergeant was wounded.

The daylight ambush occurred in Isabela Province, 185 miles north of Manila. On Aug. 26 NPA raiders in that province destroyed two air force helicopters at a military command post, in an attack with grenade launchers.

Col. Vincente Tongson, in charge of military operations in Isabela, said that like the Aug. 26 raid, the latest ambush was believed led by former Lt. Victor Corpuz, who defected to the Communist guerrillas last December.

Since his defection, Corpuz, 28, son of the former Philippine Army surgeon general, has become the NPA deputy commander with the code name "Viet Cong." He carries a $3,300 bounty on his head.

The NPA, known for its ideological allegiance to Chinese Communist party Chairman Mao Tse-tung, has been blamed by Filipino President Ferdinand E. Marcos for a series of terrorist attacks in the Greater Manila area last month.

Mr. Marcos said the Communist conspiracy was called the "July-August plan" and called for assassination, kidnapping, burning and terrorism. He said the plan was involved when terrorists hurled two grenades at a political rally in downtown Manila Aug. 21, killing eight persons and wounding 96 others.

The grenade attack prompted Mr. Marcos's suspension of the writ of habeas corpus throughout the Philippines and led to a roundup of suspected Filipino subversives.

Pope Picks American To Head Media Unit

VATICAN CITY, Sept. 8 (UPI).—Pope Paul VI has appointed an American priest and former ecumenical council expert to replace another American as his top expert on mass media, the Vatican announced today.

Officials said the Pope has named the Rev. Edward L. Heston of South Bend, Ind., to succeed Archbishop Martin J. O'Connor, 71, as president of the Pontifical Commission on Social Communications.

Archbishop O'Connor was given the honorary title of president emeritus of the commission. He has headed the commission since Pope Pius XII set it up in 1952 as a film board.

Nigerian Coastal Limits

LAGOS, Sept. 8 (Reuters).—A federal government decree published here has extended Nigeria's territorial waters from 12 to 30 nautical miles off the country's coast, Radio Nigeria announced.

Australian Board Bars Tour By South Africa Cricketers

SYDNEY, Sept. 8 (Reuters).—The Australian Cricket Board of Control tonight canceled a scheduled South African tour of Australia "with great regret."

And, in a departure from previous public statements, the board appealed to the South African government to relax its apartheid laws so that the country's cricketers can compete internationally once more.

The board's chairman, Sir Donald Bradman, gave three major reasons for withdrawing the invitation to the South Africans.

● The certainty that bitterness would result between anti-apartheid demonstrators and cricket fans.

● The financial cost and physical strain on the country's police of protecting matches from demonstrators.

● The strain on the South African cricketers of playing in trying circumstances.

Letter from McMahon

Sir Donald said he received a letter from Prime Minister William McMahon concerning the tour, but refused to divulge its contents. It is thought the letter was decisive in the board's decision to call off the 17-week tour, which was due to start in Perth on Oct. 22.

In a statement, the board said it thought its decision was in the best interests of those associated with the tour, Australia, and the game of cricket.

"Accordingly, with great regret the board decided to advise the South African Cricket Association that in the present atmosphere the invitation to tour in 1971-72 must be withdrawn."

The statement added that the board wished to commend the association and its players for their courageous stand against their government's apartheid policy in cricket.

Opposition Mounted

Opposition to the tour mounted following the South African rugby tour of Australia earlier this year. The expense involved in protecting the Springboks from demonstrators was high, and the tour was accompanied by violence.

Tonight's decision thrust South African sports teams into further isolation, and virtually slammed the last open cricket door on South Africa's all-white team.

New Zealand is expected to follow Australia's example and shelve any plans to invite the cricketers.

Last year, the English Cricket Council called off a visit to England of a South African team, following pressure from the government and anti-apartheid factions.

As Step Toward Peace Package

Israel Set to Reassure Egypt On Desirability of Canal Pact

By Peter Grose

JERUSALEM, Sept. 8 (NYT).—Israel is ready to try to reassure Egypt that an interim settlement to reopen the Suez Canal would not be allowed to congeal into a permanent status quo, that it would instead pave the way for broader accords to resolve the Arab-Israeli confrontation.

Authoritative diplomats here thus hope to quiet a major apprehension in Cairo that a partial settlement would freeze the situation to Egypt's disadvantage. Instead, and to counter any impression of Israeli intransigence, the Israelis say they want to rebuild momentum in the stalled peacemaking effort.

Foreign Minister Abba Eban plans to fly to New York late next week for the opening debates of the United Nations General Assembly, and meet privately with other world diplomats gathered there.

U.S. Secretary of State William P. Rogers, who will join the discussion at UN headquarters, said last week that American diplomacy would be "very active" for the rest of the year in trying to achieve an interim Israeli-Egyptian settlement. Egyptian Foreign Minister Mahmoud Riad and Foreign Minister Andrei A. Gromyko of the Soviet Union also plan to attend the General Assembly session.

Focus on the UN

Virtually nothing has changed in the last month, Israeli diplomats said, following the exploratory talks that Mr. Rogers's top Middle East aide, Assistant Secretary Joseph J. Sisco, held in Jerusalem early in August. The efforts of all sides seem aimed at the anticipated UN talks.

Egypt's terms for an interim settlement across the Suez Canal include a first-phase Israeli withdrawal from the canal's Sinai bank with a definite promise to withdraw from all the Sinai Peninsula, the area occupied in the 1967 war, within a fixed period of time—perhaps one or two years.

Israel has offered the first-phase withdrawal—no specific distance has been decided upon—but refuses to commit itself to a total withdrawal from the Sinai just as it has for the last four years.

Western diplomats familiar with Cairo's thinking said that Egyptian policy makers are worried that, without a definite Israeli commitment to withdraw fully, a partial pullback would tend to harden into a long-term position and Egypt would lose its option of military action across the canal to try to recover its territory.

Mrs. Meir's Promise

Premier Golda Meir has already tried to alleviate this fear. Last June she declared before the Knesset, or parliament, that the new line to which Israeli troops would withdraw "will be considered the permanent boundary," that such a boundary would be "determined in the peace treaty between Israel and Egypt and Israel would withdraw to it."

At the UN, Mr. Eban plans to underline this point and perhaps put it in more specific diplomatic terms. The precise terms of the Israeli argument have not yet been settled, and whatever Israel offers short of the total commitment demanded by Egypt may be inadequate in Egyptian eyes. But Mr. Eban expects to outline in some detail how an interim canal settlement could be followed by additional accords dealing with other specific issues in the Middle East conflict.

This building-block approach seems clearly to have superseded the earlier search for a comprehensive peace package, based on the Security Council resolution of Nov. 22, 1967, and promoted until early this year by UN envoy Gunnar V. Jarring of Sweden, who has been inactive in his peacemaking efforts since February.

Israel Moves To Suppress Strike Wave

TEL AVIV, Sept. 8 (UPI).—Government and trade-union officials prepared today new industrial laws "with teeth" to curb a wave of wildcat strikes, political sources said.

Officials representing the Labor party, dominant in the coalition government, and the Histadrut (trade union federation) said the legislation will be ready for the regular weekly cabinet session Sunday and will be put before a special session of the Knesset (parliament) for approval Monday.

The government decided to act against industrial unrest after a wildcat strike Monday closed Lod airport near Tel Aviv, the country's only international air terminal.

Government and union leaders took the decision at a seven-hour meeting yesterday.

Premier's Denunciation

Premier Golda Meir, who interrupted a vacation to attend, said the strike at the airport was "pure hooliganism," the source said.

They said she told the meeting: "I simply cannot stand by and watch everything deteriorate into a political and moral catastrophe."

Defense Minister Moshe Dayan told the meeting, "If workers flagrantly break the law and do not go straight to jail, then the law has no value," the source reported.

In recent months schoolteachers, beach lifeguards, doctors, hospital administrative staff, post office workers, electricity maintenance men, bus drivers, taxi drivers, grocers and airline and airport workers have gone on strike.

A strike of customs officers at Lod airport and the Mediterranean port of Ashdod enters its second week tomorrow.

All but the grocers went on strike for pay increases and fringe benefits. Eight thousand grocers struck for one day, yesterday, to press for across-the-board price rises following the recent 20 percent devaluation of the Israeli pound.

According to the latest available statistics, the average Israeli monthly salary is £650 ($182). With defense spending eating up 25 percent of the gross national product, Israelis are also the highest-taxed people in the world.

Spain Admits 14 More Have Cholera

MADRID, Sept. 8 (Reuters).—The Spanish government has officially admitted that "isolated" cases of cholera have been diagnosed in Spain.

In a message to the World Health Organization in Geneva, made public last night, the government said six cases of the "el tor" strain had been confirmed in the Barcelona province, and eight in the province of Valencia.

Last night's statement came after unconfirmed reports had spoken of about 40 cholera cases in Barcelona and much higher figures in Valencia.

But the statement said: "The necessary procedure for all suspected cases—placing them in isolation for observation and treatment—has produced the false impression that the problem is much more important than it is in reality."

Today, a Spanish government official said there had been no new outbreaks of cholera apart from the 14 confirmed cases. He also said there had been no deaths from cholera.

He said that mass vaccinations were not being carried out, "because it does not appear to be necessary."

However, more than seven million people have already been vaccinated against cholera in Spain this year. Water supplies throughout the country have been chlorinated since seven cholera cases were confirmed last July in the northern province of Zaragoza.

French Demand Vaccination

PARIS, Sept. 8 (IHT). — All persons entering France from Spain by air will be required to have an anti-cholera vaccination certificate. French public health officials announced today.

Non-vaccinated persons wanting to enter France must be vaccinated within five days after arrival and present themselves to police authorities with the required certificate.

For persons coming from or going to Spain by land, it is advised only that they be vaccinated and, as was the case last August, they will receive a prospectus concerning possible cholera symptoms and what to do.

Italy Wants Certificates

ROME, Sept. 8 (Reuters).—The Italian Health Ministry announced today that following reports of cholera in Spain it was taking steps to prevent the spread of the disease to Italy, including a demand for vaccination certificates of travelers from Spain.

Diefenbaker in Hospital

WREXHAM, Wales, Sept. 8 (AP).—John Diefenbaker, 75, former Canadian Prime Minister, was taken to a hospital last night during a private visit to Wales. Hospital officials said he was admitted for observation. His condition was described later as comfortable.

Egypt Penalizes Organizers of Steel Plant Strike

CAIRO, Sept. 8 (UPI).—The government has ordered the dismissal of a number of steel workers for organizing a sit-in strike last month at the Helwan iron and steel complex south of Cairo, the Middle East News Agency said.

The government also ordered the dissolution of the Arab Socialist Union and Trade Union bureaus at the factory, charging that their attitude towards the strike was "negative" and that some of their members even instigated the strike.

Five senior officials, including the company's board chairman, were pensioned-off, the agency added.

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THE PRICE OF FUR

By Hebe Dorsey

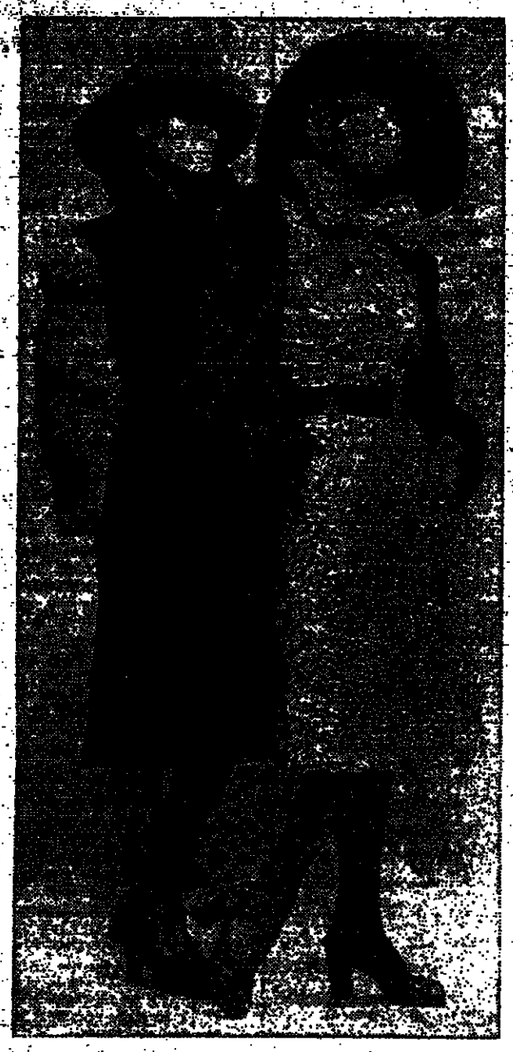
PARIS, Sept. 8. (IHT).—In the middle of Indian summer, it takes something special to get one excited about fur. But Revillon's new boutique, which opened today, has it.

Revillon-Dragon, at 44 Rue du Dragon, is the first low-price branch of the famous establishment on Rue la Boétie. The location, overlooking the Carrefour de la Croix Rouge, right in the heart of Saint-Germain-des-Prés, is perfect. The house, an early 18th-century mansion, with a wrought iron balcony and a lantern, is a landmark. As it is classed as a French historic monument, the building posed a lot of problems for decorators Jean-Jacques Amat and Patrick Demanche. But they managed. The outside is lacquered a rich, vermilion red and the inside is bright and modern.

But the best part of the shop is the merchandise. The choice ranges from a fur pillow at 80 francs to a mink coat at 14,000. The in-between is terrific. A black rabbit coat with jazzy white streaks costs as little as 1,000 francs. Muskrat, an excellent fur that somehow lost prestige in recent years, is made into a softly fluffy coat lined with a suede cummerbund. It, too, has a modest price tag—3,200 francs.

Then there is a great selection of sports furs, in bright reds, blues and oranges, that would brighten up weekends of winter sports.

Since cloth coats have gradually become tedious bores (as dull as expensive ones, if they don't cut right), Revillon's move to make furs accessible to working girls should be a success.



Two coats from Revillon Dragon: Black lamb combined with fox, left, ocelot paws, black fox.

A Ragout for Biarritz

Sporting Chefs Cook 'Dinner of Century'

By John L. Hess

BIARRITZ, France, Sept. 8 (IHT).—Seven renowned chefs put their bonnets together here to demonstrate that French culinary art was as glorious and Biarritz society as glittering when their forefathers were stuffing the likes of Empress Eugenie and Edward VII.

Actually, the glitter was rather dim. Each of the seven acknowledged privately that he served clients better meals every day at far less than the 360 francs—about 55 floating dollars—charged for the "Dinner of the Century." The crowd of vacationers, who patiently observed the proceedings from behind police lines, saw only a ragout of minor notables, seasoned by a handful of pop singers and ski champions. There was not a Rolls Royce in sight.

In a negative sort of way, though, the affair proved the vitality of French cuisine and of Biarritz as well. Both were working against the odds.

In the old days, Biarritz was the playground and September was the season of the idle rich. Now, democracy, or at least the middle class, fills the faded hotel-palaces of the resort, and long-haired bronzed youths park their battered mini-cars below the terraces and ride their surf boards into the night.

Roger Boltz, director of the Hôtel du Palais, said regretfully: "We've had the biggest season I ever saw. Of course, it changes every year. I suppose we must keep up."

It was in this spirit that chef Pierre Laporte, of the elegant Café de Paris, bought the house next door to make a modern snack shop for the young set.

In the same spirit, he persuaded his confrères to join him in preparing last night's dinner. Counting himself, seven chefs showed up, representing a total of 18 stars in the Guide Michelin.

"It's like putting seven artists to work on the same picture," said Charles Barrier, the three-star chef from Tours. He explained that he had come along as a good sport.

The other good sports were Paul Boense, Raymond Oliver, Michel Robert-Guérard, Jean Troisgros and Roger Vergé, aided by three-star maîtres d'hôtel René Lasserre and Jean-Pierre Haeberlin. Collectively they form a club of La Grande Cuisine Française, which contemplates commercial endorsement as well as good fellowship.

Mr. Laporte appears to have been inspired by a menu that he keeps framed, from a state dinner served in 1903 to Edward VII of England:

Crème Whitsun, oxtail soup, crayfish Nantua, salmon trout with morels, saddle of lamb, grouse in sherry pudding, sherbet, fowl, foie gras, salad, asparagus, peas, tartes ice cream and fruit, all accompanied by wines at least 25 years old.

The dinner started Mr. Barrier's thesis that a meal should be built around a single dish.

"There is no crescendo," Mr. Haeberlin agreed. "And no decrescendo," said Mr. Barrier.

The trouble with serving 140 diners was evident from the start. The consommé arrived at table half melted, so that the caviar, which should sit on top, had disappeared into the jelly, along with whatever virtues this chi-chi dish may possess.

The next dish, however, more than made up for it. It was sea bass in a velvety red wine sauce, based on a classic recipe with a secret adaptation by Mr. Laporte.

In the unanimous view of a table of gastronomic journalists, the bass was a total success, the only one of the evening. Unfortunately, it was served with a sweetish pink champagne, a 1959 Dom Perignon. The wines, first-rate in themselves, appeared to have been chosen for public relations reasons rather than for gastronomic ones.

The critics, consulting over the din of an electronic orchestra and the clatter of resort small talk, dismissed the crayfish as bland and an overrich version of a brilliant recipe of the Troisgros.

They liked a novelty, corn purée, whipped with foie gras, which was served with the wild duck, but they deplored the conserved truffles as out of season and uncalled-for, and the duck itself as inadequately hung—the hunting season having only just begun.

The appearance of the dessert could not be faulted. It was served in woven straw baskets with cherry blossoms all made of spun sugar.

"It proves there are still people around who can work with spun sugar," Mr. Barrier said.

Italian Court 'Evicts' Browning Museum for Non-Payment of Rent

FLORENCE, Sept. 8 (UPI).—Court officers today seized the Browning Museum established in the Casa Guidi apartment where poets Robert and Elizabeth Barrett Browning spent their married life.

A bailiff and a lawyer acting for the owner of the old stone palazzo locked up the furnishings in one room and evicted for non-payment of rent Ruth Borchardt, the Englishwoman who first opened Casa Guidi to the public.

"It is a monument to love," said Miss Borchardt, near tears as she argued with officials and furniture movers.

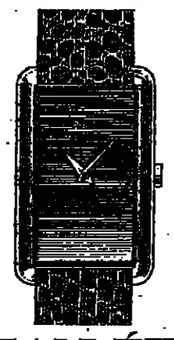
Lawyers said that she was nearly two million lire in arrears on the museum rent.

"Without me, this house already would be apartments or offices. I leased the apartment with my own money under the greatest personal sacrifices. My idea was to keep it open until the right organization would take it over," she said.

The Berlin-born former singer, who fled Nazi persecution and became a British subject, said she tried to interest Baylor University of Waco, Texas, in taking over Casa Guidi. Baylor could not raise the $270,000, the owner seeks, she said.

Miss Bochardt said she then contacted the New York Browning Society and its president, Philip Kelley, took an option on the apartment but failed to raise the $270,000 the owner sought. Meanwhile the building changed hands again.

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Israel

Triumph for Cherubini Opera

To Sy... Strike

William Weaver

(IHT).—The Settimana ...ale Senese closed a few ...s in a blaze of glory. ... good deal of interesting ...portant contemporary ...ue festival turned to the ... a revival of Cherubini's ... Anacréon ou l'Amour ... the first revival (except ...adio performance some ...) in this century. The ...oved well worth a re... Wisely, Siena gave it in ...erformance; the libretto ... and static. Written in ...opera is a neo-classical ...ering around Cupid's ...m Olympus and his ...and recovery by his ...enus. Not great dra... ...ff, but Cherubini was ... write page after page ... music, always elegant ...moving (as in Amour's ...eas to be released from ...).

...ng Israeli conductor ...bal emphasized the ...sque aspect of the ...gstimes at the expense ...ism. A greater sup... ...ould have given the ...re variety and would ... more evident the ... much of the score ... the recitatives). Still, ...tor's enthusiasm was ...nd infectious, it was ...mmunicated to the ...sicale orchestra and ... performed with verve. ...udience rewarded all ...e ovation.

...or the poor French ... of most of the singers, ... was a fine evening. ...le lies just right for ...nisolli's sweet tenor, ...a Mariconda was a ...our, with an ap... ...touch of pertness. ...Israeli sang the part ... Anacréon's devoted ...sober sensitivity.

* * *

...timana Senese is ... by the Accademia ...which is, after all, a ...itution. This scholar... ...n of the festival was ... by the previous day's ...ound-table discussion ... then arcane composers as Skriabin and Satie seemed present in it.

Another event of the festival's closing days was a recital by flautist Severino Gazzelloni with pianist Bruno Canino. Gazzelloni has for years taught at the Chigiana's summer master classes and is virtually an honorary Sienese. The concert was sold out days in advance, and the audience was not disappointed in the all-Beethoven program, which found both artists in superb form.

The Siena festival, though brief, is intense and rich; its intelligent planning and its high artistic achievement make it one of the red-letter events in the Italian musical calendar.

Music in Italy

devoted to the Florentine music critic and composer Giannotto Bastianelli and a concert of some of his works. Music critics Fedele d'Amico, Massimo Mila and Leonardo Pinzauti, joined by literary critic Luigi Baldacci delineated the figure of this singular intellectual, a "cultural cosmopolite in a period—the first two decades of this century—when Italian culture for the most part was willfully isolated. Though amateurish, Bastianelli's music was fascinating for the influences it had absorbed: Such

Entertainment in New York

NEW YORK, Sept. 8.—This is how The New York Times critics rate new movies:

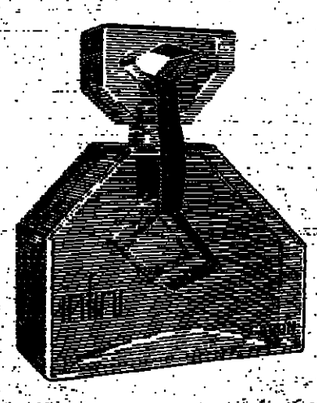
"A Gunfight," directed by Lamont Johnson and featuring Kirk Douglas, Johnny Cash, Jane Alexander and Raf Vallone, was financed by the Jicarilla Apache tribe. "Not surprisingly," Mel Gussow says, "these Apaches have made a Western, but a Western without Indians. It's the cowboys against the cowboys with no commercial message from the sponsor." The film reminds Gussow a little of "Ride the High Country." "Like that Sam Peckinpah classic, it concerns two retired cowboys compelled to return to action for one last time. Here the two are antagonists, ex-gunfighters, Douglas and Cash. It is mostly the stars' presence that gives the movie authenticity—Douglas with his aging chin dimple, Cash, his face corrugated, his voice rumbling and gravelly. They are a natural match."

"See No Evil," with Mia Farrow as the blind heroine eluding the murderer of her uncle, aunt, and cousin, "has its share of thrills," writes Roger Greenspun, "perhaps 30 minutes out of a total hour and a half." For the duration of the chase, however, "the audience is always busier than the killer," he reports, "mostly in following the false leads that the screenplay and the camera have set up for it." Of these, "none is more objectionable than a kind of surly, decline-of-the-class-system subplot that is supposed to provide a motive and a murderer, but that actually provides little more than eyewash to confuse the customers." As for Miss Farrow, she's been "a better actress in better movies," in Greenspun's view, "but she is more than good enough here. What interest the film does have comes from (her) performance." Richard Fleischer directed.

"1,000,000 Duck," introducing a new Disney duck (a female) named Charlie, "a feathery, science-research washout, exposed to radioactive rays, that is brought home by a kind-hearted chap with a nice wife and little son and a mountain of bills," won praise from Howard Thompson. First of all, says Thompson, "the picture is brightly and snugly written, held to credible, human dialogue." Then it "spins along so easily and breezily that even a climactic auto mixup seems natural. But the appeal mainly comes from the players. Charley being a Garbo type doing her thing and that's that. As the perplexed young father, Dean Jones is excellent... Our pet sorry, Charles was Sandy Duncan, in her movie debut, as Jones's pertly sweet, bird-brained wife." Vincent McEveety directed, from a screenplay by Roswell Rogers, based on a story by Ted Key.

"Creatures the World Forgot," directed by Don Chaffey, elicited "They're at it again," from Howard Thompson. Who? "Our forefathers, supposedly. Once more we have one of those grunt-and-groan prehistoric bundles, with 'undiscovered' talents hopping around in billowing hair and skimpy costumes, battling one another and an occasional animal." In the movie's favor, however, the photographer does "some interesting things with the exotic African terrain. Also, a reedy score by Mario Nascimbene sustains a kind of witch-doctor punctuation." It's "considerably better than the Raquel Welch 'One Million B.C.'," writes Thompson, adding "make that less bad."

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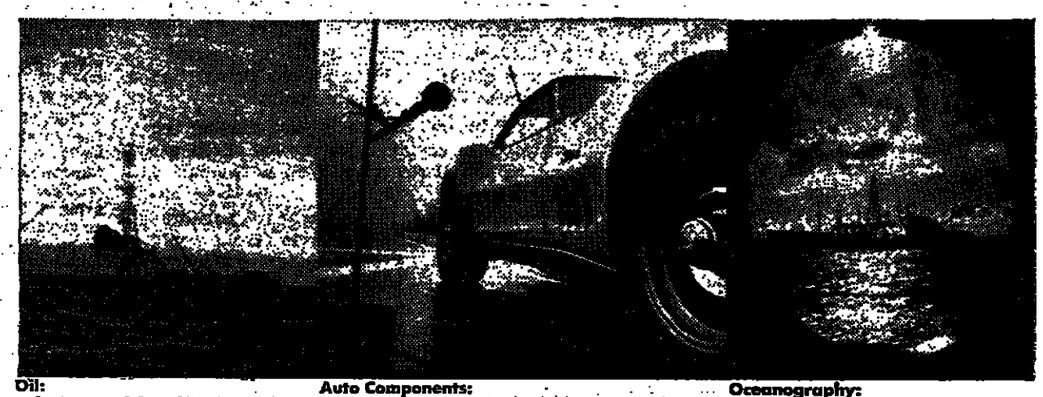
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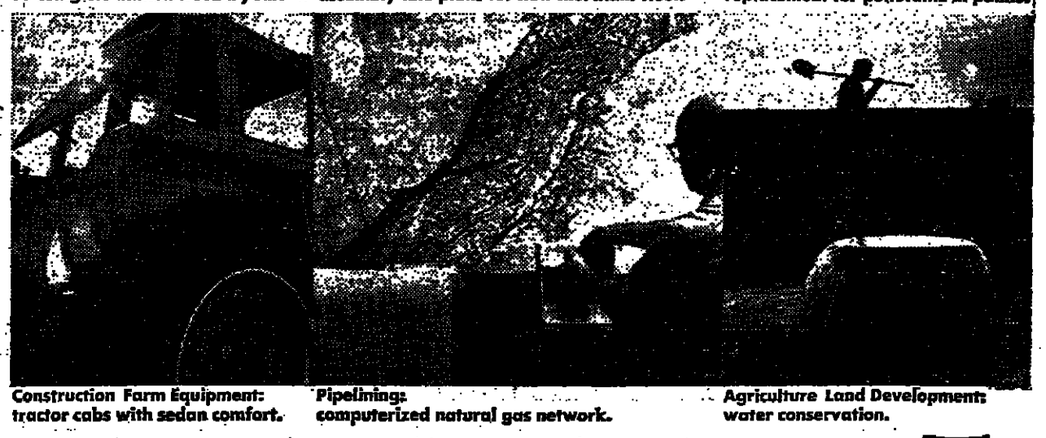
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Page 6— Thursday, September 9, 1971 * *

About Those Tax Proposals

It is never easy to get down to unpleasant work the day after a vacation, but this Congress has no choice: It must give its immediate attention to fiscal measures for increasing employment—measures about which Mr. Nixon will doubtless have much to say in his remarks before Congress today. Moving quickly on tax and spending matters is partly a scheduling necessity—a good start on the fiscal problem will make it easier for Congress to concentrate on the administration's anti-inflation proposals as soon as they are ready.

A more important reason for moving quickly, of course, is that so many people are out of work. The return of the unemployment rate to 6.1 percent in August dramatizes what most congressmen must have had painfully and repeatedly impressed upon them during the recess—that jobs are scarce.

Increasing employment necessitates either increasing public spending or stimulating private spending through tax relief. The President has come down so strongly on the side of private spending that, in addition to tax reduction, he proposes cuts in budgeted federal expenditures—which we hope Congress will find preposterous and quickly reject.

Some tax reduction, however, is needed to provide quick stimulation to the sluggish and skittish economy. The challenge to the Congress is to avoid tax relief that will, in the long run, do more harm than good. We would urge Congress to apply four criteria in choosing how to reduce taxes. First, the tax relief should not be permanent. We believe that the nation's need for better public services is much greater than its need for more private spending and that permanent cuts in tax revenue should be ruled out. Second, tax relief should be given to those who need it most. It seems to us that low-income people need money more urgently than high-income people. Third, tax reduction should, at the very least, avoid encouragement of socially undesirable spending. And fourth, it should have a high probability of working quickly to create jobs.

Of the President's proposals only one seems to us to meet these four criteria: moving forward to next January income-tax cuts scheduled for a year later. We would not ordinarily be in favor of cutting income taxes but the damage is already done. This tax relief is already law, is unlikely to be rescinded, and moving it forward will give a large number of consumers more money to spend soon.

A second tax measure that would meet our criteria was not proposed by the President; namely, postponing the increase in Social Security payroll taxes scheduled for January. This postponement would give consumers, especially low and middle-income wage-earners, about $3 billion more to spend next year, but need not constitute a permanent loss of revenue.

The President's other tax proposals do not meet the criteria at all. Removing the automobile excise tax not only cuts federal revenues in the future, but encourages more national spending on automobiles. As we look about us through the polluted air at clogged streets and highways, we can think of few items less needed for the national well-being than additional automobiles.

The investment credit would also involve permanent tax relief to business. As Arthur Okun pointed out in testimony last week, the investment credit, on top of accelerated depreciation rules announced earlier in the year, "would make 1971 the year of the greatest business tax cut in our history." Anyway, with substantial unused capacity in most industries, we are not sure the credit would induce much more investment.

We believe it would be far better for the Congress to keep the auto excise, forget the investment credit, and turn its attention instead to improving federal programs that have the dual effect of stimulating the economy and moving toward such urgent national priorities as educating children, rebuilding cities and increasing the incomes of the poor.

THE WASHINGTON POST.

Drugs for Leaders?

In recent centuries the scientific revolution has provided much warrant for the notion of the "technical fix"—the idea that scientists or technologists can find an appropriate solution for every problem. The disappearance of such killing diseases as smallpox, polio and cholera from modern industrial societies is the product of "technical fixes" ranging from vaccines to the provision of safe water and milk. The agricultural revolution that underlies much of this country's prosperity is the product of "technical fixes" from hybrid corn to modern pesticides and fertilizers. The list could be extended indefinitely, though an equally long one could be compiled of new problems created by many of these same boons.

Now Dr. Kenneth B. Clark, president of the American Psychological Association and professor of psychology at New York's City College, has suggested that science may be on the threshold of a "technical fix" for problems of international aggression and hostility. He looks forward to the time when national leaders may be given pills to curb their aggressive tendencies and to encourage them to act humanely. It is a staggering idea. Suppose such a pill had been available for Genghis Khan, Adolf Hitler or Joseph Stalin!

Unfortunately, the idea is a chimera, and we frankly wonder whether Dr. Clark did not really have a different and genuinely important idea in mind when—perhaps with tongue in cheek—he advanced his proposal. His real purpose may have been to call attention to the possibility that science will come up with chemicals that could be used to control the minds and actions of entire populations, to put millions in chemical slavery along the lines science fiction has speculated about for centuries.

But if he was serious, he was begging the old problem of who bells the cat. Even assuming that there were such a "humanity drug" as Prof. Clark hypothesizes—an assumption still decidedly remote from realization—the leaders least likely to take it would *be precisely those who need it most.* The more demented a political figure, the greater the chances that he would indulge his fantasies by inculcating them in a receptive population, as Hitler did in the 1930s. Who could have forced Hitler or Stalin to take such a drug?

But Prof. Clark's idea does direct attention to a real problem: To what extent in today's hyper-tense world do chiefs of state, legislators, military leaders and other movers and shakers take tranquilizers, amphetamines, alcohol, marijuana, hashish and other mood-affecting drugs? There is a question worth investigating. The need is for consumption of fewer psychological drugs, not more, a maxim that goes for leaders and those they lead as well.

THE NEW YORK TIMES.

International Opinion

Berlin Agreement

The last obstacle to the easing of tension in Europe will now be removed, opening the way for normalization of relations between West Germany and East European countries. With the signing of the Berlin agreement, normalization of relations between East and West Europe will pick up speed. Our particular attention, however, is drawn to the fact that the Berlin agreement is based on approval of the status quo of Berlin and Europe, which could not be changed by force in the long period of post-war cold war. The Berlin agreement showed that the situation in Europe cannot be changed by the use of force or war . . . The Berlin agreement must be welcomed as the manifestation of wisdom.

—From the Yomiuri Shimbun (Tokyo).

Mediterranean Cockpit

The speeches made by Mr. Papadopoulos in Salonika and by Col. Qadhafi in Tripoli show some striking similarities. Both naturally invoke "the revolution," from which there can be no going back. Both are staunchly anti-Communist. Here, moreover, are two countries belonging to an area—the Mediterranean Sea—which is becoming increasingly a focus of rivalry between powers bigger than themselves. Both Mr. Papadopoulos and Col. Qadhafi come up against the irritations of Mediterranean power politics when dealing with their independent offshore islands—Cyprus and Malta. President Makarios is determined that there shall be no arrangement between the Greek and Turkish governments over his head—that the final burying of their hatchet, beneficial though that would be for Mediterranean peace, must not be at his expense. To prevent this he will invoke the help of Moscow, just as Mr. Mintoff is quick to call in Moscow as a counterweight to Britain or NATO.

—From the Times (London).

In the International Edition

Seventy-Five Years Ago

September 9, 1896

PARIS—The Prefect of the Police of Paris has decided to allow petroleum motor carriages to take their place on the cab stands of this city along with the ordinary cabs, and, they will probably soon be as frequently seen as cabs in the ranks, as are the cabs with india-rubber or pneumatic tires seen at the present time. Admittedly they are not as comfortable nor as clean as the horse-drawn carriages, but with modern improvements, these faults will soon change.

Fifty Years Ago

September 9, 1921

PARIS—President Harding is certainly very human and very close to the people of America. He understands them and they believe that they understand him. Many disillusionments have come to the public in the course of Presidential terms, but so far as the future may be read, the popularity of Mr. Harding seems to be of the staying kind, largely because he has no extravagant pretensions. He is just a plain American, trying his best to fulfill a heavy trust, that is all.



Buried

Mr. Whiskers

By James Reston

LONDON—These are hard days for Uncle Sam. In Asia, the Old Gentleman is denounced as an imperialist, and in Europe as an isolationist. In one place it is said he is too rich and powerful, in the other that he is too poor and tired to play his historic role in the world.

In Peking and Moscow, they say they want him to go home, and in Tokyo, Bonn, Paris and London they're afraid he will. Meanwhile, the voices of America shout at him both to stand steady and pull back, and President Nixon, tugged this way and that, does one thing one day and another the next, trying to keep some kind of balance.

Well, if it's any consolation to the President, and it probably isn't, the leaders in Peking and Moscow have some of the same political problems, only—and it's a big difference—they don't have to explain in public what they do.

The Chinese People's Republic has recently been explaining to the Chinese public why it invited President Nixon to Peking after denouncing his administration as "an enemy of the Chinese people." And Moscow has been even more active.

Men in Motion

It has been announced in the Soviet capital that Chairman Brezhnev is going to Paris, that Premier Kosygin is going to Canada in October, and that Chancellor Willy Brandt of West Germany is going to Moscow this month.

So what is going on now, at least on the surface, is a propaganda war of statements, broadcasts, and diplomatic visits by political big-shots to unexpected capitals. Maybe there is something ominous behind all this, but all governments seem to be moving their politicians and not their military divisions around, and this is not a bad exchange.

If you wander around the capitals of the world these days and listen to the propaganda and watch the people, one thing is fairly clear: All governments are in trouble.

They cannot deal with the complexities of modern life or meet the expectations of their people, try as they might, whether under the democratic, Socialist, or Communist systems. There are simply too many problems, but it is easy to find excuses or devils, and the most prominent of these now is Uncle Sam.

He is the British John Bull of the last age. He has political and economic interests all over the world. What he does to defend his interests in Asia hurts his interests in Europe. When he tries to establish normal relations with Peking, he is accused of dumping Chiang Kai-shek on Taiwan and being hostile to the Soviet Union, and even indifferent to the interests of Japan.

All this makes for big statements by politicians out of the world capitals and big headlines in the press, but their statements sound more important than they actually are.

The important thing now is that all the major governments sense that they are moving into the world beyond the disputes of the last World War and even beyond Vietnam, and are trying to find out, by a series of diplomatic visits, what the shape of the new post-Vietnam world is going to be.

The Communist governments are carrying on all the old propaganda themes against Uncle Sam, but Washington and Moscow are talking about the control of strategic arms at Helsinki, Nixon and Premier Chou En-lai are getting together in Peking, the Japanese and American cabinets are meeting this week in Washington, and the American and European parliamentarians are convening in Paris.

Meanwhile, there is the most intense discussion among the financial experts of all the major trading nations about the organization of a new monetary system in the world. Much more than is generally realized, private talks are in progress about the practical problems of international trade and finance, and about the common interests of the major trading nations rather than their differences.

So there is a basic difference between the private and public relations of the major nations. The attack on Uncle Sam by some government propaganda agencies and by newspapers, even in the Western countries, is intense. But in private, serious attempts are being made to find common answers to common problems, not only within the non-Communist world but across the Iron Curtain.

A Soviet View of Israel: I

By Victor Louis

MOSCOW.—Suffering from operable appendicitis in Peking is certainly going to extremes in the cause of journalism, but when my modest lumbago made its presence felt again this summer I, too, looked on it as an opportunity.

A specialist here suggested that Israel was the best place to go for a cure for my lumbago. I wondered why, until it was explained to me that there are many lumbago specialists in Israel. The Jewish people are renowned for their fondness for going to the doctor and, after all, Israel is a good place to go in any case. Eight years ago my wife and I made our first visit to the country and a year later I went to Jerusalem again, but from the Jordanian side. So I thought of my old acquaintances, sent off a cable and received a welcoming reply.

I was glad to meet old friends again and to see the changes. I hired a car to take me down from Jerusalem to the hospital in Tel Aviv and picked up some hitchhikers on the way because this is always a good way to get talking. I could only laugh at myself for the sharp reminder of where I was: when I meant to place my hand on the knee of the smiling girl beside me, I caressed the machine gun that lay in her lap.

Te. Aviv to me was just as hard to recognize as are many of the rapidly changing, newly built cities in the Soviet Union.

On my previous visit, I kept recalling the famous Jewish writer Sholom Aleichem's descriptions of Jewish settlements: the summer evenings, people strolling along Dizengoff Street dressed in their best, the plump women bedecked with gold bracelets and heavy rings, holding loud conversations.

These things are past and gone. Today's Tel Aviv has a European look about it. This time I could order a glass of Coke without the reproachful comment that I received on my first visit: "What? This isn't America, you know."

The Jews who live far away in the Jewish Autonomous Region of Birobidjan in the Soviet Far East have now lost another argument in favor of their homeland. When I had talked to them about Israel they had been proud to point out that they could get a telecast from Khabarovsk while there was no television in Israel. But now TV has come to this country and the whole rhythm of life has speeded up. Only the occasional upturned slab of paving stone reminds one that these people are building their city on the sand and in conditions of heat hard for those from colder climes.

Moscow Slang

The sound of impeccable Russian interwoven with current Moscow slang is another new aspect of Tel Aviv. But this is hardly surprising now that there are days when more Jews arrive at Lod Airport from Russia to settle than Jewish tourists on a visit from America.

I was concerned to know if Israel was ready to absorb so many immigrants. I was assured that she was, and as I learned that there is a possibility of Jerusalem's population being increased by 200,000 over the next four years, I assumed that plenty of room for immigrants would be found.

Nevertheless, I am afraid that I may be right in prophesying that in the future there will not only be a "Jewish question" in the Soviet Union, but also in Israel itself. The Soviet Union remains the only country from which any substantial numbers of immigrants will arrive. The outcome of the Six-Day War brought Israel not only new territories but also the goodwill of countless Russian Jews, and awoke in many of them the desire to emigrate.

Russia found herself in the ironic position of supplying arms to Egypt and at the same time allowing a flow of potential soldiery to Israel.

One of Israel's problems in handling the newcomers from Russia is finding them work according to their training and experience, when often their past experience is quite useless in the new surroundings. The director of a shop in Russia, for instance, has no special training but holds his position from his knowledge of local custom. Again, what job can be found for the most explicit lecturer if his subject is Marxism or for the lawyer who has spent 25 years practicing collective farm law? Admittedly, the present-day immigrants are much better off than those of ten years ago: they receive all kinds of financial and material help, are entitled to special tax exemptions for the first few years and have advantages as they obtain their basic equipment on arrival, but money is not everything.

This is the first of two articles, written for The New York Times, by Victor Louis, a controversial Soviet journalist who recently spent some time in Israel and who sometimes carries out missions for the Soviet Security Police (the KGB).

A Bereaved Mother's Letters

'Panic Does Not Wait'

Robert J. Boutin jr., 20 years old, of Stonington, Conn., died early one morning last month in the explosion of a powder magazine near his home. His mother, Hilda M. Boutin, wrote these two letters, reprinted from The New York Times, shortly after the young man's death:

To Every Parent:

You have read that my son died in an explosion. The papers were kind. They left open the possibility that it was an accident. It was not. My son had been working with his father. He knew dynamite. He knew how to handle it safely, and he know how to detonate it.

He came to my husband and me late Wednesday night and told us he had taken LSD five or six times over the period of four months. He was now frightened at what it was doing to him. He wanted help.

We made several calls trying to find out where we could get help. My son told us that he knew there was a drug treatment center in Norwich. We called, but it was late at night and I was told if we went to Norwich at night we would have to sign him in for 90 days, but if we came at 8 o'clock in the morning there were doctors on duty from 8 to 5 o'clock who could help him.

We talked it over and my son said he would go with me in the morning. We talked longer and we thought that he would be all right. He went downstairs to his room and I went down to say goodnight. I told him again that his father and I would do all we could to help him. He said, "I know, *Mom, I'll be all right.*" That was at 12:30 a.m. and before 2 a.m. my son was dead.

I wish I could sit here and tell you some way, some telltale sign to look for in your children to warn you. I cannot. My son was closer to my husband and me on that last day of his life than he had been for a long time. He came home from work with his father and they went out to look at a job that my husband was going to let Bobby do by himself.

Bobby was pleased that his father had confidence in him. On the way home, they stopped and Bobby made arrangements to insure his car so he could drive it again next week. He was happy and planning ahead during supper.

My husband and I both [illegible] felt that last week our son, [illegible] had been drifting away from [illegible] was finding his way home. [illegible] seemed happier at home [illegible] last week than he had [illegible] months. He spent a lot of [illegible] in his room listening to his [illegible] stereo, which he had brought into his room, but this [illegible] thought was normal for some one his age. He was making plans for his future, but all the while he was fighting for his life alone, not saying anything to us until it was too late.

The only thing I can say is that there should have been some help for him late at night when he needed it. Panic does not wait for the hours of 8 to 5. Panic comes with the lengthening shadows and darkness. And there has to be something there when they need it if we are to save our children.

* * *

To My Son Robert's Friends:

I know some of you by name, most of you just by your faces, and I am sure that some of you I have never seen. But this I know, my son loved you. He was loyal to you. His loyalty and love for you came before his family, before his own life.

What he repeated to my husband and me on that last night was, "I am worried about my friends, I don't want to lose my friends, but I need help. My friends will have to understand. I don't want to lose them, but I need help."

If you were my son's friends you know that he did not go downtown for several days before he died. He told me that he was staying home to save money to get his car back on the road. I know that he stayed home to fight, to "get his head straight" by himself. But until he realized he could not do it alone did he come to me, too late.

If my son's death has frightened you, do not wait, do not try to fight alone. Go to your parents now. If you cannot go to them, go to Norwich. Nine days is not too great a price to pay for the rest of your life.

Letters

Church and Property

I read with great interest the review of the book "Revolution Through Peace" (IHT, Sept. 2). It is very interesting to see how easily every wrong that exists is attributed to exploitation by the rich nations—especially the United States. It is still more interesting to note how quickly such views are taken on by American intellectuals who seem to thrive in self-hatred. It is worthwhile noting that Pope Paul's encyclical to the effect that there is no absolute right to private property, and that no one has the right to reserve for his exclusive use more than he needs, has never had any bearing on the Church's worldly possessions which, to say the least, are far from modest.

It is very easy, and quite common nowadays, to blame the deploring situation that exists in Brazil on capitalism or exploitation by the big American corporations, but it is a historical fact that the Catholic Church, of which Dom Helder is a part, carries the main responsibility for the present situation in the underdeveloped parts of Latin America, Spain or Italy.

During the ages, the church has been very successful at providing scapegoats in order to draw away the attention of the poor and the suffering, instead of trying to cure their ailments. It looks to me that this new saint of yours is only keeping the old practice, with a new target in mind. It would be a little more convincing if Dom Helder's oratory did not originate from a man of the cloth. As for the remark that Dom Helder would be called a "Zaddick" by a Hassidic Jew, let me say that the main trait of a "Zaddick" is sincerity and not hypocrisy.

Dr. I.M. BAR-NIR.
Heidelberg.

Strange Bedfellows

Although both Vice-President Nguyen Cao Ky and Gen. Duong Van Minh oppose President Thieu's policy and practices and withdrew from the upcoming presidential election because of the latter, they make very strange bedfellows indeed. Vice-President Ky was long regarded as a superhawk, whereas Gen. Minh is well-known for his moderate if somewhat imprecise position, and both men nurtured enough ambition as to consider each other dangerous rivals. What they have in common is their professed willingness to attain peace, and a war-weary Vietnam their parliamentary alliance is enough to put Thieu out of power—if he stands by his present rigid approach.

But President Thieu is a resourceful politician and he still is the man in charge in Saigon. He only has to make some symbolic gesture toward peace to make Minh and Ky look like impotent contenders.

Dr. NGUYEN XUAN CHANH
Clermont-Ferrand, France.

The Ultimate Fix

Your article (Sept. 6) about Kenneth B. Clark, president of the American Psychological Association, advocating the development of some "Peace Pill" to be fed to world leaders made me wonder whether the honorable gentleman was serious or was joking during some alumni meeting. Firstly, what self-respecting drug company would find it profitable to develop a pill which would be swallowed by just a few? Secondly, what world leader could be trusted to keep swallowing these pills, even while attending the everlasting arms limitations talks, when he'd probably yearn for a pep pill instead?

It would seem more appropriate to hand out such pills to the innumerable scientists, technicians, military and civilian personnel who have anything to do with the nuclear rockets, planes, marines and bombs. In this way nuclear fusion would be defused and peace preserved. The drug companies would be happy and last but not least, the world leaders could be provided with popguns to work off their bellicose aggressive tendencies.

H.G. KAUDI
Paris.

Ruble Rates

And now amidst the rabble rubble, where stands the ruble? Is it possible that the Communists know more about money management than the Canny Capitalists?

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PARIS, THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 9, 1971

...an Stirred by Leak ...Rogers' Yen Talk

By Selig S. Harrison

...Sept. 8 (WP).—An ...id by U.S. Secretary ...William P. Rogers for a ...ward revaluation of ...n an address prepared ...y tomorrow has stirred ...panese reaction.

Japanese newspapers published the full text of a speech draft said to be scheduled for delivery by Mr. Rogers at the opening session of the annual cabinet-level Japan-U.S. economic conference in Washington. Informed sources stated that the text had been provided to the Japanese government in confidence by the United States and was leaked to the press by hard-line elements among officials here seeking to stiffen the Japanese stand at the meeting.

[In Washington, U.S. officials today belatedly acknowledged that the United States is seeking a major revaluation of the Japanese yen in talks between members of the U.S. and Japanese cabinets, the Associated Press reported. But press officer Charles Bray refused to confirm the Rogers position, saying only that his speech has not been finalized. Other U.S. and Japanese officials confirmed the accuracy of the reports carried in Japanese newspapers.]

Excerpts from the opening address planned by Foreign Minister Takeo Fukuda were also published. But the Kyodo News Agency said that Mr. Fukuda had indicated plans to rewrite his speech with a "tougher" stand on revaluation after learning of the Rogers text leakage on arrival in Washington.

In the most complete version of the draft attributed to Mr. Rogers, published by Mainichi Shimbun, the secretary of state said that the pace of Japan's trade liberalization "without revaluation of the yen, has clearly not been fast enough to keep a reasonable balance in Japan's external accounts."

"A major revaluation of the yen in relation to the dollar is the single most important action needed for improving the economic relations between our two countries," Mr. Rogers was quoted as saying.

The initial Fukuda speech draft stressed Japanese plans for liberalising imports and made no direct reference to revaluation plans. Japan's action on Aug. 28 permitting the yen to rise between 6 and 7 percent over its previous parity of 360 to the dollar will bring a "considerable" shrinkage of Japanese exports to the American market, he said, and "from this standpoint, Japan desires that the United States discontinue its import surcharge at the earliest possible date."

Japanese press and TV comment said that it was "offensive" for Mr. Rogers to make an open call for revaluation in a bilateral forum. While the issue was expected to dominate backstage talks, commentators stated, Japan has planned to make its expected decision to revalue behind the face-saving cloak of multilateral action and views currency valuation as a sovereign national prerogative.

It is understood that Japanese negotiators will initially indicate readiness to accept a 7 or 8 percent upward revaluation on the condition that the United States agree to a compromise on the dollar devaluation issue and specify a timetable for removal of the import surcharge.

...s Plan ...onAgainst ...culators

...Sept. 8 (AP-DJ).—The ...rnment asked parlia... for full authority to ...e Swiss franc and ... to punish foreign cur...culators who deposit ...y by imposing a "nega... if interest."

...uncement after today's ...eting said the govern... for the right to take ...ther measures in case ...ary crisis should lead ...ularly serious disturb... Switzerland. The "other ... were not revealed.

...rnment said the nega...st rate would be ap... "certain categories" of ...tablished after July 31 ...anks by persons who ...sidents. Between the ... and President Nixon's ...policy speech on Aug. ...e Swiss national bank ...porting the dollar, it ...n estimated $2 billion ...culative funds that mov...e country.

...ntinued Danger

...rnment explained that ... of currency specula...sts and "a continued ...y Swiss francs cannot ...d since other countries ... more and more meas...st the influx of foreign ...

...nd has virtually no ...oreign exchange con...ancial policy has tra... been conducted on the ... a "gentlemen's agree...ween the government ...ational bank on the one ... the leading Swiss ...nks on the other. ... banks honored the ...rrangement. Within ...ment, Swiss banks ...ok measures to curb ... of speculative money, ...o interest payments ... by foreigners.

...rnment explained to... the monetary crisis ...re urgent and severe ...hich simply could not ... on the basis of a ...men's agreement.

... reason it asked for ... to control the situa...tree that would be ...ll banks and financial ... in Switzerland.

...ion was requested for ...measures to prevent ...rbances of the ... defend the purchas... of the franc, and to ...x of unwanted for... and facilitate its ...

... is expected to ap...quest.

...t German Yen-Trade Halt ...ts Reaction From Japanese

...RT, Sept. 8 (Reu... ...ation of the yen ... the Frankfurt ...nge market will not ...until the Japanese ...ke steps to alter the ...r present exchange-...tes, market officials ...

...ewsmen that so far ... have failed to react ...'s indefinite sus... ...e yen quotation on ... official markets.

... of the Japanese ...eeze foreigners' yen ... at the level of Aug. ... at the level prevail... ...ay, Japanese banks ...refusing to accept ...en from customers' ...her banks.

...is said the West ...ets had failed to re...value of the yen in ...days and that the ... had moved errat... ...de facto revalua...

...tions of the mark against the yen of between 1 and 3.7 percent at various times between Aug. 30 and the suspension of the quotation yesterday.

Trading in yen in West Germany had developed into a "lottery," the officials said.



Associated Press.

CRISIS TALKS—Finance ministers of Italy and Benelux met in Brussels Wednesday. Photograph shows, from left: Belgium's Jean Snoy et d'Oppuers, Luxembourg's Pierre Werner, Belgian Vice-Premier André Cools and Italy's Mario Ferrari-Aggradi.

EEC Fails to Agree on Joint Float

By Richard Norton-Taylor

BRUSSELS, Sept. 8 (WP).—Members of the European Common Market will continue to float their currencies separately against the dollar at least until after the annual meeting of the International Monetary Fund in Washington on Sept. 27.

This was made clear here today by Baron Jean Snoy et d'Oppuers, Belgium's Finance Minister, following a meeting with his Dutch, Luxembourg and Italian opposite numbers.

Evidently, the recent flurry of activity on the part of Mario Ferrari-Aggradi, Italy's Treasury Minister and current chairman of the Market's council of ministers, has failed to bring France and West Germany—the two main antagonists—any closer to agreement on a concerted Common Market float against the dollar, or on new fixed parities for the European currencies.

But Baron Snoy said he hoped the Six would be able to arrive at a common position "to resolve all the monetary problems that have emerged since Aug. 16" (the day following President Nixon's announcement of his new economic program) "rapidly" after the IMF meeting. Only when they have done so will the major Western European countries be able to present an effective counter to President Nixon's initiative in suspending the gold convertibility of the dollar.

He told a news conference that the Six "needed more experience" of how the foreign exchange markets function under the different existing systems. At present, the deutsche mark and the Italian lire are floating individually, the Benelux currencies are floating jointly against the dollar, while France is operating a two-tier foreign exchange market.

The finance ministers indicated today that, for the time being, they would concentrate on adopting a joint stand on long-term reform of the international monetary system. Baron Snoy hoped that the Six could agree on a number of important points at a special Common Market finance ministers meeting in Brussels next Monday.

At that meeting, the EEC executive commission, a nine-man independent body, will produce its own proposals on the reform of IMF rules.

The commission also wants to stimulate the Six into joint action on controlling speculative flows of short-term capital.

There is a growing feeling in EEC circles that the Six are moving toward agreement on a system that would peg currency parities to gold-backed special drawing rights and no longer to the dollar.

Mr. Ferrari-Aggradi told newsmen today that one of the most positive aspects of the past few weeks of European consultations was the "very encouraging and friendly" attitude of the British government. He will have talks with Anthony Barber, Britain's Chancellor of the Exchequer, on Sept. 14, the eve of the meeting of the Group of Ten in London.

Western Executives See Need To Boost Business Social Role

NEW YORK, Sept. 8 (NYT).—Foreign executives are in agreement with their counterparts in the United States that business must develop new initiatives to expand its social role and improve communications with the public.

This is disclosed in a report released yesterday by the Conference Board based on a survey of 195 top-level executives in non-Communist countries.

Last week, results of a similar survey published in the September-October issue of the Harvard Business Review showed that a majority of executives now express the view that the corporation is responsible to customers, employees and the public as well as to stockholders.

Almost all executives said they believed business must play a greater social role, and failure to act will have harsh results. One U.S. company president noted that fulfillment of both the social and economic roles is necessary if private enterprise is to survive in its present form.

A Canadian executive said that more than just money is needed. He said that "open involvement" in issues of racial equality, ecology, housing and elimination of hunger at home and abroad is necessary to prove that assistance is not being grudgingly extracted.

Social-Service Leaves

STAMFORD, Conn., Sept. 8 (UPI).—Xerox Corp. announced today a pioneering program which will permit employees to take a year's leave of absence with full pay to pursue a self-selected social welfare project.

A company spokesman said only employees who have a minimum of three years of employment with the company will be eligible for the program. This would be about 28,000 persons, he said.

The plan would limit social-service leaves to 240 man-months a year. If each employee selected were granted a year's leave, 20 people could participate. A seven-member evaluation committee representing a cross-section of Xerox employees will select those to be granted leaves.

800 U.K. Firms Back Pledge To Restrain Price Increases

LONDON, Sept. 8 (Reuters).—Around 800 of Britain's top firms have pledged to try to hold down their price increases for a year, Sir John Partridge, president of the Confederation of British Industry, announced today.

Sir John was reporting on the response to a CBI campaign to get promises from industrial enterprises to peg their prices or limit unavoidable increases to 5 percent as a contribution toward fighting inflation.

He said that of the 201 companies asked by the CBI to back the idea, 176 had agreed and only 18 had rejected it. But, he added, 600 other firms had voluntarily offered to sign the pledge.

Sir John warned, however, that price moderation could not be sustained for long unless it was matched by reasonable pay settlements.

"If these are not forthcoming over the next few months, we shall all too quickly revert to a ruinous state of prices chasing pay costs and pay chasing prices," he added.

Tube Investments Net Rises Slightly

LONDON, Sept. 8 (AP-DJ).—Tube Investments Ltd. said today net profit for the six months ended June 30 rose slightly to £5.18 million from £5.17 million a year ago.

Sales increased 3.8 percent to £179.47 million from the previous period's £172.85 million, the engineering firm said.

The company declared an unchanged interim dividend of 9 percent.

No Immediate Results

U.S. Presses Firms to Annul Dividend Rises Voluntarily

By Philip Shabecoff

WASHINGTON, Sept. 8 (NYT).—The Nixon administration sought yesterday to put pressure on six corporations that are said to have raised dividends in defiance of a presidential request. The effort produced no immediate results.

High-ranking members of the Cost of Living Council met for more than two hours with executives of the six corporations, who were summoned to Washington to explain why they had allegedly increased their dividends during the 90-day wage and price freeze called by the President Aug. 15.

In his address that day, Mr. Nixon requested that "corporations extend the wage-price freeze to all dividends," despite the fact that profits, interest and dividends were not officially included in the freeze.

After the meeting, Paul W. McCracken, vice-chairman of the council, told reporters that the business executives had expressed "full support of the President's program and objectives" and would endeavor to cooperate fully.

However, none of the companies promised to roll back announced dividend increases. In fact, the head of one company said that his corporation never did intend to raise its dividend.

Louis Pozez, president of the Volume Shoe Co., told reporters the company had announced a quarterly dividend of 10 cents, the same as in previous quarters, and that he had "no idea" why he had been summoned to Washington.

The President's executive order placed a mandatory freeze on wages, prices and rents. Profits, interest and dividends are not included.

The six companies are Volume Shoe; Briggs and Stratton Corp., a maker of small motors; Martin Yale Industries, Inc., an office machine and graphics concern; National Propane Co., a heating-gas distributor; Florida Telephone Corp., and the Selas Corp. of America, a maker of heat-processing equipment.

Mr. McCracken would not say what, if any, action the council could take to force the companies to roll back their dividend payments if the companies did not do so voluntarily.

Yale A. Blank, president of Martin Yale Industries, said after the meeting that he did not know whether his company would change its dividend payment. "I have no idea what we will do," he said.

Max Wettstein, the president of Florida Telephone, told reporters that his company had declared an increase in its dividend to be paid Dec. 20—after the expiration of the wage-price freeze—and did not deem that action a violation of the President's request.

U.S. Industry Sees Sluggish Second Half

WASHINGTON, Sept. 8 (AP-DJ).—Manufacturers have been expecting sluggish sales and inventory accumulation in the second half of this year, according to the Commerce Department's latest survey.

But, the department noted, "virtually all" of the survey was taken before President Nixon's new economic policies were announced on Aug. 15.

The latest survey shows that manufacturers believe sales will climb less than 1 percent in the current quarter to a seasonally adjusted $176 billion and then gain only slightly more than 1 percent next quarter to an adjusted $178 billion. Sales rose more than 6 percent in the first quarter and about 3 percent in the second period.

The latest projection also represents a scaling-down from three months ago, when manufacturers were looking for a 3 percent advance in third-quarter sales.

Inventories, according to the survey, are seen rising only $400 million in the third quarter to an adjusted $100.9 billion and then gaining to an adjusted $102.1 billion in the last quarter. Inventories were unchanged in both the first and second quarter, but three months ago manufacturers were anticipating about a $900 million gain in third-quarter stocks.

The stock-sales ratio fell from 1.88 at the end of 1970 to 1.72 at mid-1971, the department reported. The ratio is expected to remain at 1.72 for the remainder of the current calendar year.

Company Reports

Litton Industries

Fourth Quarter	1971	1970*
Revenue (millions).	681.0	665.6
Profits (millions) ..	13.82	15.62
Per Share (Diluted)	0.36	0.42
Year		
Revenue (millions)	2,466.0	2,404.3
Profits (millions) ..	50.0	68.75
Per Share (Diluted)	1.30	1.85

* Adjusted.

Publicis International

Second Quarter	1971	1970
Revenue (millions).	116.3	114.0
Profits (millions) ..	1.8	1.52
Per Share	0.40	0.34
First Half		
Revenue (millions).	232.6	226.9
Profits (millions) ..	3.46	3.27
Per Share	0.77	0.74

N.Y. Prices Gain During Slow Session

Nixon Speech Cited As Reason for Caution

By Vartanig G. Vartan

NEW YORK, Sept. 8 (NYT).—New York Stock Exchange prices edged higher today as investors and traders appeared to watch developments in Washington as closely as the ticker tape.

Lessened block activity cut volume to 14.23 million shares from 17.08 million yesterday. The Dow Jones industrial average moved up 4.46 to finish at 920.93. This put the blue-chip indicator about 30 below its 1971 closing high in late April.

Despite this gain in the popular averages, analysts detected an air of watch-and-wait in Wall Street. One event that tape-watchers are awaiting is the address President Nixon is to make tomorrow before a joint session of Congress concerning his new economic program.

Glamours Gain

Selected glamour and blue-chip issues posted gains of more than a point a piece today, but most stocks showed small price changes.

Natomas, one of the market's better gainers, rose 3 1/2 to 88 1/4. Some chartists have recommended the oil-exploration issue.

Digital Equipment climbed 1 1/4 to 81 1/4 after introducing five large-scale computer systems.

Avon Products climbed 2 1/8 to 98. The nation's leading maker of toiletries and cosmetics has been under pressure in recent weeks because of lowered estimates for its 1971 profits.

Standard Oil of New Jersey, strong for the second straight day, rose 1 to 73 3/4.

Gateway Industries Up

Among low-price issues, Gateway Industries repeated as a point-plus gainer. It rose 1 1/2 to 13 1/8. The company, a producer of seat belts for automobiles, predicted sharp earnings gains for both 1971 and 1972.

Each of the "big three" automotive stocks showed fractional gains, while some profit-taking was evident in rail and airline stocks, which displayed strength yesterday.

Crown Cord & Seal, the volume leader, slipped 1/8 to 19 1/4. International Telephone & Telegraph, showing the best point gain on the active list, rose 1 to 59 1/4 in a partial rebound from yesterday's loss of 1 7/8.

On the American Stock Exchange prices finished slightly higher as the Amex index rose 0.07 to 25.69.

Canada to Help Exporters Hit By Surcharge

OTTAWA, Sept. 8 (NYT).—The Canadian government has outlined a plan to help exporters that are forced to lay off significant numbers of workers because of the 10 percent surcharge on imports into the United States imposed by President Nixon in mid-August.

Jean-Luc Pepin, the minister of industry, trade and commerce, told the House of Commons yesterday that an $80 million assistance fund the government was establishing was not a reprisal aimed at the United States but a defensive measure, "a kind of umbrella," intended to "protect Canadian jobs."

Eligible companies could get payments equal to up to two-thirds of the surtax on their 1970 sales in the United States. Presumably, such sums, which some nongovernmental sources called subsidies, would enable the companies to reduce their prices by equal amounts. That would tend to diminish the competitive advantage Mr. Nixon intended to give American producers by laying an extra duty on imported goods.

However, officials insisted that the government was concerned only with maintaining employment at home and that decisions about export prices and volume would be up to the manufacturer.

U.S. Securities Groups to Merge Into All-Inclusive Organization

NEW YORK, Sept. 8 (WP).—The two largest trade associations in the securities industry have announced plans to form an all-inclusive organization at the beginning of next year.

Subject to the approval of their boards of governors, the Investment Bankers Association of America and the Association of Stock Exchange Firms will both be dissolved at the end of this year, to be replaced by the new group, tentatively called The Securities Industry Association, on Jan. 1.

The result of more than 20 months of negotiation between the two groups, the TSIA will have its main office in New York and will maintain the current IBA headquarters in Washington.

The new group will have a membership of more than 800 banks and brokers. The IBA currently lists 625 members, while the ASEF, whose rolls are limited to member firms of the New York Stock Exchange, has 450. Some 200 to 250 firms are members of both groups.

Leon T. Kendall, president of the ASEF, will be president of the new organization, according to present plans, Gordon L. Calvert, executive director of the IBA, will be executive vice-president.

The drive to merge the two organizations began in December, 1969. At the time, those who favored the move argued that the broad nature of industry problems, such as the back-office operations squeeze and impending congressional legislation, required a unified industry front. Opponents objected to including firms that were not strictly in the securities business.

Under the new plan, virtually all members of both organizations will be eligible for membership in TSIA, although some mutual fund distributing firms may be barred, sources said.

In addition, many firms are members of both groups and individuals are often called on to work for both at the same time. At present, there are six dual governors, but a number of officers of one group have in the past been officers of the other.

Last April, the two organizations took the first step to merger when they opened a joint legislative office in Washington to handle congressional relations. Since the two groups have different fields of interest—the IBA is mainly concerned with sales and research while the ASEF concentrates on operations and management—there is not expected to be much paring of staffs.

FINANCIAL NEWS AND NOTES

Australian Oilmen Seek Merger

Directors of Woodside Oil, Mideastern Oil and BOC of Australia will formally recommend that shareholders accept a proposal to merge the three companies into Woodside-Burmah Oil, a new company. Woodside-Burmah would control 50 percent of the companies' consolidated interest in the northwestern continental shelf oil and gas prospect. BOC of Australia is a subsidiary of Burmah Oil of Britain. Under the plan, Burmah would acquire slightly more than 50 percent of Woodside-Burmah's capital.

P and O Bids for General Steam

Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation Co. is bidding for the shares it does not already own in General Steam Navigation Co. The terms of the offer are £9 cash for every ordinary share and 80 pence cash for every preference share. P and O already owns 86.2 percent of the ordinary shares of General Steam, and 1.3 percent of the issued preference capital. The offer values the outstanding 189,051 ordinary General Steam shares at £1.701 million.

Johns-Manville in German Deal

Johns-Manville Corp., the American asbestos producer, says it has acquired a 75 percent controlling interest in the Schuller fiberglass companies of West Germany for a sum in excess of $10 million. The Schuller group has two divisions—Glaswerke Schuller of Wertheim/Main and Schuller KG of Munich and Wertheim.

Mitsubishi Cutting Back

Mitsubishi Metal Mining Co. plans to reduce its labor force because of a slump in nonferrous metal sales resulting from the new U.S. economic policies and the floating of the yen. A spokesman said results for the six months ending Sept. 30 will show a decline from the previous six-month period, when after-tax profits reached 822 million yen on gross sales of 54.168 billion.

Largest Tanker Delivered

Tokyo Tanker Co. has taken delivery of a 372,400 deadweight-ton tanker which it says is the world's largest completed vessel. The tanker, named the Nisseki Maru, was constructed in 10 months by Ishikawajima-Harima Heavy Industry Co. at a cost of 9 billion yen ($26 million at the current rate of exchange). The tanker is 1,138 feet long, 177 feet wide and 115 feet high. Tokyo Tanker said the Nisseki Maru will transport Persian Gulf oil to Japan. It said the ship will make nine trips a year to transport 4 million tons of oil.

Spanish Chemical Plant Planned

DuPont reports that Desarrollo Quimico Industrial, a Spanish company which it jointly owns with Energia e Industrias Aragonesas, plans to build a plant with initial annual capacity of 12,000 tons of methylene chloride and chloroform. The cost of the project was not given. The plant will be located on a government-sponsored development area at the mouth of the Odiel River near the Portuguese border and some 60 miles west of Seville.

Hungary Contacts Japan Firms

Two Japanese chemical companies have received inquiries from Hungary concerning possible exports of plant and technology in the polyvinyl-chloride (PVC) field. Shinetsu Chemical Industry said it has been asked by Hungary about the possibility of supplying a 120,000-metric-ton-a-year PVC plant. Kawaguchi Rubber Industry said one of its subsidiaries has received a Hungarian inquiry concerning exports of PVC fabricating machinery and technology for products such as synthetic leather, ceiling tile and film for agricultural use.

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New York Stock Exchange Trading

1971 High	1971 Low	Stocks and Div. in $	Sls. 100s.	First	High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
16¼	13	AbacusF .50g	4	16⅝	16⅝	16½	16⅝	+ ⅛
65½	54	AbbtLb 1.10	84	64	65¼	64	65¼	+ ½
63	45¼	ACF Ind 2.40	32	57½	57½	5	57	— ¾
17½	12¾	AcmeClev .80	31	14⅞	14½	14½	14⅝	— ¼
64¾	42½	Acme Mkt 2b	24	64	64	62½	62½	—2¼
14¾	12¼	AdmsEx .76g	71	13¼	13⅜	12⅞	13	— ¼
19⅝	11½	Ad Millis .20	17	14	14	13½	13⅞	+ ⅛
40¼	23⅞	Address .60g	115	38⅞	39½	38⅜	38⅞	— ½
21	8	Admiral	135	18⅝	19	18⅜	18⅞	+ ⅛
67½	45⅝	AetnaLfe 1.60	490	69	70⅛	68⅞	69	
53	39¼	AetnaLf pf 2	29	53½	53½	53	53½	+ 1½
13¼	8⅝	Aguirre Co	9	11	11	10¾	10⅞	
27¼	20⅛	Aileen Inc	33	26¾	27	26½	26¾	+ ⅜
57¾	44⅞	Air Prod .20b	39	56¾	57	55⅛	55⅞	—1⅜
26½	19	Air Red .60g	156	22⅛	22⅝	22⅛	22½	— ⅛
5⅜	3½	AJ Industries	43	3⅝	3⅝	3½	3⅝	— ⅛
46¾	34¼	Akzona 1a	13	43¼	43¼	42⅞	42⅞	—1
17⅞	15¼	Ala Gas 1.10	7	15⅝	15¾	15⅝	15⅝	— ⅛
29⅛	16⅞	Alaska Inters	44	23	23	22¼	22⅜	— ⅝
46	26⅛	AlbertoC .32	77	29¾	30	29½	30	+ ¼
15⅛	11	Albertsns .36	10	11¾	11⅞	11⅝	11¾	
24¾	18⅛	Alcan Alum 1	279	18⅝	18⅞	18⅜	18¾	— ⅛
24¼	17	AlcoStand .30	63	18⅞	19⅞	18⅝	19⅝	+ ⅜
31⅜	22⅜	Alexndrs .30r	133	24⅝	24⅝	24	24⅛	— ¼
17⅛	12½	AllAmLf .24g	21	15¾	15¾	15⅝	15⅝	— ⅛
18½	11⅛	Alleg Cp .10g	43	14⅛	14¼	14	14¼	
22½	19⅞	AllegLud 1.40	27	23¼	23½	23⅛	23⅜	+ ⅜
45¾	36	AllegLud pf 3	4	39⅝	39¾	39½	39½	— ½
25⅛	19½	AllegPw 1.36	153	22½	22½	21⅝	21⅝	— ⅜
25⅛	15½	AllenEIE .87f	31	22½	22½	22¼	22⅛	+ ⅛
34⅝	23⅜	Allied Ch 1.20	134	34¼	34⅜	34⅛	34⅜	— ¼
39⅞	26¼	Alld Main .45	23	37½	37¾	37	37½	+ ¼
28⅞	19¼	AlldMills .75	3	22	22	21¾	21¾	— ½
21⅞	14½	Allied Pd .68	x67	20⅞	21½	20¾	21½	+ ⅞
37¾	26⅜	AlliedStr 1.40	33	36⅞	37¾	36¾	37¼	+ ⅜
10	6½	Allied Super	32	6⅞	6⅞	6¾	6⅞	— ⅛
19½	12½	AllisCh .15g	72	14⅝	14⅜	14⅛	14¼	
27½	20½	AllrigtAut .60	4	24⅛	24¼	24⅛	24¼	+ ⅛
19¾	13¼	Alpha P Cem	9	15¾	15¼	15½	15½	— ½
70	49¾	Alcoa 1.80	223	51⅝	52	51⅝	52	+ ½
31¼	25⅝	AmalSug 1.60	4	27	27	26¾	26¾	— ⅜
16⅛	11½	AMBAC .50	47	13⅝	13⅝	13⅝	13⅝	— ⅛
25⅛	21¼	Amer Es 1.20	21	24	24⅝	24	24⅝	+ ⅜
45⅞	39½	Am Es pf1.60	4	42¼	43	42¼	43	+ ¼
71½	43⅛	AmHess .22d	x1076	56¾	56¾	55¾	56⅜	— ½
157¾	95½	AmeH pf3.50	393	124½	126	123½	124½	— ¾
73½	53⅞	AAirFiltr .80	48	74⅜	75	74⅛	74⅛	+ ¾
37⅜	21⅞	Am Airl .40p	846	36¼	36¼	35½	36	— ⅛
25	12⅛	ABaker .15g	36	14⅛	14¼	14⅛	14½	— ⅛
49¾	40⅝	A Brnds 2.20	131	44⅝	45	44⅝	45	+ ⅛
48	25	AmBdcst 1.20	85	46	46	45⅝	45¾	— ⅜
37½	30¼	AmBldgM .24	205	27	37½	37	37¼	+ ¼
45⅞	32⅞	Am Can 2.20	162	34¼	34⅜	34	34¼	
25⅛	25	A Can pf1.75	3	25⅝	25⅝	25⅝	25⅝	
10⅞	6⅞	Am Cem .33f	38	8¼	8⅛	8	8	— ⅛
30⅜	23⅞	A Chain 1.60	8	27	27⅜	27	27⅜	+ ⅜
26¼	20⅝	ACrySug 1.40	2	22⅝	22⅝	22⅜	22⅜	— ¼
37⅞	32	A Cyan 1.25	208	35⅞	35⅞	35¼	35¼	— ¾
23¼	17½	Am Distill 1	8	18⅞	19¼	18¾	19¼	+ ½
47¾	28¼	ADistTel .30g	61	48¼	49½	48½	49⅛	+ ⅝
10⅝	7⅞	Am DualVest	19	9½	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝	+ ⅛
11⅞	11⅛	ADuaVt pf.64	24	12¼	12⅝	12⅛	12⅝	+ ⅜
32¾	25¼	AmElPw 1.70	370	26⅜	26½	26⅜	26½	— ⅛
5-32	1-16	AmElPw rt	11772	7-64	⅛	3-32	7-64	
14⅝	4¼	Am Exp Ind	91	7⅛	7⅛	6¾	6⅞	— ⅛
62	20⅜	Am Exp pf	z240	26½	26½	25¾	25¾	—1¾
23¼	17½	Am Fin 1.10	19	18⅛	18⅛	17⅝	17⅝	— ⅝
21½	17⅞	AmFin pf1.50	z100	18½	18½	18½	18½	
28	24⅞	AGnBd 1.45g	234	26⅞	27⅛	26⅞	27	+ ⅛
25	16	A Genins .50	130	24½	24⅝	24⅛	24⅛	— ¼
35⅝	27⅜	A Gnin pf1.80	18	35¼	35⅜	35⅛	35¼	— ⅛
14½	8⅞	Am Hoist .40	33	12⅝	13⅝	13⅛	13⅛	— ⅛
84⅞	73	A Home 1.70	121	82⅛	82⅜	81	81⅜	— ½
39	30⅝	Am Hosp .26	213	37⅜	38⅜	37¼	37⅞	+ ⅛
15⅞	11⅜	Aminvst .37g	24	13½	13⅞	13½	13½	— ¼
38	22⅜	A Medical .12	162	32⅞	32½	32⅛	32½	+ ½
37⅜	29½	A MtlClx 1.40	166	31	31	30⅞	30⅞	— ⅛
106⅞	87¼	A MtlClx pf 4	1	91¾	91¾	91¼	91¾	— ½
9	5⅞	Am Motors	382	8⅛	8¼	7¾	8	
43⅛	35½	AtNatGas 2.20	79	36	36⅞	35¾	36⅜	+ ½
66¼	41½	A ResDv .11g	97	57⅝	59⅞	59	59½	+ ¼
27⅝	16⅞	Am Seat .72	6	18⅝	18⅝	18⅛	18⅝	+ ⅛
35	24	Am Ship .60b	51	30	30	29¼	30	
28¼	22½	A Smelt 1.90	160	23½	23½	23	23⅜	— ⅛
53⅞	41¾	AmSoAfr .70	32	45⅛	45¼	44⅝	45	— ⅜
32¼	19¾	Am Stand .40	951	22¼	23⅜	22¼	22½	+ ⅜
97	68¼	A Std pf4.75	295	72¼	73½	72	73	+ ¾
29¾	22½	Am Sterl .52	114	28¾	29⅛	28½	29½	+ ⅛
12¼	6⅛	AT&T wt	294	8⅝	8¾	8½	8¾	
53⅞	42½	Am T&T 2.60	935	43¾	44⅛	43¾	43⅞	+ ⅛
56⅞	54	Am T&T pf 4	461	58¾	59⅛	58⅝	58⅞	+ ⅜

1971 High	1971 Low	Stocks and Div. in $	Sls. 100s.	First	High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
17	13	AWatWk .60	13	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛	— ⅛
18	15¼	AWW 5pf1.25	z20	16¼	16⅞	16½	16⅞	+ ½
18	15½	AW pref 1.25	z100	16¼	16¼	16¼	16¼	+ ½
24¼	20¾	AW 4.1pf 1.43	z40	22	22¼	22¼	22¼	
23	15	Ameron .60	20	15⅝	16	15⅝	15⅝	
19½	14¼	Ametek .60a	102	18½	18⅞	18¼	18¾	+ ⅛
41⅞	27⅞	AMF Inc 1	126	40	40⅜	40	40¼	— ⅛
39⅝	31½	Amfac .60	173	32¼	33⅛	32½	32⅞	+ ⅝
73¼	54	AMP Inc .64	178	60¾	61½	60¾	61¼	+ ⅝
10¼	7½	AmpPgh .36g	x2	7⅞	7⅞	7¾	7¾	— ⅛
25⅛	13⅞	Ampex Corp	167	17⅝	17⅞	17⅛	17¾	+ ⅛
45	34⅝	Amstar 1.70	42	37¾	37⅞	37⅝	37⅝	— ⅜
42¾	29½	Amsted 1.60	45	42¼	43¼	42⅛	42⅞	+ ⅛
6⅞	6	Amfel .20	21	6½	6⅞	6½	6½	— ⅛
23¼	16⅛	Anacond .50p	313	16¼	16⅝	16	16	— ⅛
40	33	Anch Hock 1	77	35¼	35¼	34¾	35	— ⅛
23	15⅝	Ancorp .48b	25	16⅝	16¾	16½	16¾	
47¾	36½	And Clay 1.20	3	45	45	45	45	
18½	12¼	ApacheCp .25	48	15	15	14⅞	14⅞	— ⅛
36⅝	21⅞	ApcoO 1.29f	44	25¼	25⅞	25¼	25⅞	+ ⅞
14⅞	9¾	Apeco Cp .16	311	11⅞	12⅜	11¾	12⅜	+ ½
25⅞	18⅝	APL Corp	34	21½	21⅞	21⅝	21⅞	+ ⅜
19⅜	10½	Applied Mag	27	14	14	13⅝	13⅝	— ⅜
147½	117	ARA Svc 1.18	157	141	141½	140	141	— ¼
26¼	14¾	Arcata .10g	81	16¼	16⅞	15⅞	16⅜	+ ¾
39⅞	29⅞	ArcataN pf 2	6	30	30¾	30	30¾	+ ⅞
48¾	33	Arch Dan 1	41	42	42⅛	40⅜	40⅜	—1⅝
25	16¼	Ariz PSv 1.08	26	20	20⅛	20	20⅛	+ ⅛
13	5½	Arlans D Str	65	6⅛	6⅝	6⅛	6⅝	+ ½
18⅝	9⅞	Arlen RltyDv	280	14¾	14⅞	14	14¼	— ½
23⅞	15¾	Armco Stl 1	68	18½	18⅝	18⅜	18⅜	— ¼
30	26½	Armc pf 2.10	19	27⅝	28⅛	27⅝	28⅛	+ ¼
73¼	54	Armr pf4.75	z530	68½	70½	68½	70½	+2
36¾	31½	Armst Ck .80	47	39	39¼	38⅞	39	
40	33¼	Arm Ru 1.60	12	38⅜	38⅞	37¾	37¾	— ⅜
41	25	Arvin Ind 1	18	38⅞	38⅞	38½	38½	
30½	21	Ashld Oil 1.20	189	22¼	22¼	22	22⅜	+ ⅛
59	44½	AshlO pf2.40	4	45¼	45¼	45¼	45¼	—1
10⅝	6⅞	Assd Brew	10	8	8⅛	8	8	
57½	40	Assd DG 1.20	92	56¾	57¼	56¾	57½	+1
35	30⅛	Asd Sp 1.20b	3	33¼	33⅜	33⅛	33⅛	— ¼
14⅞	9¾	Assd Transp	48	12⅞	12⅞	12½	12½	— ⅛
21¾	13⅛	Athlone .20g	15	16½	16⅞	16½	16⅞	+ ⅜
25⅛	20⅛	AtlCyEl 1.36	31	22¼	22⅞	22⅜	22⅞	+ ½
78¼	61⅛	Atl Richfld 2	235	74⅛	74½	73¾	73⅞	— ⅜
135¼	104¾	Atl Rich pf 3	5	125	125¼	125	125¼	— ¼
58¾	47½	AtlRch pf2.80	80	56¾	57¼	56¾	57	+ ¼
3½	2⅜	Atlas Corp	65	2¾	2⅞	2⅝	2¾	— ⅛
14⅞	8⅝	ATO Inc .08a	67	10½	10½	10¼	10½	+ ⅛
65	43⅞	Autom Data	16	60	61½	60	61⅛	+1
10⅝	4⅝	Automin Ind	66	7¾	7¾	7½	7⅝	
18	12⅛	Avco Corp	297	17⅝	17¾	17½	17⅝	— ⅛
5½	3⅛	Avco Cp wt	53	5	5	4⅞	4⅞	
46	37¼	Avco pf3.20	56	46	47¼	46	46¾	+ ¾
38⅛	30⅛	Avery Pd .24	21	35⅝	36⅛	35⅝	36⅛	+ ¾
15⅜	8¼	Avnet .15g	368	12⅞	13⅝	12¾	13⅜	+1
77	45	Avnet pf2.50	2	68	68	63	68	+2
33½	19½	Avnet pf 1	1	29	29	29	29	+1½
112	87⅛	Avon Pd 1.30	61	95⅞	98	95⅞	98	+2⅛
24	14¼	AztecOil 1.22f	129	18⅝	20⅛	18⅝	20⅛	+1⅝
42⅝	22	BackW .50	112	39	39⅜	39	39⅜	+ ⅛
44⅞	25⅝	BakrOllT .70	29	44	44¾	43⅝	43⅞	— ⅛
34⅝	28	Balt GE 1.82	178	33⅝	33¾	33⅝	33⅝	+ ⅛
72½	59½	Balt pf B4.50	z10	64	64	64	64	
15	7½	Bangor Punt	36	11	11⅛	10⅞	11	
25⅞	19	BangP pf 2	1	23⅝	23⅝	23⅝	23⅝	— ⅛
39	25¾	Bk ofCal 1.34	2	28¾	29	28¾	29	
72¼	49⅝	Bank Tr 2.84	105	53⅝	55	53½	55	+1½
55¼	42¾	BarberOil 1f	8	47⅜	48	47⅝	47⅝	— ⅜
60¾	44	Bard CR .25a	29	59⅛	59⅞	59⅛	59⅞	+ ⅜
14⅞	8½	Basic Inc .40	4	9⅞	9⅞	9¾	9¾	— ⅛
40	30	Basic pf2.50	z100	35	35	35	35	
24½	14¾	Bates Mf pf 1	104	17¼	17⅞	17¼	17⅞	+ ⅝
39½	22¾	Bathind .20	58	37⅜	37⅞	37¼	37¾	+ ½
160½	46⅝	V BauschL .80	292	147½	153	147½	151⅜	+2⅝
35⅞	25½	Baxt La .11	83	34	34⅛	33⅞	33⅞	— ⅛
12¾	9⅛	Bayk Cig .50	2	10¾	10¾	10¾	10¾	
30¼	25	Bearings	4	29¼	30	29¼	30	+ ⅜
44	34⅝	BeatFds 1.16	312	42½	42⅝	42	42¼	— ⅛
109½	92	Beat Fds pf 4	2	109	109	109	109	+1½
46½	26⅜	Beckman .50	60	41⅛	41⅛	40⅞	40¾	— ½
47	31	Bect Dick .30	545	34⅝	35⅜	34¼	35⅜	+ ⅜
21⅜	12	BeechAir .60	15	15⅜	15¾	15½	15⅜	+ ¼
15	7¼	Beech Crk	z40	8	8	8	8	
24¾	16½	BelcoPel .50	205	17½	18⅛	17¼	18⅛	+ ⅜
29¼	22¼	Belden 1.20	8	22⅝	22⅝	22½	22½	— ⅜
39½	16¼	BeldngH .60	29	38	38	36¾	36¾	—1½
53	32⅛	Bell How .60	147	47¼	47¾	46⅛	47	— ⅞
15¼	9⅛	Bell Intrcon	71	13¼	13½	13¼	13⅜	+ ⅜
22¾	15⅜	Bemis Co .40	11	18⅛	18¼	18	18	
43⅞	25½	Bendix 1.60	79	43⅝	43½	43	43¼	— ½
66½	48¼	Bendix pf 3	7	65	65	65	65	— ½

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64⅞	50¼	BenefCp 1.60	216	61⅞	61⅞	61	61⅞	— ⅜
192	154	Benefl pf5.50	1	184	184	184	184	+3
62	53½	Benefl pf4.50	z40	56	56	56	56	
99½	80½	Benefl pf4.30	13	91¾	92¼	91¾	92¼	+ ¾
35⅝	3	Benfl 5pf 2.50	z10	32½	32½	32½	32½	
10	5½	Benguet	94	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝	— ⅛
		Benguet fn	1.	6¼	6¼	6	6¼	
13¾	7¾	Berkey Pho	139	13⅜	13⅞	12¾	13⅛	
27¾	20½	Beth Stl 1.20	277	26⅞	26⅞	26⅝	26¾	— ⅛
42¾	35⅞	Big Three .52	21	41	41	40⅝	40⅝	— ⅞
79	56	BlackDeckr 1	110	74⅞	75	74⅞	75	+ ⅛
24¾	16	BlairJohn .48	15	19½	19⅝	19⅞	19⅝	+ ⅛
29¼	19⅝	Bliss Laug 1	41	21½	21½	21⅛	21½	
35½	25	Block HR .24	75	31	31¾	30⅝	31⅜	+ ⅜
78½	53⅝	Blue Bell 1.20	38	73⅜	74	73⅜	73⅞	+ ⅜
21½	11⅜	Boie Brks	168	16¼	16¾	15⅞	16⅝	+ ⅝
25¼	14⅝	Boeing Co .40	292	16	16¼	15¾	15¾	— ½
49⅞	21⅞	BoisCas .25b	633	28⅞	29	28⅛	28⅞	
16½	8	Bond Ind	6	12⅝	12⅝	12⅛	12⅝	— ⅝
28¼	19½	BookMth 1.28	1	25⅜	25⅜	25⅜	25⅜	
30⅝	24⅞	Borden 1.20	223	27½	28	27½	28	
32¼	23¾	BorgWar 1.25	67	28⅞	28⅞	27⅝	27¾	— ⅜
13½	7½	Borman .10p	24	8¼	8⅞	8¼	8⅞	+ ⅝
37¾	34⅞	BosEdis 2.36	20	35¼	36⅛	35¼	35⅞	+ ½
115¾	105	Bos Ed pf8.88	z2750	112	112	111	111¼	—1
17¾	9⅞	Bourns Inc	19	14⅛	14⅜	14⅛	14⅜	+ ½
14¾	8⅛	Branif Airw	837	13	13¼	12¾	13⅛	+ ¼
37	30⅛	BriggSt 1.40	32	37	37	36⅝	36¾	— ⅛
70	59⅝	Brisz My 1.20	256	61⅞	62¼	61⅝	62⅛	— ½
50	41¼	BristMy pf 2	20	43⅛	43½	42½	43	
15½	10⅛	BritPet .30g	186	14⅝	14¾	14½	14¾	+ ¼
		BrPet fn.30g	3	14⅝	14¾	14⅝	14¾	
43⅝	34⅝	Bdwy Hale 1	11	45¾	46¼	45⅝	45¾	+ ¼
58½	43½	BdwyHal pf 2	10	53½	53½	53½	53¼	
39⅛	29	BrkwyG's .70	7	29¾	29¾	29¾	29¾	
11⅝	4⅞	Brown Co	7	7½	7½	7⅜	7⅜	
16⅛	10	BwnShrp .20	22	15½	15⅝	15½	15½	— ⅛
42	33⅝	BwnShoe 1.50	26	40¼	40¼	40	40¼	+ ¼
36	18⅝	Brunswk .12	87	35	35⅞	35	35⅛	
32⅛	23⅝	Bucy Er 1.20	417	30¾	32⅛	30¾	32	+1⅛
15	10¼	Budd Co	75	14	14¼	13⅞	14	+ ⅛
7⅜	6⅜	BudgF pf .60	1	7	7	7	7	
10½	6	Budget Ind	16	8⅞	9	8¾	8¾	+ ⅛
44	34⅛	BuffForg 1.20	21	43¼	44	43¼	43⅞	+ ⅞
27⅜	20½	BulovaW .60	47	22½	22½	22	22	— ⅜
17¼	9½	Bunkr Ramo	199	11	11¼	10⅝	10¾	— ⅜
51¼	31⅛	BunkR pf1.50	x9	36½	36½	36	36	— ⅛
49¾	36⅛	Burl Ind 1.40	162	42⅜	42½	42⅛	42⅛	+ ⅛
56⅜	33½	Burl No 1.12g	206	54½	55⅛	54½	54⅞	+ ⅛
9⅜	6⅜	BurlNor pf.55	47	8⅞	9	8⅞	9	
26½	18¼	Burndy .70b	9	25¼	25¼	25	25¼	— ⅛
139½	104½	Burrghs .60	122	132½	133½	132¼	133½	+ ⅞
15¼	10⅜	Bush Univ	48	13¼	13¼	12¾	13⅛	— ¼
		C						
50⅝	40½	Cabot Cp .70	16	49½	49½	49¼	49¼	
13⅜	6⅞	Cadence Ind	7	7⅛	7⅜	7⅛	7⅛	+ ⅛
10⅝	6¾	Cal Finanl	36	8¼	8⅜	8⅛	8⅛	— ⅜
16½	10	Callahn fAng	31	12	12	11⅞	12	
35	25½	CampRLk .45	25	28½	28½	27⅝	27¾	— ⅛
36	29⅞	Camp Sp 1.10	113	30⅞	31⅜	30⅞	31⅛	
9	6½	Cdn Brew .40	19	6¾	6⅞	6⅝	6⅞	+ ⅛
78½	63	CdnPac 3.25g	68	71½	72	71¼	72	+ ¼
		CdP fn3.25g	2	64¼	64¼	64	64	
19½	14¾	CanalR 1.10	3	17	17¼	17	17¼	+ ½
48¾	29	Cap C Bdclg	197	46½	47⅜	46½	47⅜	+ ⅜
41¼	40⅛	CapitHold .44	29	40	40¼	40	40⅜	+ ½
79¾	48¼	Carbrun 1.50	18	64⅜	64⅞	63⅞	63¾	— ⅞
20⅞	13⅞	Carlisle .60	63	20	20⅛	19⅝	19⅝	— ⅜
83	60½	CaroC&Oh 5	z30	73	73	73	73	+ ½
29⅞	22¼	Caro PLt 1.46	39	23⅝	23⅝	23⅜	23⅜	— ⅛
24⅞	17	Carp Tec 1.20	41	22¼	22¼	21⅝	21⅝	
40⅞	32	CarrierCp .60	142	37¼	37¼	36⅝	36⅝	—1⅛
17⅞	15¾	CarrGen .10h	2	16½	16½	16½	16½	— ¼
19¼	14¾	CartWal .40a	69	16½	16½	16¼	16⅜	— ¼
27	16⅛	CastleCke .60	44	18	18⅛	18	18	— ⅛
55¾	42⅛	CaterTr 1.40	251	55¼	55⅝	54¾	55⅛	— ⅛
7½	4¼	CCI Corp	30	6	6	5¾	5¾	— ¼
24¼	16⅝	CCI Cp pf1.25	1	20	20	20	20	
31	18	Ceco Corp .90	1	29⅛	29⅛	29⅛	29⅛	— ⅞
78⅝	62⅛	CelanescCp 2	35	77⅞	77¾	77⅛	77⅛	+ ⅛
65¾	57½	Celan pfA4.50	6	59½	59¾	59½	59½	+ ½
51½	36½	Cenco Ins .30	74	44	44¼	43½	44¼	— ¼
27	20¾	Cen Hud 1.48	6	22	22¼	22	22	
29¼	23¼	CenIllLt 1.56	16	26⅛	26⅛	26⅛	26⅛	— ⅛
69	61	CnIllLt pf4.50	z50	62	62	62	62	+1
22⅞	17½	CenIIPS 1.20	62	18⅝	18⅝	18⅛	18⅝	+ ¼
26⅞	21⅝	CnetLaEl 1	34	22⅛	22½	22⅛	22½	+ ⅛
21¼	17¼	CenMPw 1.20	6	17⅞	17⅞	17⅝	17⅞	
51⅞	42⅝	CentSWst 2	90	44	44½	43⅞	44⅛	
27¼	22⅛	Cent Soya 1	13	24⅛	24⅛	24	24¼	+ ⅛

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22⅝	17	CenTelUt .90	64	19	19¼	18¾	18⅞	— ⅜
19⅞	14	Cerro Cp .80	97	16	16⅛	15⅞	15⅞	— ⅛
35½	23½	Cert-teed .20	68	34¼	34¾	34¼	34¼	— ⅜
28⅞	17½	CessnaAir .60	49	23½	23⅝	22⅞	23⅜	+ ⅛
9	4½	Chadbrn Inc	48	5	5	4⅞	4⅞	— ⅛
7¼	5¼	Chadbn pf .46	4	5½	5½	5½	5½	
41¼	29⅛	ChampS 1.20	162	37¼	37⅝	36¾	37¼	— ½
44½	31⅝	Charter NY 2	66	33⅞	34	33½	33⅞	+ ¼
61¾	47⅞	ChaseManh 2	274	51⅝	51⅝	51½	51½	+ ⅛
60	32¼	ChsMT 1.73g	241	59⅝	60⅜	59⅝	60⅜	+ ⅜
29	20⅛	Checker Mot	15	22⅝	23½	22⅝	23⅜	+ ⅞
15⅝	7⅝	Chelsea .24	87	13⅛	13⅜	13⅛	13⅜	+ ⅜
30⅝	16	Chemetrn .40	38	20⅜	20⅝	20⅜	20⅝	+ ⅛
70⅜	52	ChemNY 2.88	147	56	57	56	56¾	+1
67⅝	53	Ches Ohio 4	116	67¼	68	67	68	+1
58½	44½	Chesbgh 1.04	46	54⅝	54⅝	54½	54⅝	
19⅝	10½	ChiMil SPP	98	15⅝	15⅝	15⅝	15⅝	+ ⅜
36	12½	Chi Mil SP pf	5	29⅞	30⅛	29⅞	30	— ⅛
45⅛	35	ChiPneuT 2	21	43⅝	43¾	43⅛	43⅛	— ⅞
32½	15¾	ChRIP ct UP	5	27½	27⅝	27½	27½	
32	15¾	Ch RI ct NW	12	27¼	27¼	27½	27¼	— ½
13⅝	8	ChocFull .10d	31	12⅝	12⅝	12½	12½	— ⅛
9⅞	5½	Chris Craft	50	6½	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝	+ ⅛
12	6	ChrisCft prpf	3	7	7	7	7	— ¼
24¾	18	Chromall .60	105	22⅝	22⅞	22½	22⅞	+ ¼
102	79½	Chroml pf 5	1	92	92	92	92	
33⅝	24½	Chrysir .60	483	31⅛	32	31⅛	31¾	+ ⅝
17	11¾	Chrysler wt	89	16⅛	16¼	16⅛	16¼	
24⅝	19	CI Mtg 1.49g	125	24¼	24¼	23⅞	24¼	— ⅛
25½	20¾	CinnBell 1.32	5	22	22	22	22	— ⅛
29½	24⅝	Cinn.GE 1.56	21	24⅝	24½	24½	24½	— ⅛
122¼	114¾	CinG pf9.30	z330	119	119	119	119	
75	66½	CinG pf4.75	z20	69⅛	69½	69⅛	69⅛	+1½
64	54	CinGE pf 4	z200	59	59½	59	59½	+1⅞
48½	36⅛	CinMilac 1.40	3	44⅝	44⅞	44⅝	44⅞	+ ⅜
47¼	40⅛	CIT Finl 2	105	45⅛	46	45⅛	45⅞	+ ⅜
117	100	CIT pf5.50B	1	113	113	113	113	+ ½
117	101¼	CIT pf5.50C	1	114	114	114	114	— ½
49⅛	41½	CitiesSvc 2.20	147	43½	45¼	43½	45	+1¼
25⅝	17⅞	City Inv .50	888	20¾	21	20⅜	20¾	— ¼
43¾	31	CityInv pf B2	141	35½	37½	36½	37⅛	+ ¼
11⅝	7	City Strs	5	8⅛	8½	8½	8½	+ ⅛
49⅝	36	Clark Eq 1.40	70	48	48¼	47⅞	48	
24¾	15	Clark Oil .40	36	18½	18⅛	18⅛	18⅛	— ⅛
79½	57	Clev Clif 1.80	18	74⅛	75½	74⅛	75¾	+1¼
42¾	33½	ClevElIl 2.24	64	34⅛	34½	34⅛	34½	+ ⅛
51½	33¾	Clorox .75g	50	49⅝	49⅝	49½	49½	+ ⅛
27⅛	18½	CluettPea .90	163	20½	21	20½	20¾	+ ⅛
20¼	14⅝	CluetIO pf 1	9	16⅛	16⅛	15⅝	16	— ⅜
25¼	17½	CNA Finl .50	122	24⅝	24⅝	24¼	24⅝	— ⅛
32⅛	24	CNA pf A1.10	14	31¾	32	31¾	31¾	— ⅛
56¾	45⅛	Coast St Gas	69	50¾	51	50¾	51	
62¼	50	CstSGs pf1.19	9	55	55	53¾	53¾	—2½
110¼	81⅜	CocaCol 1.58	96	109½	109½	108¾	109⅛	
46¾	25¼	Coca Btlg .66	48	46⅜	46½	45½	46	+ ¼
25	20½	Coldwl Bnkr	3	23⅝	23⅝	23¼	23¼	— ⅜
36	21¼	Colecoln .08b	22	35¼	35⅝	35⅛	35⅞	
85½	43⅛	Colg Pal 1.40	100	49⅞	50	49⅝	50	+ ¼
27½	23	CollinsAlk .56	107	27½	28⅛	27½	28	+ ½
20⅞	11¾	Collins Rad	127	15½	15⅝	14⅞	15¼	— ⅛
40½	33¼	ColonS 1.40a	20	35⅛	35½	35	35	— ½
38⅜	29½	Colnlnst 1.60	30	30	30¼	30	30	
25⅛	14⅛	Colt Ind .60	82	20	20⅛	19¾	19⅞	— ⅛
24¾	19¾	Colt In pf1.60	8	21¾	21⅝	20¾	20¾	— ⅛
49⅞	30⅛	CBS 1.40b	48	46⅛	46⅛	45½	45½	— ⅜
33⅛	20½	CBS pf 1	5	30½	30½	30½	30½	— ⅛
40¾	33¼	Colu Gas 1.76	94	34	34⅛	34	34	
17⅞	9½	ColuPict .42f	143	10¼	10½	10¼	10½	+ ⅛
32½	25¼	ColSoOh 1.80	30	26⅛	26¼	26	26¼	
70½	49	CmbEn 1.40	107	67	67	66½	67	
63½	45¾	CmbE pf1.70	25	59½	59⅞	59½	59⅞	— ⅜
26¼	15	ComlSol pf.90	8	17¾	18¼	17¾	18¼	
43⅞	34½	ComwE 2.20b	74	36½	36⅞	36½	36⅞	+ ⅛
16¼	12¼	ComwEd wt	153	13¼	13¾	13⅝	13⅝	— ⅛
26	23½	ComE pf1.90	18	25¼	25⅝	25¾	25⅞	+ ⅛
27½	22	ComE pf1.42	7	23⅞	23⅞	23⅞	23⅞	— ⅛
19½	13½	Comw Oil .60	63	14¼	14⅜	14¼	14⅛	— ⅛
33½	25	ComO pf1.72	17	26¾	27⅛	26⅝	27⅛	+ ⅛
17⅛	8⅞	Comput Sci	152	9⅛	9⅛	8¾	8¾	— ⅜
45⅞	23¼	Comptg Soxt	63	28⅜	28¾	27½	27⅞	—1⅛
84½	49⅛	Comsat .50	107	68	68	66⅛	66¾	—1¼
26⅞	18⅝	Cone Mills 1	26	21¾	22	21½	21¾	
36½	23	ConnMt 1.71g	253	35¼	35¾	34	35⅜	+ ⅜
29	15⅛	Conrac .60	28	23⅛	24⅛	23⅛	24¼	+ ¾
29	24⅞	Con Edis 1.80	185	25¼	25¼	25	25⅛	
91½	80	Con Edis pf 6	8	82½	83½	82½	83½	+1½
72½	63⅛	Con Edis pf 5	3	67½	67½	67⅛	67⅛	+ ⅛
48⅞	39⅝	Con Fds 1.20	299	46⅝	47⅜	46½	47⅛	+ ⅛
118	100	Con Fd pf4.50	24	113	116	113	116	+3
51½	30⅛	Con Freght 1	34	50⅝	50⅝	49⅝	49⅞	—1⅛
9⅛	5¼	Con Leasing	182	8⅞	8⅞	8⅛	8⅞	+ ⅛
33	27⅝	ConNatG 1.88	31	28⅝	28⅝	28⅜	28½	
37⅜	29¼	Cons Power 2	139	31	31¼	30½	31¼	+ ⅜
98	94½	ConPw pf7.45	2	97¾	97¾	97¾	97¾	+ ¼
73	59½	ConPw pf4.50	z250	63	63½	63	63½	+ ½
63	56	ConPw pf4.16	z10	55¾	56¾	55¾	56¾	+ ¼
19⅛	12⅜	Cont Air Lin	204	17⅜	17⅝	17⅛	17⅝	
45¼	34⅞	Cont Can 1.60	113	36⅞	36⅞	35⅜	36⅜	— ⅛
65⅝	59	Ct Can pf4.25	z170	62½	63	62½	63	+1
11⅛	7	ContlCop .22g	57	7½	7⅞	7½	7⅞	+ ¼
52⅛	36¼	Contl Corp 2b	80	50⅞	51	50¼	51	— ⅜
54¼	41½	Ct Cp pfA2.50	51	53¼	53¾	52½	52⅝	— ⅞
52½	42	Ct Cp pfB2.50	2	51⅞	52	51⅞	52	
39½	21¾	ContlIR 1.77g	69	38¾	38⅞	37½	38¼	+ ½
24½	16⅝	ContMtgI .86g	108	22⅛	22½	22⅛	22½	
39⅜	28⅝	Cont Oil 1.50	86	32⅝	32¾	32⅜	32¾	+ ⅜
56	41¼	Cont Oil pf 2	1	45½	45⅛	45½	45⅛	+ ⅛
12⅛	10¾	Cont Stl .40	8	12	12⅛	11⅞	11⅞	— ⅛
27⅛	19⅞	Cont Tel .80	128	22⅛	22¼	21⅝	21⅞	— ⅛
85	47	Control Data	202	62	63¾	62	63	+ ⅝
61	52	CnDat pf4.50	z100	54½	54½	54½	54½	+ ½
39½	32½	Conwood 1.90	x2	35½	35⅝	35½	35⅝	
35¼	24⅝	Cook Unit .50	342	28	28⅞	27⅝	28⅞	+1⅜
37½	29	Cooperin 1.40	13	29⅝	29⅝	29⅜	29⅜	— ⅛
25⅞	18½	Cooper Labs	233	24½	25¼	24½	25⅛	+ ⅞
19½	12⅝	Cooper TR	25	16½	16⅞	16⅝	16⅞	+ ⅛
24⅝	16¾	CoopT of1.25	2	21	21	20¾	20¾	— ⅛
69	53	Copnand 1.20	16	64¼	64¼	64	64¼	+ ½
42⅛	27⅞	CoppRge .25p	52	29½	29½	29	29⅞	+ ⅝
19⅞	12⅛	Copwld Stl 1	65	19	19	18¼	18⅝	— ⅜
277	174½	CorGlW 2.50a	42	240	241	240	241	+ ¾
12⅞	8	Cowles Com	23	11⅝	11⅞	11⅝	11⅝	— ⅛
31	17¾	Cox Bdcst .30	54	30¾	31⅞	29⅞	31⅛	+ ⅞
39¾	32	CPC Intl 1.70	500	32½	32⅞	32	32⅛	— ⅜

1971 High	1971 Low	Stocks and Div. in $	Sls. 100s.	First	High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
50	33¾	Crane 1.60b	70	48½	48¾	48½	48⅝	— ⅛
24	17⅞	CredFin .72	32	23	24	23	24	+ ¾
41¼	34	CrockNtl 1.60	26	34⅝	35¼	34⅝	35¼	+ ⅜
20	14	CrompK .80	5	18	18	18	18	+ ⅛
27¾	21¾	CrouseHind 1	309	27	29⅞	27	28⅞	+2¼
16¾	9½	CrowColl .45f	132	10½	10⅝	10½	10⅝	+ ⅛
23⅝	17⅞	Crown Cork	2941	19	19½	19	19¼	— ⅛
38	29¼	CrwnZell 1.20	32	33⅝	33⅞	33	33⅛	+ ⅛
31⅜	18½	CTS Corp .40	13	29	29⅛	28¾	27⅝	— ⅜
20⅛	14¼	Culligan .28	7	16½	16½	16½	16½	
52	35½	CummEn .88	53	51	51¾	51	51½	— ⅛
13¼	7	Cunn Drug	22	8¾	9	8¾	9	+ ⅛
15⅞	10⅝	CurtissWrt	110	12½	12¼	12	12	— ⅛
29⅞	16½	CurtssWr A	14	17	17	16⅝	16⅝	— ⅜
44½	28	CutlerH 1.20	114	44⅝	45⅛	44⅝	45	+ ½
27⅜	22	Cyclops .75g	20	25⅛	25⅞	25½	25¾	— ⅛
42¾	31⅞	Cyprus Min 1	847	37⅛	37¼	36¾	37⅛	— ⅛
		D						
54⅞	32¾	Damon Corp	10	54⅞	54⅞	54¾	54⅞	+ ¼
13½	7⅝	Dan River	59	8¾	8¾	8⅛	8⅝	— ⅛
37⅜	26⅝	Dana Cp 1.25	76	33⅞	34⅝	33⅞	34⅝	+ ⅝
44⅝	35⅛	Dart Ind .30b	84	43½	43½	43	43½	— ⅜
50	41	Dart Ind pf 2	5	49	49	48½	48⅝	— ½
19¾	11⅛	Data Process	78	15	15	14⅝	14⅝	— ⅜
21¾	13½	DaycoCp 1.14	115	18½	19	18½	18¾	— ⅛
79	60	Dayco pf4.25	z230	70	70½	70	70½	
27½	18⅝	Daylin .24	10	18⅞	18⅞	18⅝	18⅝	— ⅛
40⅞	26½	DaytnHud .50	44	38¾	39	38½	38¾	
27⅝	22⅝	DaytnPL 1.66	29	24½	24⅝	24⅛	24½	+ ⅛
56	50	DPL pfB 3.75	z100	52	52	52	52	+ ½
49⅛	39⅝	Deere Co 2	263	49⅞	49¾	48⅞	48⅞	— ⅞
22½	16½	DelmarP 1.12	36	17⅛	17⅜	17⅛	17⅛	
29¾	21¾	Del Mnte 1.10	120	24⅝	24¾	24	24⅛	
50	33¼	Delta Air .50	108	45⅝	46	45⅛	45⅝	— ⅛
8¼	4⅞	Deltec Int	27	6¾	7	6¾	7	+ ⅛
		Deltec Int fn	2	5⅞	5⅞	5⅞	5⅞	
26¼	22	Denn Mfg .60	30	34½	34¾	32¼	34¼	— ⅜
12½	6¾	DennyRst .04	159	8	8½	7⅝	7¾	— ⅛
54½	24¾	Dentsplylnt 1	65	35⅞	36½	35⅞	36⅜	+ ⅜
68⅝	45½	Dereco pf B	4	68⅝	69½	68⅝	69½	+ ⅞
33¼	24	DeSotoInc .40	13	28½	28⅝	28½	28⅝	
23⅝	19⅛	DetEdis 1.40	116	20⅛	20¼	20	20¼	+ ⅛
120	112	Det Ed pf9.32	z90	117½	118	117½	118	—1
101½	95¾	Det Ed pf7.68	z1500	101	101½	101	101½	
90	73⅝	Det Ed pf5.50	10	79	79	78¾	79	
22	16¾	Dexter .24	11	18⅛	18⅛	18	18	— ⅛
18⅝	13	DialFinan .50	23	17⅞	18	17⅞	18	
47	36⅞	DiamIntl 1.80	72	40⅝	41	40⅝	41	+ ½
25¼	17⅝	Diam Sham 1	218	18	18¼	17¾	18	
36½	27¾	Dia Sh pfC 2	21	27¾	28	27¾	27¾	— ⅛
19¾	15½	DiaS pf D1.20	17	16¾	16⅞	16¾	16⅞	+ ⅛
12¼	7⅝	Dictaphone	35	8⅛	8⅛	8¼	8⅛	— ⅛
56¼	45	Diebold .40	44	55¼	55⅝	55	55	— ⅛
17⅝	13⅝	DiGiorg .60	126	16¾	17	16½	17	+ ½
85½	52½	Digital Equip	145	80½	81¾	80½	81¼	+1¼
17½	11¼	Dillinghm .40	22	13⅝	13⅝	13⅝	13⅝	+ ⅛
36	28¾	Dilling pf B 2	1	30	30	30	30	+ ½
26	19⅝	Dillon Co .80	4	22⅝	22⅝	22¼	22¼	
128⅞	77	Disney .20	75	115½	115½	113⅝	114⅛	+ ⅜
59¾	49	DistSeag 1.20	3	59⅞	59⅞	59⅝	59⅝	
14½	8	Diversind .36	39	9⅛	9¼	9	9⅛	+ ⅛
31½	22⅝	DivMge 2.11g	x105	29⅛	29⅛	28¾	28¾	
33⅞	22½	DrPeppr .40	24	33	33¼	32¾	33	
73⅝	56½	DomeMns .80	81	62⅝	63½	62¼	63¼	—1½
10⅛	8⅛	DomFnd .41g	12	9⅛	9½	9⅛	9½	+ ⅛
26½	18⅝	Donnelley .44	53	25½	25½	25⅛	25⅜	+ ⅛
30½	20½	Doric Cp .32	4	22⅛	22⅞	22⅛	22⅞	— ⅛
16⅝	8¼	Dorr Oliver	20	16	16	15⅞	16	— ⅛
23⅞	16⅛	Dorsey .10	17	19⅛	19⅛	18⅞	18⅞	— ⅛
54⅝	39¼	Dover Cp .75	13	53¾	54¼	53⅝	54⅛	+ ½
75¼	61½	DowhChem	145	74⅛	75⅝	74½	74⅞	+ ⅞
40	34¼	DravoCp 1.40	2	36⅛	36⅛	36½	36½	
37½	27⅜	Dresslnd 1.40	106	34¼	34½	33⅞	33⅞	—1
44⅜	33⅜	Dress pf 2.20	13	38¼	38½	38	38½	— ⅛
38⅞	30⅛	Dressr pfB 2	10	36¼	36⅛	35½	35½	— ⅛
33⅞	25⅝	Dreyfus Cp 1	21	28⅝	29	28⅝	29	+ ⅞
27⅝	21¾	Duke Pw 1.40	145	23⅝	23⅝	23	23⅛	+ ⅛
115¼	105	Duke pf8.70	z60	112½	113¼	112½	113½	+2½
104½	91	Duke pf6.75	25	94¼	94½	94¼	94½	+ ⅜
64¼	52⅛	DunBrad 1.30	114	58½	59	58¼	58½	+ ½
44½	22½	Duplan .72f	149	29⅛	31½	29⅛	31⅜	+1⅝
157½	129½	duPont 3.75g	84	157¼	157⅞	156⅞	157¾	+1
77¾	65¼	duPont pf4.50	11	68⅛	68⅛	68⅛	68⅛	— ⅛
26¾	22	Duq Lt 1.66	127	23⅝	23½	23⅛	23¼	— ⅛
33½	27¼	Dq 4.20pf2.10	z40	29½	29½	29⅛	29⅛	+ ⅛
31¾	26	DuqLt 4pf 2	z380	28¼	28¼	28¼	28¼	
16¼	9⅝	Dymo Ind	33	13½	13⅞	13¼	13½	
15½	5⅞	Dynam Am	40	10⅝	11	10⅝	10⅞	+ ¼
29⅝	21	EaglePic .90	7	24⅛	24⅜	24⅛	24⅜	— ⅛
24	16	Easco Cp .90	4	19¼	19⅝	19¼	19¼	— ¼
28⅞	14⅝	East Air Lin	453	21½	21½	20½	20⅝	— ⅞
51⅝	34	EastGs 1.04t	44	41	41	40½	40⅞	— ⅛
22¼	19⅝	East Util 1.50	6	21¾	21¾	21⅛	21⅝	+ ⅛
86¼	72	EasKodak 1a	395	85⅝	87¼	84⅝	87¼	+1½
44¾	34	Eaton 1.40	61	44	44⅝	43⅝	44	— ⅛
50⅝	30¼	Echlin Mf .60	34	48½	48⅞	48	48⅞	+ ⅞
28⅛	23	EckrdJk .14	17	27⅞	27⅞	26¾	27¼	— ¼
48½	34½	Eckrd NC .40	2	47⅛	47⅛	47⅛	47⅛	+1½
38⅝	28½	EdisonBros 1	2	33½	33¼	33¼	33½	+ ½
33	14¼	EG&G .10	55	27⅛	27⅛	26	26⅞	— ½
9⅛	4¾	Elect Assoc	36	6⅝	6⅝	6⅛	6⅝	— ⅛
85¾	.32	Electn Data	21	62	62½	61⅛	62¼	+1⅜
17½	8	El Mem Mag	267	11⅛	11⅛	10½	10⅞	— ½
15½	10½	ElMMag pf 1	9	12⅛	12½	12⅛	12½	+ ⅛
7⅝	4⅛	Elgin Nat	52	5⅝	5⅝	5¼	5¼	— ⅛
22⅛	17¼	ElPasoNG 1	92	17⅛	18	17½	17¾	— ¼
29⅝	23	EltraCp 1.20	16	26¼	26½	26	26¼	— ⅛
5⅛	3	EMI Ltd .09g	65	3⅝	3⅝	3½	3½	+ ⅛
78⅞	65⅞	Emer El 1.16	58	74⅝	74⅛	74⅛	74⅝	
76	56½	EmeryAirF 1	564	75½	75½	73	73	—3
15½	11	Emery In .30	14	13⅜	13⅞	13⅜	13⅞	
44⅞	27	Emhart 1.20	62	36⅞	36⅞	36⅛	36⅞	— ⅛
32⅝	27¼	EmpDist 1.88	2	28⅝	28⅝	28⅝	28⅝	
30	16¼	Empire Gas	27	18⅝	18⅞	18⅝	18⅞	— ½
36¾	26¼	EnglhMin .40	143	30	30	28⅝	29¾	— ¾
224¼	161	Eng M pf4.25	1	185	185	185	185	—4
13½	5¾	EnnisBF .08p	87	8	8⅜	8	8¼	+1⅛
39	25½	Equimrk .56g	47	25¾	26¼	25⅝	26⅛	+ ⅛
36⅞	32½	Equit Gs 2.32	6	34½	34⅞	34¾	34⅞	+ ½
35¼	25⅝	EquitLf 1.32g	109	31	31⅛	30¾	31⅛	+ ½

1971 High	1971 Low	Stocks and Div. in $	Sls. 100s.	First	High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
47	23⅞	EquityFd .10g	337	44⅝	45⅜	44⅝	45	+ ⅛
37½	21⅛	ESB Inc 1.20	57	36⅝	36¾	36¼	36¼	— ⅛
17¾	11	Esquire .30	11	12½	12½	12½	12½	
45	33⅛	Essexint 1.20	32	43¼	43¼	42	42¼	—1
54¾	42	Essex pf2.84	25	50½	50½	50	50	— ½
18⅞	10	Esterlin .22g	27	11¾	12⅛	11⅞	12⅛	+ ⅜
50	23⅛	Ethyl Cp .84	247	22½	24⅜	22½	24⅜	+2⅞
43⅝	34¼	Ethyl pf2.40	12	38⅝	39¼	38⅝	39¼	+1⅛
51⅛	39½	EvansP .60b	32	49⅝	49⅝	49	49	— ½
24⅞	17⅛	ExCellO 1.25	27	20	20⅛	19⅞	20	+ ⅛
33½	18	Extendcare	42	28	28½	28	28⅝	+ ⅝
22½	12⅞	Faberge .40	73	18¼	18½	18⅛	18¼	— ⅛
44⅛	25¼	FactorA .60	82	38½	39	38⅝	38⅞	
48⅝	21⅛	Fairch Cam	120	40⅞	41⅝	40⅞	41¼	+ ⅛
13⅝	7⅝	Fair Ind .15g	49	9¼	9½	9¼	9⅝	— ⅛
20¾	13⅞	Fairmont 1	81	14¼	14¼	14	14¼	
22½	15⅝	Fairmnt pf 1	1	16½	16½	16½	16½	+ ¼
8⅞	5⅛	Falstaff 6	16	6⅝	6½	6⅝	6⅝	
17¾	11	FamlyFin .40	x76	12⅛	12¼	12	12⅛	
16½	9⅛	Fansteel Inc	6	11	11⅝	10⅞	11⅛	+ ⅛
17	10⅛	Far West Fin	19	13⅝	13⅝	13	13	— ⅝
49⅞	28	FarahMfg .44	91	32⅝	32¾	32⅝	32⅝	— ⅛
50	37½	Fedders .50	343	43	43⅝	42⅝	43⅛	+ ⅛
37⅜	23⅝	Federal 1.20	43	28½	28⅝	28⅛	28⅝	— ⅛
31⅝	25⅞	FedMog 1.80	56	29	29⅝	29	29⅝	+ ⅜
74⅞	55	Fed NM 1.20	421	72⅞	74⅛	72⅝	72¾	— ⅜
31⅝	18⅝	FedPapBd 1	14	29⅛	29⅛	29	29⅛	
24	16	FedSignS .60	10	20	20¼	19⅝	20	— ⅛
12½	6½	Federals Inc	40	7	7⅛	6⅞	7⅛	+ ⅛
49	38⅛	FedDeptStr 1	115	47¾	48⅝	47¾	48⅛	+ ⅜
12⅛	7¼	Federal Dev	5	9⅞	9⅞	9⅞	9⅞	
27⅞	20½	Ferro Cp .70	38	27⅜	27½	26⅞	27⅛	
35	22¼	Fibrebrd .70	52	24	24	23¾	23¾	— ⅜
45¾	40	FidUnBn 2.20	6	41½	41⅞	41½	41⅞	+ ⅜
41⅞	31¼	FieldcM 1.40	1	35¼	35¼	35¼	35¼	— ⅛
28⅝	19¾	Filtrol 1.20	22	21½	22	21⅞	22	+ ½
21¼	12⅛	Fin Federaln	44	18¼	18¼	17½	17½	— ¼
57	47⅞	Firestne 1.60	55	55⅞	55⅞	55	55¼	— ⅜
28½	20	Fst Chart	218	27⅜	28⅛	27⅝	27⅞	+ ⅛
33⅞	23⅞	FstMtg 1.67g	188	29½	29⅝	29½	29½	
77½	63½	FstNatBos 3	3	66¾	67	66⅛	67	+ ⅛
40½	33	FstNCity 1.32	687	38⅛	39⅛	38⅞	39	
40⅛	35⅛	FstNStBnc 2	1	35¼	35¼	35¼	35¼	
49½	33⅝	Fst NatStr 1g	10	34	34⅝	34	34⅝	+ ⅛
12	9⅞	FstVaBks .40	14	10⅞	10⅞	10⅝	10⅝	
43	32⅝	Fischbch .80	14	37½	37¾	37½	37½	— ⅛
18½	12⅝	FishrFd .15g	27	14¼	14¼	14	14	— ¼
19¼	10⅝	Fisher Sci .16	22	16	16¼	16	16¼	+ ⅛
58⅝	29½	FleetEnt .24	33	56¼	55¼	56	56⅛	+ ⅜
14¾	10¾	Fleming .50	23	12	12	11⅞	11⅞	— ⅛
30⅞	24	Flintkote 1	99	30⅛	30⅝	29¾	30¼	— ⅛
86	75	Flint pfA 4.50	z200	82	82	81	81	—2
37	23	FlaE Coast	155	31⅝	33	31¼	31⅝	+ ⅞
30¼	23⅝	Fla Gas .60	129	25⅝	25¼	24⅞	25	
57⅞	42⅞	Fla Pow 1.68	102	45	45	44½	44½	— ⅛
76¼	60¾	FlaPwLt 2.12	31	65½	65⅝	64⅞	64⅞	— ⅛
26¼	18½	Fla Steel 1	56	26⅝	27¼	26⅝	27	+ ⅛
30½	20	FluorCp 1.23f	87	27¼	28	27½	27¼	
60	46½	Fluor pfB 3	2	55	55	55	55	— ½
49⅝	25⅝	FlyTiger 2f	142	39	39½	38½	39	— ½
35	20½	FlyTgr pf1.20	13	29¼	29¾	29¼	29½	
30½	23¾	FMC Cp .85	304	33¼	30½	30¼	30⅜	+ ⅛
45	37¼	FMC pf2.25	19	42	43	42	43	— ⅛
20⅝	15½	Food Fair .90	50	16	16⅛	15⅞	15⅞	— ⅛
13⅝	7⅝	Foote CB .60	28	12	12½	12	12	
18	10⅝	Foote Min	12	13⅝	13⅝	12¾	12⅝	— ⅛
37½	26⅝	Foote pf 2.20	4	29¼	29¼	29	29	
72¾	54	Ford M 2.60	534	71	71⅜	70⅝	71¼	+ ⅛
24⅝	19⅛	ForMcKs .80	110	22⅞	23	22¾	23	+ ⅛
41¼	32¼	FMcK pf1.80	5	38¼	38½	38¼	38⅛	
26½	18½	Fost Whl .80	113	26¼	26½	26	26	
19½	15¼	Fost Whl pf 1	1	19	19	19	19	— ⅛
46¼	24⅞	Foxboro .20g	49	44¼	44⅞	44¼	44⅝	+ ⅛
22	14⅝	Frank Str .40	56	17	18	17	17⅞	+ ⅛
26⅞	16⅛	FreepMin .80	101	20	20⅛	19⅝	20	
39	30¼	Fruehf 1.70	193	38⅞	39½	38⅝	39¼	+ ¼
26⅝	13¼	Fuquain .46f	68	23	23⅞	22½	23⅝	+ ⅝
24½	9½	Gable Ind	13	21¾	22	21⅝	22	+ ⅛
27⅛	13	GAC Cp .40p	91	14½	14⅝	14¼	14½	
23¾	15	GAC Cp pf 1	1	18¼	18¾	18¼	18¼	+ ⅛
21⅛	12⅝	GAF Corp .40	243	20¾	20¾	20⅛	20⅛	— ⅛
27½	20	GAF pf 1.20	22	26¾	26¾	26⅛	26¼	
48¼	33⅞	Gam Sko 1.30	74	39½	40½	39½	40¼	+1
49⅛	34⅝	GamS pf 1.75	1	41	41	41	41	+1
48	34	GamS pf 1.60	9	39	40	39	40	+ ⅛
56	32⅞	Gannett .48	8	56¼	56⅞	56¼	56⅞	+ ⅛
50	35⅛	GardDen 1.30	65	48	48½	48	48½	+ ½
¼	16	Gartock .80	35	18⅞	19⅝	18½	19¼	+ ⅝
15⅜	16½	Gas Svc 1.08	33	18⅝	18½	18¼	18½	+
11¾	5½	Gateway Ind	453	11½	13⅛	11⅛	12⅛	+1⅛
17⅞	9⅝	GCA Corp	152	11⅝	11⅞	11½	1	— ⅛
8½	15½	Gemini Cap	20	17¼	17⅛	17¼	17⅛	
13⅜	11¼	Geminin .56a	10	13⅞	13⅞	13⅝	13⅝	— ⅛
24⅞	20⅝	GnAlnv 1.07g	13	24⅝	25	24⅝	24⅞	— ⅛
48¼	37⅛	GAmOil .60b	53	41¼	41¾	40⅞	41⅛	— ⅛
59⅞	42	GATran 1.60	83	57½	57⅝	57½	57⅝	— ⅛
74½	52¾	GATrn pf2.50	10	72½	72½	72	72	—1
14⅝	12⅛	GenBanc .70	5	12⅞	12⅞	12¼	12⅞	
26¼	17	GnCablz .80	250	20⅞	21	20½	21⅛	— ⅛
40⅞	26⅝	Gen Clg 1.20	46	31½	32	31½	31⅞	+ ⅛
32⅝	23¼	Gn Devel .61f	91	28	28⅝	28	28¼	
31¼	18½	Gen Dynam	42	22⅛	22⅜	22¼	22¼	— ⅛
65⅞	52⅞	GenElec 1.40	519	64½	65	64⅛	64⅝	+ ⅜
12⅝	8⅝	Gen Fire .34g	7	9⅞	9⅞	9⅝	9¾	
43⅝	34	GenFood 1.40	290	35⅞	36¼	35⅛	36	
23¼	9½	Gen Host	119	17½	18½	17⅛	18⅛	+ ¾
29⅝	16½	Gen Inst .53f	13	22⅛	22⅝	22½	22⅝	+ ⅛
42¾	36½	GenInstr px 3	2	37½	37½	37½	37½	
38½	31	GenMills .96	24	35¾	36	35½	35¾	— ⅛
64¼	53¾	G Mill pf1.75	2	60¼	60½	60¼	60½	
91⅛	74⅞	GenMot 2.55g	585	83⅛	84½	83¼	84⅞	+ ½
84	73⅞	GenMot 5pf 5	3	76½	76½	76	76½	— ⅛
62½	53⅜	GMot pf 3.75	7	56¼	57	56¼	57	+
34⅛	27	GenPCem .80	86	30⅞	30⅞	30	30¼	
25⅞	21⅛	G PubUt 1.60	63	22⅛	23	22⅞	23	+ ⅛
14⅝	7¾	Gen Refract	9	9	9⅛	9	9⅛	+ ⅛
76½	55	GenSignl 1.20	9	74⅝	74⅝	74⅛	74⅛	— ⅜
126½	98¾	GenSignl pf 4	2	123½	123½	123½	123½	— ½
16⅞	9	Gen Stl Ind	24	10⅛	10⅛	9⅞	9⅞	— ⅛
35⅝	29⅝	GnTelEl 1.52	403	31⅝	31⅛	31⅛	31⅛	— ⅛

(Continued on next page.)

INTERNATIONAL EXECUTIVE OPPORTUNITIES

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$ 50,000

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European Gold Markets

Sept. 8, 1971

	Open	Close	Change
London	41.32	41.40	— 0.25
Zurich	41.50	41.45	— 0.20
Paris (12.5 kilo)	42.11	41.90	— 0.27

U.S. dollars per ounce.

Institutional Investors.

We have the following bids to sellers subject to prior purchase per 100 shares:

65 Day Straddles

1000	Addressograph-Multigraph	$ 300
1000	Avon	700
1000	Burroughs	1,200
1000	Comsat	600
1000	Control Data	600
1000	Corning Glass	1,700
1000	Equity Funding	400
1000	Honeywell	900
1000	Itek	450
1000	Johnson & Johnson	650
1000	Loew's Corp.	500
1000	New Process	900
1000	Polaroid	900
1000	Syntex	600
1000	Tektronix	350
1000	Zapata	325

This offer not valid for individual French residents.

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Market Summary

Sept. 8, '71

Most Actives—New York

Crown Crk	294,100	19¼	—⅛
IntT&T pf N	182,100	73⅝	+ ⅜
Plan Resrch	173,700	17¾	—1⅝
IntT&T pf J	150,300	100¼	—1½
GlWnFinl	131,400	29⅛	— ⅜
Union Elec	112,100	18¾	—½
Pub Svc Col	108,700	21½	— ⅜
Amer Hess	107,600	56⅜	— ½
IntTelTel	96,900	59¼	+1
Am Tel&Tel	95,500	43⅞	+ ⅛
Am Stand	95,100	22½	+ ⅜
Un Carbide	91,200	47¾	—½
City Invest	88,800	20¾	— ¼
Redman Ind	87,300	25¾	+ ½
Cyprs Min	84,700	37⅛	— ⅛

Volume, all stocks: 14,230,000 shares.
Volume, 15 stocks: 1,899,500 shares.
Ratio, 15 stocks: 13.35 percent.
Average price, 15 stocks: $39.50.
New '71 highs: 88; lows: 12.
Issues traded in: 1,705.
Advances: 752; declines: 667; unchanged: 286.
N.Y. stock index: 56.94 +0.10; industrials: 60.27 +0.15; transportation: 49.39 —0.20; utility: 38.30 +0.03; finance: 73.83 —0.02.

Most Actives—American

Pnetrum Sys	93,500	8⅝	+ ⅜
Ozark Air	80,600	7½	+ ⅝
Devon App	74,300	15¼	+1
Scottex Cp	65,000	26⅛	+3¼
Valcomp	48,7 0	20¾	— ½
BranAirw A	46,600	12⅞	
Slick Corp	45,900	14⅞	+ ⅞
Rath Pack	40,000	18¼	+ ⅜
Huffman Mf	39,900	19⅝	+1⅝
Puritan Fsh	37,900	17½	+1

Approx total stock sales 4,120,000
Stock sales year ago 3,307,515

American Stock Index:

High	Low	Close	N.C.
25.83	25.48	25.69	+.07

Dow Jones Averages

	Open	High	Low	Close	Net
30 Ind	916.40	925.67	911.87	920.93	+ 4.46
20 Trn	247.83	249.33	244.96	246.83	— 1.50
15 Utl	113.31	114.23	112.83	113.62	+ 0.12
65 Stk	314.68	317.37	312.50	315.24	+ 0.26

Standard & Poor's

	High	Low	Close	N.C.
425 Industrials	112.62	111.07	112.00	+.26
20 Railroads	48.63	47.77	48.15	—.09
55 Utilities	58.07	57.17	57.59	—.04
500 Stocks	101.94	100.52	101.34	+.19

Odd-Lot Trading in N.Y.

Shares	Buy	Sales	*Short
Sept. 7	293,964	624,405	2,260
Sept. 3	247,620	454,602	1,701
Sept. 2	216,329	392,058	1,835
Sept. 1	209,369	405,526	2,325
Aug. 31	209,110	457,612	3,300

*These totals are included in the sales figures.

U.S. Commodity Prices

NEW YORK, Sept. 8.—*Cash prices in primary markets as registered today in New York were:*

Commodity and unit	Wed.	Year ago
FOODS		
Cocoa Accra, lb.	*.27½	.41¼
Coffee 4 Santos lb.	†.48	.56
TEXTILES		
Printcloth 64-60 38½ yd.	.17¼	.16¼
METALS		
Steel billets (Pitt.) ton.	126.00	106.00
Iron 2 Fdry Phila. ton	79.50	69.00
Steel scrap No. 1 hvy Pitt	35-36	41-42
Lead spot lb.	.14-.14½	.14½
Copper elec. lb	.52¾-.53	.60
Tin (Straits), lb	1.67	1.75½
Zinc, E. St. L. basis, lb	.17	.15
Silver N.Y., oz.	1.40⅛	1.85
COMMODITY Indices		
Moody's index (base 100 Dec. 31, 1931)	366.6	421.5

* Nominal. † Asked.

NEW YORK FUTURES

Sept. 8, '71

World sugar No. 11: Oct. 3.95-96, March '72 4.45-48, May '72 4.50-51, July '72 4.51 b, Sept. '72 4.50, Oct. '72 4.47 b.
Wool: Oct. 55.0, Dec. 58.7 b, March '72 62.2 b, May '72 63.3 b, July '72 64.5 b.
Cocoa: Sept. 24.15, Dec. 24.42, March '72 24.05, May '72 25.22, July '72 25.? , Sept. '72 25.88, Dec. '72 26.23.
Copper: Sept. 49.45, Oct. 49.55, Dec. 50.00, Jan. '72 50.20, March '72 50.?, May '72 50.80, July '72 50.95.
Orange juice (frozen concentrate): Sept. 57.25, Nov. 57.05, Jan. '72 55.?, March '72 55.35, May '72 55.20 b.
Potatoes: Nov. 2.79, March '72 3.?, May '72 3.81.
Silver: Sept. 140.20, Oct. 140.90, Dec. 142.90, Jan. '72 143.80, March '72 145.?, May '72 147.90, July '72 150.00, Sept. '72 152.10, Dec. '72 155.30, Jan. '73 156.?
(a) asked. (b) bid. (n) nominal.

COTTON No. 2

	Open	High	Low	Close	Change
Oct.	30.65	31.00	30.10	30.57	+ 5
Dec.	31.50	31.75	30.70	31.35-40	+ 7
March	32.35	32.60	31.30	32.23-27	+ 11
May	32.70	33.05	32.00	z32.40	+10
July	32.95	32.95	32.50	z32.50	+10
Oct.	30.50	30.50	30.40	z30.40	+10
Dec.	30.20	30.25	30.05	z30.15	+ 3

z—Bid.

CHICAGO FUTURES

WHEAT					
Sep	1.51¼	1.52	1.50¼	1.50⅞	[illegible]
Dec	1.51½	1.52½	1.50¾	1.51⅞	[illegible]
Mar	1.53	1.53⅜	1.51⅞	1.52½	[illegible]
May	1.50⅝	1.50⅞	1.49⅞	1.50	[illegible]
Jl	1.40¼	1.41¼	1.40	1.41	[illegible]
CORN					
Sep	1.19	1.19⅛	1.18⅛	1.18⅜	[illegible]
Dec	1.18½	1.18¾	1.17⅞	1.18	[illegible]
Mar	1.23	1.23⅜	1.22⅝	1.22⅞	[illegible]
May	1.25¾	1.26⅛	1.25½	1.25½	[illegible]
Jul	1.27¼	1.28½	1.27¼	1.27⅜	[illegible]
SOYBEANS					
Sep	3.25½	3.26¼	3.21	3.21⅜	[illegible]
Nov	3.25¾	3.25⅜	3.20½	3.21⅜	[illegible]
Jan	3.29	3.29½	3.24½	3.25½	[illegible]
Mar	3.32¼	3.33¼	3.29	3.29½	[illegible]
May	3.35	3.36¼	3.31½	3.32¼	[illegible]
Jul	3.36½	3.38	3.33	3.33⅜	[illegible]
Aug	3.34	3.34	3.29	3.29⅜	[illegible]
SOYBEAN OIL					
Sep	13.58	13.58	13.13	13.20	[illegible]
Oct	13.30	13.30	12.94	13.07	[illegible]
Nov	13.15	13.15	12.72	12.83	[illegible]
Dec	13.01	13.04	12.58	12.73	[illegible]
Jan	12.93	12.98	12.52	12.64	[illegible]
Mar	12.83	12.92	12.48	12.55	[illegible]
May	12.80	12.84	12.43	12.40	[illegible]
Jul	12.67	12.74	12.38	12.42	[illegible]
Aug	12.65	12.65	12.28	a12.38	[illegible]
SOYBEAN MEAL					
Sep	79.70	80.45	8.90	79.30	[illegible]
Oct	80.90	81.15	79.25	79.90	[illegible]
Nov	81.25	81.50	80.50	80.50	[illegible]
Dec	82.30	82.40	80.95	81.20	[illegible]
Jan	82.35	82.60	81.25	81.30	[illegible]
Mar	83.10	83.10	81.75	82.00	[illegible]
May	83.75	83.75	82.80	82.90	[illegible]
Jul	84.60	84.60	83.60	a83.70	[illegible]
Aug	84.00	84.00	83.70	a83.80	[illegible]

B+Bid; a-Asked; n-Nominal

SILVER					
Sep	1.39.3	1.40.8	1.39.3	1.40.0	[illegible]
Oct	1.40.0	1.42.0	1.39.0	1.41.0	[illegible]
Nov	—	—	—	1.41.8	[illegible]
Dec	1.42.0	1.44.3	1.41.0	1.43.8	[illegible]
Feb	1.43.9	1.46.2	1.43.2	1.45.2	[illegible]
Apr	1.45.7	1.48.2	1.45.4	1.47.4	[illegible]
Jun	1.48.4	1.50.0	1.47.3	1.49.5	[illegible]
Aug	1.50.3	1.52.4	1.49.6	1.51.7	[illegible]
Oct	1.52.1	1.54.0	1.51.9	1.53.8	[illegible]
Dec	—	—	—	1.56.0	[illegible]
LIVE BEEF CATTLE					
Oct	32.35	32.40	32.20	32.22	[illegible]
Dec	31.90	32.02	31.87	31.92	[illegible]
Feb	31.57	31.70	31.55	31.60	[illegible]
Apr	31.15	31.25	31.15	31.25	[illegible]
Jun	31.10	31.10	a31.05	a31.05	[illegible]
Aug	31.00	31.00	31.00	31.00	[illegible]

Sales: Oct 565; Dec 680; Feb 279; Apr 39; June 2; Aug 6.

LIVE HOGS					
Oct	18.25	18.37	18.25	18.25	[illegible]
Dec	19.07	19.20	19.07	19.15	[illegible]
Feb	20.95	21.20	20.95	21.07	[illegible]
Apr	20.57	20.75	20.52	20.60	[illegible]
Jun	22.50	22.62	22.50	22.62	[illegible]
Jul	22.60	22.72	22.60	22.72	[illegible]
Aug	—	b22.02	—	b22.00	[illegible]

Sales: Oct 62; Dec 127; Feb 171; Apr 36; June 15; Jul 17; Aug 0.

SHELL EGGS					
Sep	33.70	34.60	33.30	34.20	[illegible]
Oct	35.90	35.90	34.50	34.85	[illegible]
Nov	39.00	39.60	37.65	37.90	[illegible]
Dec	39.10	39.10	37.90	38.10	[illegible]
Jan	35.00	35.00	35.00	35.00	[illegible]

Sales: Sep 673; Oct 796; Nov 1,109; Dec 391; Jan 1.

FROZEN PORK BELLIES					
Feb	27.85	28.20	27.85	28.15	[illegible]
Mar	27.92	28.22	27.92	28.17	[illegible]
May	28.60	28.90	28.60	28.87	[illegible]
Jul	29.27	29.35	29.25	29.30	[illegible]
Aug	28.27	28.70	28.27	28.50	[illegible]

Sales: Feb 1,008; Mar 338; May 75; Jul 240; Aug 58.
Open interest: Feb 6,385; Mar 3,14?; May 1,830; Jul 2,783; Aug 988.

New Highs and Lows

NEW HIGHS-88

AetnaLfeC	Hous NGas	Phil Ind pf
Aetna Lif pf	Howrd John	Pitt Ft W pf
Allied Pd	Kauf Broad	Raybestos
Am Air Filt	Kendall Co	Revco DS
Am T&T pf	Levitz Frnit	Robins AH
Amsted	Lincoln Nat	RoyCr Cola
Assd DGds	LincNat pf	Rbbermd
AvcoCp pf	Maremont	SEDCO Inc
ChaseMTr	Marion Lab	Skyline Cp
Ches Ohio	Masonite	SooLinRR
Collins Alk	MassMM	Southern Ry
Cooper Lab	May DStr	Stanley Wks
Cox Bdcst	MayD 1.80pf	Sun Chem
Crouse Hind	MayerOsc	Textron
Cutler Ham	McCord	Texin 1.40pf
Dereco pfB	McLean Trk	Timken Co
Distill Seag	Miss River	Trane Co
Dover Corp	MoPac RR	Unilevr Ltd
Dow Chem	Monsanto pf	Un El 8.00pf
duPont	Nat Chemsh	US Leasing
East Kodak	NatCityLin	Upohn Co
Florida Stl	Nat Gyps pf	Wn Pac Ind
Fruehf Corp	NoAmMtg	Westghse El
Gannett Co	Ohio Pw pf	Williams Co
Gatewy Ind	Pac Petrol	Wms Co pf
GenAm Inv	Penney JC	Winnbgo In
Gen Tire	QennaCo pf	Winnbgo wi
Genuin Part	PaPL 8.70pf	Xerox Cp
Gould Inc	PepsiCo	
HseF 2.50pf	Ph El 7.85pf	

NEW LOWS-12

Anaconda	MelvShoespf	Purex Corp
Capit Hold	Nevada Pw	Sunsh Mng
Hecla Mng	Newhall Ld	Tampa Elec
Kais CemG	NY Hond	Wn Bancorp

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مكتبة الأهرام

New York Stock Exchange Trading

(Continued from preceding page)

— Stocks and Div.	Sls. 100s.	First.	High	Low	Last.	Net Chg'e
⅛ GTFtn pf1.25	z10	17⅜	17⅜	17⅜	17⅜	+ ⅛
⅛ GTFla pf1.20	z440	18¼	18¼	18¼	18¼	+ ¼
⅛ GenTire 1b	118	28	28¼	27⅞	27⅞	
¼a Genesco 1.70	51	32¼	31½	31	31½	— ¼
Gensler .40a	11	11½	11½	11⅜	11⅜	
⅛ GenuinPt .87	144	60	60	59⅝	60	+ ¼
⅝ GaPacif .80b	122	55⅝	56¼	55¼	55⅝	— ⅛
¼ GaPcf pf 1.40	1	55¼	55¼	55¼	55¼	— ⅛
GaPow pf7.72	z70	100	100	100	100	
⅜ Gerber 1.20	77	51⅜	51½	50⅝	51	— ⅛
⅛ GettyO 1.12a	57	67⅞	67¼	67¼	67⅜	+ ⅛
⅛ GettyO pf1.20	4	19	19	19	19	+ ⅛
⅜ Gianni Pc .40a	15	14⅜	14⅜	14⅜	14⅜	+ ⅛
GibbyLP 1.03t	21	23⅝	23⅝	23⅝	23½	— ¼
½ Gidd Lewis .40	23	14⅜	14⅜	14⅜	14⅜	
½ GiffdHfm.20a	3	23⅜	23⅜	23⅜	23⅜	— ⅛
⅞ GilBerte 1.40	451	43	43¼	42⅝	43½	+ ⅛
½ Gimbel Br 1	69	34	35	34	35	+ 1⅛
½ Ginos Inc	25	12⅛	13⅜	12⅝	12⅞	— ⅛
½ Glen Alden	90	9	9⅛	9	9⅛	+ ⅛
GlenAl pf3.75	2	69½	69½	69½	69½	+ ½
½ GlenAld pf .3	2	66½	66½	65½	65½	— 2½
¼ GlenAl pf2.25	1	35½	35½	35½	35½	+ ½
⅝ Globel Marin	28	17½	17⅝	17¼	17½	
⅛ Globe Un .60	69	29½	30⅛	29½	30⅛	+ ⅛
⅛ Goodrich 1	170	34⅛	34⅛	34⅛	34⅛	— ⅛
⅛ Goodyr .85	332	34½	34⅝	34¼	34⅜	+ ⅛
⅛ GorJrwtyA .24	70	23	23⅜	23	23	
½ Gouldinc 1.40	195	44½	45⅛	44½	44⅞	+ ⅛
⅛ Grace 1.50	156	31⅜	31⅜	31¼	31⅜	— ⅛
⅛ Granby 1.60	3	20⅜	20⅜	20⅛	20⅜	— ⅛
GrandUn .80	31	26½	27	26½	26⅞	+ ⅛
Granitevlle 1	45	24½	25¼	24½	25¼	+ 1⅛
Grant W 1.50	123	64⅝	64¾	64¼	64⅝	
GravDyn .12	3	34	34	34	34	
Gt A&P 1.20	44	24⅞	25	24⅝	24¾	— ⅛
⅛ GtLkDr 1.20a	1	36½	36½	36½	36¼	— ⅛
GtNorIron 1a	8	10⅜	10⅜	10¼	10¼	— ⅛
GtWn Fin 1.20	1	17⅜	17⅜	17⅜	17⅜	
GtWnSug 1.80	93	28⅜	28⅝	28⅛	28⅜	
GtWnUt .90	53	28⅞	28⅞	28⅝	28⅞	
GWUn pf 1.88	10	23½	23½	23½	23½	
Gtr Wash 1.50	1	27⅝	27⅝	27⅝	27⅝	— ¼
Grn Giant .96	61	20¼	19¾	20¼	20¼	+ ⅛
Grn Shoe 1.20	13	42¾	42¾	41½	42⅛	— 1⅛
Greyhound 1	290	23¾	24	23½	23⅞	+ ⅛
Greyhnd wt	157	9⅜	9⅝	9½	9⅝	
⅛ Groller .90	6	22⅜	22⅜	22⅜	22⅜	
⅛ GrummnCp 1	34	18⅝	18⅝	18½	18⅝	+ ⅛
⅛ GrayMJ 2.36a	134	42¼	43¼	42¼	43⅛	+ ⅛
GtFLtHld .60a	1	49¼	49¼	49¼	49¼	— ½
GtWMOp 2.80a	14	111½	111½	110⅜	111½	— ½
⅛ Gulf Oil 1.50	485	29	29⅛	28⅝	29⅛	+ ⅛
⅛ Gulf Resrce	95	8⅛	8⅛	8	8⅛	
⅛ GulfRes pf.30	3	11¾	11¾	11¾	11¾	+ ⅛
⅛ GfRes pf1.30	25	17⅞	17⅞	17¾	17⅞	+ ⅛
⅛ GfStUtil 1.04	216	22⅛	22⅜	21⅞	22⅛	+ 1⅛
Gulf Wn .60	140	28½	28⅝	28⅜	28⅝	— ⅛
GlfWpInd wt	138	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝	— ⅛
GulfW pf 2.50	2	118½	118½	118½	118½	
GulfW pf 3.87	12	59	59	57½	57½	— 1
GulfW pf5.75	2	68¼	68½	68¼	68¼	+ ⅛
Gulton Ind	11	8⅜	8¾	8⅜	8¾	+ ⅛
HackWat 2.20	4	35⅝	35⅝	35⅝	35⅝	— ⅛
Hall Pr 1.60a	4	38¼	39	38¼	39	— ⅛
Hallburt 1.05	61	67¾	68	67¾	67¾	+ ⅛
⅛ Hamill Wat	7	4⅜	4⅜	4⅜	4⅜	
Hamm Rap 1	39	22	22	21½	21½	— ½
Hammnd .40	51	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛	
Handlmn .68	5	40⅞	40¾	40	40¼	+ ⅛
Hand Har .72	7	16	16¼	16	16	— ⅛
Hanes Cp .50	11	15⅜	15⅝	15⅜	15⅝	+ ⅛
Hanna M 1.20	33	56⅞	57	56	56⅝	— ⅛
Harcourt 1	99	46½	44¾	46¼	46¼	
Harris Int 1	57	39⅝	39⅝	39⅛	39⅜	— ⅛
Harsco Cp 1	451	22⅜	23	22⅜	22⅝	+ ⅛
HartfdMtr .80	32	29⅜	29⅝	29⅜	29⅜	+ ⅛
HartfdMtr .80	35	16⅜	16⅜	16⅛	16¼	— ⅛
Hawll El 1.44	10	26½	26¾	26⅝	26⅝	
Hayes Albn 1	16	17⅜	18	17¾	17¾	— ⅛
Hazeltine	31	6⅜	6⅜	6¼	6¼	+ ⅛
Health-tex	70	33⅜	34⅛	33	34¼	+ ⅛
HeclaM .50f	73	18⅝	18⅝	18½	18⅝	+ ⅛
Heinz HJ 1	195	44½	45¼	44	44⅜	+ ⅛
HelenaRu .76	41	34½	34⅝	34	34⅜	+ ⅛
Helene Curt	18	6⅝	7	2 6⅝	7	+ ⅛
Heller Intl .76	69	27	27¼	26⅞	27¼	+ ⅛
HelmPd .40b	19	16⅜	16⅜	16⅛	16⅜	
Helmrich 2.20	27	28⅜	28⅜	28⅛	28⅜	— ⅛
Hemisph Cap	12	4½	4½	4⅜	4⅜	
Hemilinc .35g	2	7¼	7¼	7¼	7¼	
Hercules .75g	41	50½	50¾	50¼	50¾	+ ⅛
Hershf 1.10	28	26⅛	26⅝	26⅛	26⅝	+ ⅛
Heublein .85	132	45⅝	45¾	45¼	45⅝	+ ⅛
Hew Pack .20	110	39⅛	39⅝	39⅛	39⅜	
High Voltge	151	10⅛	11	10	11	+ 1
Hilton Hotl 1	69	57⅜	58	57¾	57⅝	— ⅛
Hobart 1.20	14	56⅜	56½	56⅜	56⅜	+ ⅛
HoernWat .90	6	23¼	23½	23⅛	23⅛	+ ⅛
Hoff Electrn	18	14⅜	14⅝	14⅜	14⅝	+ ⅛
Holidyinn .25	193	46	46⅛	45	45	— 1
HollySug .30p	10	14½	14½	14¼	14½	+ ⅛
Homestke .40	55	24½	24⅝	24⅜	24⅝	+ ⅛
Honywll 1.35	165	109⅝	112⅜	109¼	111⅜	+ 1⅝
HooverBl 1.20	79	32⅜	32⅝	32⅜	32⅜	+ ⅛
HoovPCp Am	168	41½	42¼	41½	42	+ ⅛
Host Intl .36	9	37	37	36¾	36¾	— ⅛
Houdaille .60	87	14⅜	15	14⅜	15	+ ⅛
Houdl pf 2.25	1	29½	29½	29½	29½	+ ⅛
Hoog Mitf .40	96	15½	16⅛	15½	16⅛	+ ⅜
HouseIkF 1.20	163	32½	32⅝	31⅝	32½	+ ⅛
HouseLF pf4.40	44	152	157	155	155½	+ 2
HouseF pf2.50	4	59	60	59	60	+ 1
HousF pf2.37	2	79	79½	79	79½	+ 1½
HousLP 1.32	17	45⅞	45⅞	45¾	45¾	— ⅛
HousNGs .80	66	44⅛	44½	43⅝	44½	+ ⅛
HoustG pf2.50	27	39⅛	39⅛	39⅛	39⅛	+ ⅛
How John .24	174	37⅝	38⅜	37⅝	38½	+ 1
Howmet .70	10	16	16	15⅝	15⅝	— ⅛
Hubbell 1.46g	30	22½	22⅝	22½	22⅝	+ ⅛
HudBay .30p	5	22⅜	22⅜	22⅜	22⅜	
Hugh Hat .40	6	12½	12⅝	12½	12½	
Hunt Chm .16	3	17½	17⅜	17½	17⅜	+ ⅛
Hurck Cp .48	171	39½	39½	39¼	39⅝	— ⅛
IdahoPw 1.70	52	32¾	32¾	32⅝	32⅝	— ⅛
Ideal Bas .60	265	19⅛	19⅛	18¾	18¾	+ ⅛
Ideal Pf 4.75	1	82½	82½	82½	82½	+ ⅛
Ill Cent 1.14	12	43¼	43¼	43	43	
Ill Cen pf3.50	16	65⅞	65⅞	65½	65½	— ⅜
Ill Powr 2.20	59	35½	37¼	35½	37¼	+ 1¾
Ill Pow pf2.35	z10	33	33	33	33	— ½
Imprl Cp Am	439	15½	15⅝	15	15⅛	— ⅛
INA Cp 1.40	191	55⅛	55⅞	54⅞	55⅛	+ ⅛
Income Capit	15	11¼	11⅜	11¼	11⅜	
IncCCU .68g	3	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛	+ ⅛
Indian Hd .80	19	31⅜	31⅝	31⅛	31⅛	
Ind Hd pf4.50	1	112	112	112	112	— 1⅞
IndnaGs 1.72	2	26½	26½	26½	26½	
IndiaM. pf7.08	z300	91	91	91	91	— ½
IndpisPL 1.50	13	25½	25⅝	25⅛	25⅛	— ⅛
Ind PL pf6.25	2	94	94	94	94	+ 1
Indstl Nat .90	7	19	19	19	19	
Ingersoll Rand 2	35	57¼	57⅜	57⅛	57⅛	+ ⅛
InglRd pf2.25	20	42⅝	43½	42⅝	43½	+ ⅛
Inland Stl 2	94	32⅝	33	32⅝	32⅝	— ⅛
Inmont Corp	71	14⅜	14⅜	14⅛	14⅜	— ⅛
InspirPM pf4.50	z100	55	56	56	56	+ ½
Insilco .70	84	20½	20⅝	20⅛	20⅛	— ⅛
Insilc pfA1.25	31	23⅜	23⅝	23⅛	23½	+ ⅛
InspirCop 2	45	38⅜	39¼	38⅜	39¼	+ ⅛
Interco 1.20	60	47½	47⅝	47½	47½	+ ⅛
IntrtkInc 1.80	28	29⅜	29⅞	29⅜	29⅝	+ ⅛
IBM 5.20	210	310	310½	309½	310½	+ ½
IntChm Nuc	73	25⅝	25⅝	25½	25½	— ½
IntFlaFr .40b	18	76½	77½	76½	77	+ ½
Int Harv 1.40	166	29⅞	30⅛	29¾	30	+ ⅛
IntHolds .35g	5	14	14	13⅞	14	— ⅛
Int. Indust	122	5⅞	6	5½	5⅝	— ⅛
IntnlA pf	12	9⅞	9⅞	9¾	9¾	— ⅛
IntMiner .05g	167	17¼	17⅜	17	17⅛	— ⅛
IntMiner pf 4	1	49	49	49	49	
Int Mnls	12	9¾	10	9¾	9¾	
IntMulti 1.20	33	25¼	26	25½	26	
Int Nickel 1	353	33⅜	33⅝	33	33½	— ⅜
Int Pap 1.50	371	35½	35⅝	35⅛	35½	
Int Rectifier	22	7¼	7¼	7	7	— ⅛
IntT&T 1.15	969	58⅛	59⅜	58⅝	59⅛	+ 1
IntT pfl 4.50	31	108	108½	108	108½	— ½
IntT&T pfJ 4	1503	101	101	100⅛	100⅛	— 1½
IntT&T pfK4	1	99⅛	100	99	99½	— ⅛
IntTrTr 2.25	1827	73¼	74¼	73	73⅜	+ ⅜
IntT&T pfO 5	8	99½	100¼	99½	100¼	+ ⅜
Intrl Util 1.40	140	37⅜	38⅜	37⅜	38⅛	+ ⅛
Intrl Util A	15	42	42¾	42	42⅝	+ ⅛
Interstate 1	6	27¼	27⅝	27¼	27½	+ ⅛
Interpce pf 5	2	84	84	84	84	+ 1½
InvtGp .10g	46	26	26¼	25⅝	25⅝	
InvsBrand .96	2	20⅛	20⅛	20⅛	20⅛	
InvsPow 1.28	11	19⅛	19⅝	18⅞	18⅛	+ ⅛
Iowa Beef	40	26¾	26¾	26	26½	+ ⅜
Iowa El 1.20	41	18⅝	18⅝	18⅛	18⅛	+ ½
IowaIGas 1.28	43	18⅝	18⅝	18½	18⅞	+ ⅛
IowaPow 1.68	16	23¾	23¾	23⅝	23⅝	— ⅜
IowaPSv 1.40	6	21	21¼	21	21⅛	+ ⅛
Ipco Hosp .24	19	16⅜	17¼	16⅜	16	+ ⅛
IPE Inc .40	158	36½	36½	35¾	36	— ⅜
Ir Corp	275	43¾	44½	42¾	44⅛	+ ⅜
ITT 1.40a	1	140½	140½	140½	140½	— 3½
Ituser .20	51	9⅛	9⅛	9	9⅛	+ ⅛
IvesF .32	7	34½	34⅝	34½	34½	
Izzan .60	2	19½	19½	19⅜	19⅜	— ⅛
JerFd 1.66g	71	10	10⅛	9⅞	10	
JIP fnl.66g	16	9⅞	9⅞	9⅞	9⅞	
JnPilot .36	45	47	47½	46¾	47½	
Jel Co 1.60	x16	54¾	55¾	54¾	54¾	+ ⅛
J Walt .50	222	41	41½	40⅝	40⅝	+ ⅛
JW pf 1.60	9	46½	46½	46¼	46¼	+ ⅛
Walt pf 1	z60	13½	13½	13½	13½	
JnMv .50g	45	23⅞	24⅛	23½	23½	— ⅜
JMan 1.20	90	40⅝	41⅜	40¼	41	+ ⅜
JJoh .48a	44	90½	91¼	90¼	91	+ ⅛
Js Syc .80	28	30⅝	30⅝	29¾	29¾	— ⅛
Jaus .50g	23	16	16	15⅝	15⅝	— ⅛
JLaq pf 5	z120	57	57	55½	55½	— 1½
Jpn 70	17	28	28⅝	28	28	— ⅜
Jstfg 1.40	90	61¼	61⅜	61¼	61½	+ ⅛
Jr Alum 1	33	29¾	30	29¾	29¾	
Js 5.75f 4.75	6	65½	67	65½	67	+2
Js 5.75d 4.75	7	65	65	65	65	— ¼
Js 6.66f 4.75	4	66	66½	66	66½	+ ⅝
Al pf 4.12	1	62½	62½	62½	62½	+ 1⅜
JrCem .50	7	16⅛	16¼	16	16	— ⅛
Crn pf1.37	2	19⅛	19⅛	19½	19⅝	+ ⅛
JndiaM. pf7.08	z300	91	91	91	91	— ½
JndpisPL 1.50	13	25½	25⅝	25⅛	25⅛	— ⅛
Ind PL pf6.25	2	94	94	94	94	+ 1
Indstl Nat .90	7	19	19	19	19	
Ingersoll Rand 2	35	57¼	57⅜	57⅛	57⅛	+ ⅛
InglRd pf2.25	20	42⅝	43½	42⅝	43½	+ ⅛
Inland Stl 2	94	32⅝	33	32⅝	32⅝	— ⅛
Inmont Corp	71	14⅜	14⅜	14⅛	14⅜	— ⅛
InspirPM pf4.50	z100	55	56	56	56	+ ½
Insilco .70	84	20½	20⅝	20⅛	20⅛	— ⅛
Insilc pfA1.25	31	23⅝	23⅝	23⅛	23½	+ ⅛
InspirCop 2	45	38⅜	39¼	38⅜	39¼	+ ⅛
Interco 1.20	60	47½	47⅝	47½	47½	+ ⅛
IntrtkInc 1.80	28	29⅜	29⅞	29⅜	29⅝	+ ⅛
IBM 5.20	210	310	310½	309½	310½	+ ½
IntChm Nuc	73	25⅝	25⅝	25½	25½	— ½
IntFlaFr .40b	18	76½	77½	76½	77	+ ½
Int Harv 1.40	166	29⅞	30⅛	29¾	30	+ ⅛
IntHolds .35g	5	14	14	13⅞	14	— ⅛
Int. Indust	122	5⅞	6	5½	5⅝	— ⅛
IntnlA pf	12	9⅞	9⅞	9¾	9¾	— ⅛
IntMiner .05g	167	17¼	17⅜	17	17⅛	— ⅛
IntMiner pf 4	1	49	49	49	49	
Int Mnls	12	9¾	10	9¾	9¾	
IntMulti 1.20	33	25¼	26	25½	26	
Int Nickel 1	353	33⅜	33⅝	33	33½	— ⅜
Int Pap 1.50	371	35½	35⅝	35⅛	35½	
Int Rectifier	22	7¼	7¼	7	7	— ⅛
IntT&T 1.15	969	58⅛	59⅜	58⅝	59⅛	+ 1
IntT pfl 4.50	31	108	108½	108	108½	— ½
IntT&T pfJ 4	1503	101	101	100⅛	100⅛	— 1½
IntT&T pfK4	1	99⅛	100	99	99½	— ⅛
IntTrTr 2.25	1827	73¼	74¼	73	73⅜	+ ⅜
IntT&T pfO 5	8	99½	100¼	99½	100¼	+ ⅜
Intrl Util 1.40	140	37⅜	38⅜	37⅜	38⅛	+ ⅛
Intrl Util A	15	42	42¾	42	42⅝	+ ⅛
Interstate 1	6	27¼	27⅝	27¼	27½	+ ⅛
Interpce pf 5	2	84	84	84	84	+ 1½
InvtGp .10g	46	26	26¼	25⅝	25⅝	
InvsBrand .96	2	20⅛	20⅛	20⅛	20⅛	
InvsPow 1.28	11	19⅛	19⅝	18⅞	18⅛	+ ⅛
Iowa Beef	40	26¾	26¾	26	26½	+ ⅜
Iowa El 1.20	41	18⅝	18⅝	18⅛	18⅛	+ ½
IowaIGas 1.28	43	18⅝	18⅝	18½	18⅞	+ ⅛
IowaPow 1.68	16	23¾	23¾	23⅝	23⅝	— ⅜
IowaPSv 1.40	6	21	21¼	21	21⅛	+ ⅛
Ipco Hosp .24	19	16⅜	17¼	16⅜	16	+ ⅛
IPE Inc .40	158	36½	36½	35¾	36	— ⅜
Ir Corp	275	43¾	44½	42¾	44⅛	+ ⅜
ITT 1.40a	1	140½	140½	140½	140½	— 3½
Ituser .20	51	9⅛	9⅛	9	9⅛	+ ⅛
IvesF .32	7	34½	34⅝	34½	34½	
Izzan .60	2	19½	19½	19⅜	19⅜	— ⅛
JerFd 1.66g	71	10	10⅛	9⅞	10	
JIP fnl.66g	16	9⅞	9⅞	9⅞	9⅞	
JnPilot .36	45	47	47½	46¾	47½	
Jel Co 1.60	x16	54¾	55¾	54¾	54¾	+ ⅛
J Walt .50	222	41	41½	40⅝	40⅝	+ ⅛
JW pf 1.60	9	46½	46½	46¼	46¼	+ ⅛
Walt pf 1	z60	13½	13½	13½	13½	
JnMv .50g	45	23⅞	24⅛	23½	23½	— ⅜
JMan 1.20	90	40⅝	41⅜	40¼	41	+ ⅜
Joh .48a	44	90½	91¼	90¼	91	+ ⅛
Js Syc .80	28	30⅝	30⅝	29¾	29¾	— ⅛
Jaus .50g	23	16	16	15⅝	15⅝	— ⅛
JLaq pf 5	z120	57	57	55½	55½	— 1½
Jpn 70	17	28	28⅝	28	28	— ⅜
Jstfg 1.40	90	61¼	61⅜	61¼	61½	+ ⅛
Jr Alum 1	33	29¾	30	29¾	29¾	
Js 5.75f 4.75	6	65½	67	65½	67	+2
Js 5.75d 4.75	7	65	65	65	65	— ¼
Js 6.66f 4.75	4	66	66½	66	66½	+ ⅝
Al pf 4.12	1	62½	62½	62½	62½	+ 1⅜
JrCem .50	7	16⅛	16¼	16	16	— ⅛
Crn pf1.37	2	19⅛	19⅛	19½	19⅝	+ ⅛
JndiaM. pf7.08	z300	91	91	91	91	— ½
JndpisPL 1.50	13	25½	25⅝	25⅛	25⅛	— ⅛
Ind PL pf6.25	2	94	94	94	94	+ 1
Indstl Nat .90	7	19	19	19	19	
Ingersoll Rand 2	35	57¼	57⅜	57⅛	57⅛	+ ⅛
InglRd pf2.25	20	42⅝	43½	42⅝	43½	+ ⅛
Inland Stl 2	94	32⅝	33	32⅝	32⅝	— ⅛
Inmont Corp	71	14⅜	14⅜	14⅛	14⅜	— ⅛
InspirPM pf4.50	z100	55	56	56	56	+ ½
Insilco .70	84	20½	20⅝	20⅛	20⅛	— ⅛
Insilc pfA1.25	31	23⅝	23⅝	23⅛	23½	+ ⅛
InspirCop 2	45	38⅜	39¼	38⅜	39¼	+ ⅛
Interco 1.20	60	47½	47⅝	47½	47½	+ ⅛
IntrtkInc 1.80	28	29⅜	29⅞	29⅜	29⅝	+ ⅛
IBM 5.20	210	310	310½	309½	310½	+ ½
IntChm Nuc	73	25⅝	25⅝	25½	25½	— ½
IntFlaFr .40b	18	76½	77½	76½	77	+ ½
Int Harv 1.40	166	29⅞	30⅛	29¾	30	+ ⅛
IntHolds .35g	5	14	14	13⅞	14	— ⅛
Int. Indust	122	5⅞	6	5½	5⅝	— ⅛
IntnlA pf	12	9⅞	9⅞	9¾	9¾	— ⅛
IntMiner .05g	167	17¼	17⅜	17	17⅛	— ⅛
IntMiner pf 4	1	49	49	49	49	
Int Mnls	12	9¾	10	9¾	9¾	
IntMulti 1.20	33	25¼	26	25½	26	
Int Nickel 1	353	33⅜	33⅝	33	33½	— ⅜
Int Pap 1.50	371	35½	35⅝	35⅛	35½	
Int Rectifier	22	7¼	7¼	7	7	— ⅛
IntT&T 1.15	969	58⅛	59⅜	58⅝	59⅛	+ 1
IntT pfl 4.50	31	108	108½	108	108½	— ½
IntT&T pfJ 4	1503	101	101	100⅛	100⅛	— 1½
IntT&T pfK4	1	99⅛	100	99	99½	— ⅛
IntTrTr 2.25	1827	73¼	74¼	73	73⅜	+ ⅜
IntT&T pfO 5	8	99½	100¼	99½	100¼	+ ⅜
Intrl Util 1.40	140	37⅜	38⅜	37⅜	38⅛	+ ⅛
Intrl Util A	15	42	42¾	42	42⅝	+ ⅛
Interstate 1	6	27¼	27⅝	27¼	27½	+ ⅛
Interpce pf 5	2	84	84	84	84	+ 1½
InvtGp .10g	46	26	26¼	25⅝	25⅝	
InvsBrand .96	2	20⅛	20⅛	20⅛	20⅛	
InvsPow 1.28	11	19⅛	19⅝	18⅞	18⅛	+ ⅛
Iowa Beef	40	26¾	26¾	26	26½	+ ⅜
Iowa El 1.20	41	18⅝	18⅝	18⅛	18⅛	+ ½
IowaIGas 1.28	43	18⅝	18⅝	18½	18⅞	+ ⅛
IowaPow 1.68	16	23¾	23¾	23⅝	23⅝	— ⅜
IowaPSv 1.40	6	21	21¼	21	21⅛	+ ⅛
Ipco Hosp .24	19	16⅜	17¼	16⅜	16	+ ⅛
IPE Inc .40	158	36½	36½	35¾	36	— ⅜
Ir Corp	275	43¾	44½	42¾	44⅛	+ ⅜
ITT 1.40a	1	140½	140½	140½	140½	— 3½
Ituser .20	51	9⅛	9⅛	9	9⅛	+ ⅛
IvesF .32	7	34½	34⅝	34½	34½	
Izzan .60	2	19½	19½	19⅜	19⅜	— ⅛
JerFd 1.66g	71	10	10⅛	9⅞	10	
JIP fnl.66g	16	9⅞	9⅞	9⅞	9⅞	
JnPilot .36	45	47	47½	46¾	47½	
Jel Co 1.60	x16	54¾	55¾	54¾	54¾	+ ⅛
J Walt .50	222	41	41½	40⅝	40⅝	+ ⅛
JW pf 1.60	9	46½	46½	46¼	46¼	+ ⅛
Walt pf 1	z60	13½	13½	13½	13½	
JnMv .50g	45	23⅞	24⅛	23½	23½	— ⅜
JMan 1.20	90	40⅝	41⅜	40¼	41	+ ⅜
Joh .48a

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1.41½	8½	AberdnMut	.40	35	9	9½	9	9½	— ½
4	3¾	Abrdn P	.12f	3	3⅞	3⅞	3⅞	3⅞	
3½	2	Acme Prec		4	2½	2½	2½	2½	— ⅛
84½	15¼	Action Ind		18	16⅛	16½	16	16	
9⅝	3¼	Adams Russl		6	6⅛	6⅛	6	6	— ⅛
16⅝	8¾	Admiral Intl		5	12	12	12	12	— ¼
12⅝	5	A&E Plast P		9	5¼	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	— ⅛
7¼	3½	Aerodex Inc		2	3	3	3	3	
3⅝	1⅝	Aero Flo	.20	12	12⅝	13	12⅝	12⅝	+ ⅛
22¾	17½	Aerotel	.50a	10	18¼	18⅝	18¼	18½	
14	6½	Aeronca Inc		24	6⅜	6⅜	6⅜	6⅜	+ ⅛
8¾	4⅜	Aerovox Cp		1	5¼	5¼	5¼	5¼	
15	10⅛	Affil Cap Cp		117	12½	12⅝	12⅛	12⅛	+ ⅛
10	6¼	Affil Cap wt		57	8	8¼	7⅞	8	
13½	1	Affil Hosp	.20	10	11⅜	12	11⅜	12	+ ⅛
9⅝	6	AIC Phot	.25f	4	7½	7½	7½	7½	
19	9¼	Airborne Frt		79	11⅜	12¼	11⅜	12⅛	+ 1⅛
12½	5⅜	Airpax Elec		2	7½	7½	7½	7½	
25⅝	11	Airwick B	.32	23	27½	28¼	27½	28¼	+ ½
27⅞	17	Ajax Ma	.45g	6	19¼	19⅝	19¼	19⅝	+ ⅛
8½	5½	Alaska Airl		55	6⅜	6⅝	6⅜	6⅜	
14	6¼	Alba W	12p		26	6⅝	7⅜	6⅞	7¼	+ ½
9⅝	4	Aldon Ind		3	5	5⅛	5	5¼	+ ⅛
25¾	17¼	AlisMfg	2.14g	82	25¼	25⅝	25	25⅛	+ ⅛
9⅞	6½	All Amer Ind		10	7⅛	7⅛	6¾	6¾	— ⅛
18⅞	10¼	Alleghy Air		18	11⅞	12½	11¾	12¼	+ ⅛
12	6⅜	AlleghAirl wt		2	7⅝	7¼	7⅛	7¼	+ ⅛
14¾	8⅝	AlleghyCp wt		3	11	11	11	11	— ⅛
23	17⅜	Alliance TR		17	20	20	20	20	+ ⅛
6⅜	2⅝	Allied Art		9	3¼	3½	3	3	— ⅛
16¾	8	Allied Contrl		23	12¼	12⅝	12¼	12⅛	+ ⅛
7½	4	Alpha Ind		8	5⅛	5⅛	4⅞	4⅞	— ⅛
6¼	3⅜	Altamil Cp			23	6⅛	6¼	6¼	4½	+ ⅛
17½	12¼	Alter Fds	.50	2	15¼	15¼	15¼	15¼	— ⅛
15¾	6¼	AlumSpec	.44	5	10½	10½	10⅜	10⅜	— ⅛
26⅝	10⅝	Amco Ind		61	16⅛	16⅝	15⅝	15⅝	— ⅜
19	14⅜	A HessLL wt		48	16¼	16½	15⅝	15⅞	— ⅜
20	10½	Am Agronom		18	11½	11½	11¼	11¼	— ⅛
10½	6⅞	A AutVnd	.20	2	9¼	9¼	9¼	9¼	+ ⅛
12⅝	7⅛	Am Biltrt	.30	7	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝	+ ⅛
8¼	3⅜	A BkStrs	.21f	7	4	4¼	4	4⅛	+ ⅛
27½	21¾	ACenM	2.20g	173	27¼	27⅝	27	27½	+ ¼
31¼	23¼	A Fltch	1.80g	21	28½	28⅞	28⅛	28⅛	+ ⅛
71	34	Am Fltvh	wt	16	8	8¼	8	8⅛	
6⅜	3¾	A Israeli	.31g	5	4⅜	4⅜	4¼	4¼	— ⅛
16⅜	9	A MaizeA	.33	37	15⅛	15⅛	14⅝	15	— ⅛
16	9⅛	A MaizeB	.33	6	15⅛	15⅛	15⅛	15⅛	
42¼	31	Am Mf 1.60g		2	34½	34⅝	34½	34⅝	+ ⅛
34⅝	18⅝	AmMotInns		15	29⅛	29½	29	29	— ⅛
28¾	23⅜	AmPetrf	.55g	79	21⅞	22⅜	21⅜	22⅛	— ⅛
4⅝	3	Am Precisn		2	3⅛	3¼	3⅛	3⅛	
12⅞	7⅞	A RityTr	.88g	23	10⅞	11⅛	10⅝	10⅝	— ⅛
23⅜	18	A Restaur	.91	19	22¾	23⅜	22½	22⅝	— ⅛
14⅝	8⅜	AmSaf Equip		167	13	13½	12⅝	13¼	
9⅝	4⅜	AmTech I	1f	48	6½	6⅝	6⅜	6⅜	+ ⅛
25⅝	16⅞	AmesDep	Str	28	24½	25¼	24½	25¼	+ ⅜
41	16¼	Amrep Corp		154	24⅝	25½	24¾	25¼	+ ⅜
6¼	4	AndreaR	.05p	4	4¼	4¼	4¼	4¼	— ⅛
6⅜	5⅜	Andy Gard		61	5¾	5¾	5¾	5¾	
69	23⅝	Angelica	.18	22	2	2⅜	27⅞	25⅞	27⅛	— ⅝
2⅝	1⅜	Angla Laurnz		17	2⅛	2½	2½	2½	— ⅛
15	8⅝	Ansul Co	.48f	9	11⅜	11⅝	11¼	11¼	
9½	5¼	Anthony Ind		27	8⅝	8⅝	8½	8⅝	
3¼	1⅝	AO Inudst			33	2	2	2	
8¼	2¾	Apollo Indust			4	6	6	6	+ ⅛
13⅜	4½	Applied Data		17	6¾	6⅞	6⅝	6⅝	+ ⅛
7½	3¾	Applied Dev		6	5	5⅜	5¼	5¼	— ⅛
123⅜	22½	Aquitain Ltd		24	29½	30⅛	29⅞	30⅛	+ ⅛
40	17⅝	Arctic Ent		74	35¼	39⅝	38½	39⅛	+ ⅛
3¼	2	Argus Inc		10	2	2	2	2	
19	13⅜	ArizColoLd	C	4	15¼	15½	15¼	15½	
28¾	16¼	Ark Best	.30	10	28½	23¾	23½	28⅜	— ⅛
29¾	24¼	ArkLGas	1.52	48	26½	26¾	26½	26½	
14⅛	7½	Arrow Elect		202	9⅜	9¾	9¼	9⅜	+ ⅛
26⅜	18½	Arundel		6	24¾	25	24¾	24¾	+ ⅛
6⅝	5	Arwood Cp			6	5⅜	5⅜	5⅜	
24⅜	13⅜	Asamera Oil		315	19⅜	19⅝	19⅜	19⅝	+ ¼
14⅜	8⅝	Ashl Oil	Cn	7	11½	11⅝	11½	11⅝	+ ⅛
7¼	5⅜	Askin Svc	Cp	49	6⅛	7	6⅛	6⅞	+ ⅛
11	7	ASPRO	.25b	19	10¼	10½	10⅛	10⅛	+ ⅛
25	18¼	AssdBaby	.60	14	19¾	20	19¾	20	
5⅞	4¼	AssdFdSt	.20	2	4⅞	4⅞	4⅞	4⅞	— ⅛
32⅞	23¼	Assd M	1.80g	19	28	28	27½	27½	— ⅝
21¾	13⅜	Astrex Inc		14	2⅜	3⅛	2½	2½	— ⅛
13½	7¼	Atalanta Cp		14	8½	8⅝	8⅛	8⅜	+ ⅛
3⅜	1⅞	Atco Chem		13	2⅜	2¼	2⅛	2⅛	
21¼	14¾	Atico Fini	.20	1	16	16	16	16	
2.3⅜	1.5	Atico M	1.45g	97	22	22¾	21½	21⅝	— ⅝
11¾	4¼	Atico Mtg	wt	94	5¼	5½	5¼	5¼	
18½	13⅛	Att CMin	.93g	10	15⅛	15⅜	15⅛	15⅛	— ⅛

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21¾	19⅛	Atlas Cp	wt	22	19⅜	19⅜	18⅝	19⅝	
24½	18¼	Augat Inc		21	22⅝	21¾	20¾	21	+ ⅝
18⅜	11	Austral Oil		79	14	14	13¾	13⅜	+ ⅛
16½	9⅛	Auto Bldg		27	11¼	11½	10⅜	11½	
14⅛	6¼	Automat Rad		24	7⅝	8	7¼	7⅝	— ⅛
9⅛	5	AutomSvc	.20	13	5¼	5½	5¼	5½	+ ⅛
21⅞	15½	Autosalt	.45g	3	53⅜	53⅞	53⅝	53⅝	+ ⅛
10	3¾	AVC Corp		16	7¼	7½	7¼	7¼	— ⅛
10⅜	6⅜	AVEMC	.10	88	7⅝	8¼	7⅝	8¼	+ ⅛
21¼	20⅝	BadgMtr	.30g	7	21¼	21¼	21¼	21½	— ⅛
36	22	BagdCap	.40b	4	29	29	29	29	— ⅜
27⅞	20⅛	Baker Ind		14	20½	20½	20½	20½	+ ⅛
21⅞	14⅛	Baker M	.42d	16	17	17⅜	16⅞	17⅜	+ ⅛
28¾	19¾	Bald DH	.60	14	22¼	23⅜	22¼	23½	+ ⅜
7	5⅜	Bald Sc	.16g	13	6	6¼	6	6¼	+ ⅛
	8⅜	Ball Co		14	5¾	5¾	5⅜	5⅜	
	6⅛	Bang Pun	wt	18	3⅜	4	3	3⅜	
13¾	8⅛	Banister	Cntl	41	12¾	12¾	12⅜	12⅝	— ⅛
33½	23	BankrUt	.21g	14	33¾	33⅝	33½	33½	
6⅝	3¼	Banner Indus		33	5¼	5⅜	5¼	5⅜	+ ⅛
9⅝	6⅛	Barb Lynn		11	7	7⅛	6⅞	7	— ⅛
20¼	10¼	Barnes Eng		7	17⅛	17⅝	17⅛	17⅜	
16⅝	5⅜	Barnwel Ind		38	10½	10½	10	10¼	— ⅛
19	11	Barry R	1.67f	3	16⅛	16⅜	16⅛	16⅜	
13⅜	7⅜	Barry Wr	.20	18	8¼	8½	8⅛	8⅛	+ ⅛
8	3⅜	Bartell	Med		24	4¼	4¼	4¼	
17⅜	6	Barth Sp	.33	21	13⅞	14	13¾	13¾	+ ⅛
17¼	9	BartonBr	.45f	48	17	17¼	17	17¼	+ ⅛
10¼	6	Bartons Cdy		7	6¾	6¾	6¾	6¾	— ⅛
4½	1⅞	Baruch Fostr		8	1⅜	2	1⅞	2	+ ⅛
4⅞	2⅜	BBI Inc		12	2⅞	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	— ⅛
21⅜	18½	Beco Ind	1	1	21¼	21¼	21¼	21¼	+ ⅛
15½	5⅛	Behavlorl RL		28	7¼	7½	7	7	— ⅛
16⅝	8¼	Behring Corp		32	11	11½	10⅝	11	
6	4	Bell Electrn		22	4¾	4¾	4½	4¾	+ ⅛
22⅛	17	BenSUn	1.45g	12	22⅜	22⅜	22⅛	22⅜	— ¼
6½	4	Ben StMg	wt	46	6⅛	6⅛	5¾	5¾	— ⅛
16	6¾	Benrus Corp		25	15½	15⅝	15¼	15½	— ⅛
16⅜	10½	BergBrun	.24	35	11½	11¾	11½	11⅝	+ ⅛
26⅜	20¼	Berg B	pf1.16	8	22½	22½	22¼	22¼	— ⅛
9	4⅜	Bertea Corp		28	7⅛	7½	7⅛	7⅛	+ ⅛
35	20	Berv Cpt	.09g	28	34½	34⅝	34½	34⅝	— ⅛
14⅜	6⅞	Beth Cp	.70f	2	8¼	8¼	8¼	8¼	
11	3⅜	Beverly Ent		64	11¼	11⅝	11¼	11⅝	— ⅛
16⅜	7	BirksPer	.20	1	9¾	9¾	9¾	9¾	— ⅛
9	3	Branch In	.30	37	17⅜	17⅝	17⅛	17⅜	— ⅛
17⅛	6¼	BrantAir	.21f	466	12⅞	13⅛	12⅝	12⅞	
20⅝	14⅞	BrascanLt	1b	280	19⅜	19¾	19¼	19⅝	+ ⅛
23¼	14⅜	Braun En	.40	4	21½	22	21½	22	+ ⅛
18	7¼	Breege	.59f	24	13½	13⅝	13⅜	13½	+ ⅛
8	3⅜	BroDart Ind		6	4¼	4¼	4¼	4¼	— ⅛
6	3⅛	BrksPer	.20	9	4¾	5⅛	4¾	5⅛	+ ⅛
11	6¼	Brown Co	wt	17	2⅝	2⅝	2⅜	2⅜	+ ⅛
31	23½	BwnF B	.40b	20	26¼	28¼	28	28¼	+ ⅛
6½	5⅜	BrownF pf	4.50	1	5¾	5¾	5¾	5¾	— ⅛
17½	8¼	Bruce Robert		21	13⅜	13⅝	13⅜	13½	+ ⅛
46¾	35¼	BT Mtg	2.05g	21	46	46¼	46	46	
3⅝	1⅝	BTS Corp		27	2	2	1⅞	1⅞	— ⅛
1.5⅜	7⅜	BtlerEng	.07p	1	9¾	9¾	9¾	9¾	— ⅛
6¾	3¼	Buehler Cp		4	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝	
13	10	Buell Ind	.15f	4	11⅛	11¼	11⅛	11¼	+ ⅛
25⅝	19⅜	Bundy Corp	1	19	23⅞	23⅞	23⅝	23⅞	+ ⅛
10¼	4	Burgess Ind		15	5¼	5½	5¼	5¼	— ⅛
35	21	Burns Intl	.40	6	24¾	24¾	24¼	24½	— ⅝
3	3	Burr JP	.05g	8	3	3	3	3	
7¼	3	Butler Aviat		12	5¾	5⅝	5¾	5¾	
18⅝	10	Buttes Gs	Oil	183	13⅜	14¼	13¾	14¼	+ ⅜
17¾	11⅜	Cablecom Gn		41	13½	14⅜	13½	14¼	+ 1½
25⅜	20¼	Caidor	.10d	33	33⅜	34	33¼	33⅝	— ⅜
33⅜	18½	Calcomp		487	21¾	21¾	20⅝	20⅝	— ½
6	4¾	Calvert Expl		22	4½	5	4¾	5	+ ⅛
25⅜	15⅜	Camcoline	.15	x19	16⅝	19¼	16⅝	19¼	+ ½
87½	15-16	CampbChib		65	6 15-16	7	15-16	6 11-16	— ⅛
12⅝	8¼	Camp Ind	.30	16	11	11¼	11	11¼	— ⅛
5¼	3½	CdnExp	G&O	54	4⅛	4¼	4	4 1-16	— ⅛
10⅞	6⅝	Cdn Homestd		56	9 15-16	10	9¾	10	+1-16
18½	14¼	CdnHydro	.25	9	14⅝	14⅝	14⅝	14⅝	

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18⅞	10½	CdnJavln	.44f	43	13½	13½	13	13	— ⅛
5	2⅝	Cdn Marconi		12	3¼	3⅜	3⅜	3⅜	+ ⅛
7¾	4	3-16 Cdn Merrltt		9	6⅜	6⅜	6⅜	6 11-16	—3-16
45½	35½	Cdn SuperOil		1	42¾	42¾	42¾	42⅝	+ ¼
7½	4	Canaverl	.16f	22	4¼	4¼	4⅛	4⅛	
4⅜	2¼	Canosa Ind		4	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	
21⅞	3¾	Cap Ind	.16p	24	9⅞	9⅞	9¾	9¾	— ⅛
8½	2⅜	Career Acad		51	3	3	2⅝	2⅞	+ ⅛
19⅞	11⅞	Caressa	.15g	17	18	18⅛	17⅝	17⅞	
97½	83½	Carnatn	1.20	13	97½	98	97½	97½	— ⅛
16½	15¼	Caro Pipelin		17	16¼	16⅜	15⅝	15¾	— ⅛
28⅝	25	CarrPL	pf 5	2710	27⅞	27⅞	27⅝	27⅞	+ ⅛
10½	3	Carousel	Fsh	4	3⅜	3⅜	3⅜	3⅜	+ ⅛
24⅝	12	CarrolDv	.99f	17	13	13⅛	12¾	12⅝	— ⅛
17¾	14⅜	CastleA	.80	3	15⅜	15⅝	15⅜	15⅝	+ ⅛
4¾	2⅜	Castleton Ind		16	2⅝	2¾	2⅝	2⅝	
22¾	8½	Cavitron Cp		10	15½	15½	15	15	— ⅜
17⅛	7¼	CellularTr		10	7⅞	7⅞	7¼	7⅜	— ⅛
53	44	CenMe	pf3.50	2100	45	45	45	45	— ⅛
16⅞	13½	Cen Sec	1.45g	2	13⅜	13⅜	13⅜	13⅜	— ⅛
22¾	19½	Centry El	.60	2	19⅝	19⅝	19⅝	19⅝	
15⅝	7¾	Centryind	.24	7	8⅜	8⅜	8½	8¼	— ⅛
5⅛	3	Certified Cp		1	3⅜	3⅜	3⅜	3⅜	
5⅝	3	Cerro Cp		22	3¾	3¾	3⅝	3¾	— ⅛
13	7¼	Chad Mllln	.40	3	9¼	9¼	9¼	9¼	+ ⅛
39¼	19½	ChampHp	.10	259	38⅞	39½	37⅞	39½	— ⅛
7¼	3	Charan Ind		13	5½	5½	5⅜	5⅜	— ⅛
21¾	16	Charter Med		16	18⅝	18⅝	18	18	+ ⅛
13	11	Chatt Gas	.68	5	13	13	13	13	
35½	20½	Cherry Burr		3	22⅝	22⅝	22¼	22¾	+ ⅝
30	24¾	ChiRivt	1.60a	1	25⅜	25⅜	25⅜	25⅜	+ ⅛
		Child World		40	26	26	25⅝	25½	
13¼	7⅞	Christian Cos		77	9⅛	9⅜	8¼	9⅜	+ ⅛
16⅝	10½	CIC Leasing		33	16⅛	16⅜	16	16	— ⅛
12½		Cinnas	.20e	39	6⅝	6⅞	6¾	6⅞	+ ⅛
5⅞	3¼	Cinerama		84	3¾	3⅞	3⅝	3⅝	— ⅛
27⅜	21¾	Circle K	.32	1	32½	33¼	32¾	32¾	
11⅜	3¼	CitSv AR	wt	99	6⅛	6¼	5⅝	5⅝	— ⅛
15¼	12¼	Citizen F	.24	10	15	15⅛	15	15	— ⅛
15⅜	13¾	CitznMi	.96g	41	15½	15⅝	15⅜	15⅜	— ⅛
14⅜	3½	CitzMtgI	wt	20	4¼	4½	4	4⅛	— ⅛
13½	8¼	ChyGsFla	.30	14	9½	9½	9¼	9¼	
17¾	14¼	Clarke G	.10g	18	16⅞	17¼	16⅞	17¼	+ ⅛
19¾	13	Clarkson Ind		22	16⅝	17½	16⅜	16⅝	+ ⅛
7⅞	3¼	Clary Corp		15	6⅛	6½	6⅛	6¼	+ ⅛
18¾	12⅞	Clinton Mer		4	14⅞	15	14⅝	15	— ⅛
13¾	12⅝	Clopay	.37f	88	12¾	13	12¾	12¾	— ⅛
40	24¼	CMI Inv Cp		49	37¾	37¾	36	36½	— 1¾
9	3⅜	Coburn Corp		109	7	2 7	6⅜	7	— ⅛
18	12	Coff Mat	.09h	198	18½	18⅝	18	18⅛	+ ⅛
9⅛	6	Cohu Elec	.10	34	7¼	7½	7¼	7½	+ ⅛
19⅜	11¼	Cole Natl	.44	8	18⅜	18⅝	18⅛	18⅜	— ⅛
38½	25	Colemen	.40	2	37	37	36¾	36¾	— ⅛
26	22¼	Colon Comm		97	23	24⅜	22⅜	24⅜	+ 1⅜
18⅝	9¼	Colon Snd	.20	10	9⅝	9¾	9¼	9¾	+ ⅛
24	23½	Colwell Co	n	24	23½	23⅞	23⅜	23⅞	+ ⅛
29	23	Colw M	1.74g	78	28¾	28⅞	27⅝	28	— 1
9½	6½	Colwi Mtg	wt	191	9¾	9¼	8⅝	8⅝	— ⅛
21⅜	12⅜	Combustn Eq		42	18⅜	19⅛	18½	19⅛	+ ⅜
27¼	21	Cominco	.75	6	22⅜	22⅝	22	22⅜	
10⅜	6¼	Comml All	.10g	44	9¼	9⅝	9	9	9¼	
13⅜	10¼	Comml Met	.60	2	13⅜	13⅜	13⅜	13⅜	+ ⅛
14½	6¾	Commodor		177	13⅜	14¼	13⅜	13⅝	— ⅛
8	3	ComHlth	Fac	18	12¼	12⅜	12¼	12⅜	+ ⅛
23⅜	22¼	Com PS	1.80b	13	22	24	24	24	+ ⅛
16	9⅝	Compudat		29	13⅝	14½	13⅝	14½	+ ⅛
17¼	6¾	Compreh Dss		8	10¼	10¼	10¼	10¼	
4⅜	2	CompuDyne		8	2⅜	2⅜	2¼	2⅜	+ ⅛
7½	3⅝	Comput Eq		3	4	4	3⅝	3⅝	
5¼	2⅝	Comput Instr		2	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	— ⅛
13⅜	7¼	Comput Invst		19	10¼	10¼	10	10	— ⅜
4⅜	2¼	Comp Mn	20e	3	2¾	2¾	2¾	2¾	
7	3⅜	Computrst		29	5⅜	5⅜	5⅜	5⅜	+ ⅛
22⅜	8¼	Conchemco		35	20¼	21	20½	20½	— ⅛
13¼	5¼	Concord Fab		37	8½	8½	7¾	8¼	— ⅛
15½	7⅜	Condec Corp		11	8½	8½	8½	8½	— ⅛
6⅜	3⅜	Connally Con		2	4⅜	4⅜	4⅜	4⅜	
11¼	6½	Conrprex	.30b	5	9¾	9½	9¾	9¾	— ⅛
8½	4	Conroy Inc		17	8¼	8¾	8¼	8⅜	+ ⅛
1 15-16	1	Con Coin	Far	19	1-14	1 1-16	1	1	
15⅜	7⅝	ConDenS	.10g	14	12½	12⅝	2⅝	2⅝	+ ⅛
9¼	4¼	Con Nat Sh	A	9	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝	— ⅛
3⅝	6¼	Con OG	1.12f	95	6¼	7	6¼	7	+ ⅛
15⅜	8⅛	Con Refrig		116	12½	13⅛	11⅞	13⅛	+ 1⅛
16⅛	9½	ConsltDes	.40	4	12¼	12½	12	12¼	+ ⅛
4½	1⅜	Cont Mater		27	2	3⅛	2⅞	3	
9⅛	6¼	Cont Tel	wt	47	6¾	6¾	6⅜	6⅜	
13½	9⅛	Cook Elec	.30	41	12⅜	13¼	12⅜	13⅛	+ ⅝
14⅜	8½	Cook Ind		12	13	13	12⅝	13	— ⅛
17¾	14¾	CookPtV	.15g	1	17⅛	17¼	17¼	17¼	— ⅛
16½	7	Cooper Jarrt		49	15⅛	16	15⅝	16	— ⅛
9⅜	5	Cordon Intl		65	9⅛	9⅜	9⅛	9⅜	
24	13	Core Labs		77	23	23⅝	23⅛	23⅝	+ ⅛
38	22	Corn Bik	.72	181	27½	27¾	27¼	27½	+ ⅛

— 1971 — High	Low	Stocks and Div.	In $	Sls. 100s	First.	High	Low	Last.	Net Chg'e
3¼	2 9-16	Courtld	.13a	6	3⅛	3¼	3⅛	3⅛	+ ⅛
25⅛	19½	Cousins	.84f	49	24½	24⅝	24⅛	24⅜	+ ⅛
25⅜	16½	CoxCble	Com	73	19¼	21	19¼	21	+2
9	3½	Craig Corp		15	4⅜	4⅜	4	4½	
14⅛	8½	CramerE	.37f	8	10⅝	10⅝	10⅜	10⅜	+ ⅛
17⅜	7⅜	Creative	Mgt	57	11	11⅜	11¼	11¼	+ ⅛
22½	21½	CreoleP	2.60a	35	23⅜	23½	23¼	23¼	+ ⅛
16½	5¼	Crest	Foam	15	11⅜	11⅜	11¼	11¼	— ⅛
5⅝	3½	Crosmont		12	5¼	5¼	5¼	5½	
29	19¼	Crometen	.80	56	29	29	28½	28⅝	— ⅛
8⅛	5⅜	CrowleyM	.30	5	6	6	6	6	— ⅛
27⅝	22	CromCPr	1.22f	11	27⅜	28⅛	27⅜	28¼	+ ⅝
14	8	Crystal Oil		7	9¼	9¼	9¼	9¼	— ⅛
20½	12	Cubic Cp	.10g	11	13⅜	13⅜	13⅜	13½	— ⅛
8½	4½	Curtis Math		19	8	8	7⅞	7⅞	— ⅛
44½

...opean Markets

...terday's closing prices
...n local currencies)

...rdam

(cut)		London	
		IOS Mgt new	$2.50
		Mart&Spen..	3.05
74.10		MetalBox..	4.18
227.80		Nichols..	0.37
55		RandMines..	1.47
44		Bank-Org..	8.60
25.40		RoyalDutch..	28.75
238.50		R.T.Z.	2.15
67		Shell	3.37
69		Tube Invest.	4.48
67.80		UnionCorp.	1.44
50.58		Vickers	0.81
53⅝		War Ln 3½	41.19
129		West Dee..	3.80
37.20		West Drief...	8.70
234.50		West Hold	8.35
171.90		West Mi...	1.42
141.70		Woolworth	0.79
117.60		ZCI	0.44½
99.50			

...sels / Milan

(cut)	Milan	
4,290	Fiat	2,156
1,775	Finsider	405
1,182	Generali	48,400
5,810	Italsider	470
1,855	LaRinas..	235
4,075	Montedis	682
1,770	Olivetti	1,905
13,575	Pirelli	1,915
2,656	SniaVisco	1,799
1,820	Terni	119

...dorf / Paris

(cut)	Paris	
161	Air Liquide	384
69.50	Beghin	161
133	BNCI	—
130.80	Can Pacific	365
247.50	C.G.E.	429.50
103	C.S.F.	101
358	Citroën	94.80
175.50	CieBancaire	639
313	Créd.Comm.	159
276.50	Créd.Lyonn.	—
97.50	DeBeers	29.05
144.50	EssoStand	146.20
67.70	Fin.Par.BP	224
346	Fr.Pétroles	217.10
246	GerDan	450
125	IBM	1,756
67	ImpOil	103
147.50	IntNickCan	193
320	Mach.Bull	82.30
71	Michelin	1,200
182.50	Mobil	289.50
203.10	Nickel (Le)	168.90
144.50	OmniumPét	242
162	Pathé-Marc	55.50
	Péchiney	158
	Peugeot	256
	Radio Techn	209.20
	Rh.Poulenc	201
	Rio Tinto	30.30
	RoyalDutch	229.20
	St.Gobain	139
	Schneider	211.10
	Shell	127
	Simca	86
	Soc.Générale	23.50
	SuezCieFin	290
	Thomson	112.60
	Ugine-Kuhl	173.70
	Youngst..	—

...on / Zurich

(cut)	Zurich	
3.10		
17.25		
5.84		
3.45		
1.70		
3.46		
0.68		
5.98		
0.44½		
2.27		
1.35		
0.24		
0.08		
2.14		
2.03	Alusuisse	2,300
1.62	B.Bovari	7,165
1.43	Ciba-Geigy	2,700
1.57	Cr.Suisse	3,550
5.60	Fischer	1,240
1.57	HoffRoche bj	190,500
4.29	Nestlé	3,100
3.48	Sandoz	4,300
1.76	Sté B.Suisse	3,655
2.37	Sulzer	3,345
9.45	U.B.Suisse	4,100
3.32		

...nd.

...NOUNCEMENT

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BANK APPOINTMENT



...ndre Bisson

...k of Nova Scotia ... the appointment of ...son as General Man- ...uebec Region with ...ers in Montreal. He ... W. Pilley who be- ...eral Manager of the ...itish Columbia Re- ...ncouver.

...ew role, Mr. Bisson ...fer advice and assist- ...atters relating to the ...rations in Europe in ...th Scotiabank's Re- ...e in London.

...ining the Bank, Mr. ...l key posts in busi- ...nking education and ...consultant to several ...Canadian corpora-

...s appointment, Mr. ...director of the Insti- ...nadian Bankers, the ...l arm of the Cana- ...ers' Association, and ...rofessor of business ...tion at Laval Uni- ...re he graduated with ...f Commerce degree. ...lds an M.B.A. from ...niversity.

American Stock Exchange Trading

(Continued from preceding page.)

— 1971 — High	Low	Stocks and Div. in $	Sls. 100s.	First	High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
6¾	9⅝	Sterl Extrudr	3	3⅞	4	3⅞	4	+⅛
7	4	Sterl Prec .20f	26	5⅞	6	5⅞	6	+⅛
11⅞	5⅞	SterlWtl .06p	12	8	8	7⅞	7⅞	—⅛
33	19	Sterrnco A	71	29⅞	30⅞	29⅞	30⅞	+2½
28½	19⅛	Stop Shop .90	19	22⅝	23	22⅝	23	+⅜
58⅝	34⅝	STP Corp .60	267	38	38¼	37⅝	37⅞	—⅛
11⅞	4⅞	Stratton Grp	41	5⅝	5⅞	5⅜	5⅜	+⅛
9⅝	5⅛	Struthr Wells	16	5⅞	6⅛	5⅝	5⅝	—⅜
29	15	Suava Sh .33f	24	25⅜	25¼	24⅞	24⅞	—1
3⅝	8	Summit Org	5	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝	—⅛
31⅞	15	Sun Elec .40	23	29¾	30	29½	30	
7⅝	4⅝	Sunair Electr	6	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	
3⅝	6⅝	Supercr .08e	1	3½	3½	3½	3½	+⅛
17⅞	8½	Super In .65g	9	10¾	11	10⅝	10⅝	—⅛
16	11¾	Sup Surg .Mf	29	14¾	14⅝	14	14⅛	—⅛
23⅝	14⅛	Superscope	35	19	19½	19	19½	+⅜
11⅞	6⅝	Susquehana	9	10¾	11	10⅝	11	....
13¾	8⅞	Susque pf.25p	7	13	13	13	13	—⅛
27¼	15⅛	Sutro M 1.26g	135	23	23⅝	22⅞	22⅞	—⅛
12⅝	7⅛	Synalloy .45g	75	10⅞	11¼	10⅞	11	+1
74½	36⅝	Syntex .40	318	69⅞	70¾	69⅝	70⅜	+1½
18¼	7⅞	System Eng	47	9	9⅛	8⅞	8⅞	—⅛
18⅝	13¾	Tasty B .80b	2	15½	15½	15⅜	15⅜	—⅛
19¼	9⅛	Tech Aeroto	156	14¾	14⅞	14⅛	14⅝	+¼
3⅛	1⅞	Tech Sym Cp	32	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	—⅛
17⅞	16	Technic Oper	8	13⅛	13⅛	12⅞	12⅞	—⅛
4⅝	2⅛	Technic Tape	20	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	
18⅞	11⅞	Technicolor	28	15	15	14⅞	14⅞	—⅛
5⅝	3⅝	Techniirol	14	3½	3½	3⅜	3⅜	—⅛
20	6⅝	Teleflex Inc	25	16½	17¼	16½	17	+⅜
88⅛	56⅛	Teleprompir	233	84½	91	84½	91	+6½
7⅛	5⅝	Tenna Corp	41	6	6⅛	6	6⅛	
10⅝	6⅝	Tenneco wt	16	7⅝	7⅝	7⅝	7⅝	
5⅞	3⅛	Tenney Eng	5	3⅛	3⅜	3⅛	3⅜	+⅛
5⅝	2⅞	Tensor Cp	35	3⅛	3¼	3⅛	3⅛	
19⅝	11⅞	Teradyne Inc	4	15⅛	15⅛	15⅛	15⅛	—⅛
24⅝	4⅞	Term Huds	25	17	17⅜	17	17⅜	+⅛
35	23⅝	Tesoro Pet	96	28	28⅝	27¾	27⅞	—⅛
70	58½	Tx PL pf4.56	z100	63	63⅜	62½	63⅜	+¼
9⅝	3⅞	Texstar	44	8	8⅛	7⅞	7⅞	—⅛
25	15⅛	Textron wt	26	23¼	24⅛	23⅛	23⅞	+⅜
7½	4⅝	TFI Co Inc	18	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝	—⅛
15⅛	10⅝	ThorMkt .60d	6	12⅝	12⅞	12⅝	12⅞	+⅛
14⅛	11	Thrifmt .05p	17	11½	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛	—⅛
33⅛	23⅝	Tokheim .60	7	28	28	27¼	27½	—⅜
63	54⅝	Tol Ed pf4.25	z125	57⅜	57⅜	57⅛	57⅛	+⅛
18	13⅞	Tonka Cp .40	19	14	14	13⅞	13⅞	—⅛
19⅝	12⅝	Topper Corp	170	13⅝	14⅝	13⅝	14½	+1⅛
9 7-16	6⅞	Total Pet NA	32	7 13-16	8	7⅝	7 13-16	
18⅝	14⅞	Total P pf .70	9	16½	16⅝	16⅛	16¼	—½
11⅛	8	Town Cntry	38	10⅛	10⅛	9⅝	9⅞	—⅛
14	10⅝	Tran Lux .35	33	12¼	12½	12¼	12½	
5⅝	2⅝	Transair .02e	6	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	
23⅜	6⅛	TWA wt	129	21½	21½	20⅝	20⅞	—½
10	3⅝	Treadw .37f	115	9⅞	10⅛	9⅞	10⅛	+⅜
14	5	Tri State Mot	73	13½	13⅝	12½	12½	—1
30⅜	18⅛	Triang P .15e	58	25¼	25⅝	24¼	24⅛	—⅜
3⅝	2⅜	Tub Max .15g	35	2 15-16	2 15-16	2 15-16	2 15-16	
12	7	Tyco Labs	42	8¼	8⅞	8½	8⅞	—⅛
7⅜	3¼	Udico Corp	7	3½	3⅝	3½	3⅝	+⅛
4⅝	2⅛	UIP Corp	50	2⅝	2⅝	2½	2½	—⅛
13⅞	3⅝	Unexcelled	110	13⅞	13⅞	13¼	13⅝	—⅜
15	10	Un Finl .76f	1	13⅞	13⅞	13⅞	13⅞	—⅜
14¼	9⅝	U St Om .20g	1	10⅝	10⅝	10⅝	10⅝	
30⅝	18⅝	Unam 1.52g	37	30⅝	30⅝	30½	30⅝	+⅛
11⅞	3⅝	Unam Tr wt	51	10⅞	11⅞	10⅝	11⅛	—⅛
5⅞	3⅝	Un Asbest .07	49	5	5⅛	4 15-16	5	
6⅞	3⅝	UnBrands wt	8	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	—⅛
38	22	UnCoL In .30g	4	24⅜	24⅞	24⅜	24⅞	+⅜
13⅝	8¼	Un Dollr .10p	25	9⅞	9⅝	9⅞	9⅞	+⅛
7½	4⅝	Unit Foods	109	5⅞	5½	5⅜	5⅜	
7	4	Un Natl Corp	31	4⅜	4⅝	4⅜	4⅜	—⅛
9⅝	7½	Un Nat pf.70	5	8⅛	8½	8⅛	8½	—⅛
51⅜	24	U PDye .50g	144	38⅛	39⅛	38	39⅛	+1⅛
39⅝	19	US Filter	8	29⅝	29⅝	29⅛	29⅛	+⅛
22	18⅝	US LagR .65e	29	21⅛	21½	21⅛	21⅛	—⅛
6⅞	4⅛	US Leasg wt	36	4⅝	5	4⅝	4⅝	+⅛
22⅝	9⅛	US Nat Rsrc	96	10⅝	12	10½	11⅝	+1⅛
10⅞	5	US Radium	7	7⅝	7½	7⅝	7⅝	—⅛
20⅞	17⅝	US Ritin 1.60	35	18⅝	19	18⅝	19	+⅛
7	5⅛	US Reducin	11	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	—½
9⅝	5⅝	US Smelt wt	22	7⅜	7⅝	7⅜	7½	—⅛
14½	5½	Unitrode Co	24	13⅛	13⅛	12⅞	12⅞	—⅛
4⅜	2⅛	Univ Cigar	24	3	3⅛	2⅞	2⅞	
8⅞	4⅛	Univ Cont .76f	3	4⅜	4⅜	4⅜	4⅜	
23⅜	13⅝	Univ Mar .5c	11	13⅝	13⅞	13⅝	13⅝	—⅛
38¼	14⅛	Uris Bldg wt	2	27	27	27	27	—⅜
11⅝	6⅝	URS Systems	15	6⅝	6⅞	6⅝	6⅞	
30⅝	14	ValiesSt 1.15f	58	18⅛	18⅝	18½	18⅝	—⅛
11⅞	4⅝	Valley Met	99	8⅝	9⅝	8⅝	9⅛	+1⅛
10	4½	Valmac Ind	5	7⅜	7⅜	7⅛	7⅛	—⅛
6⅛	4⅛	Valspar .09g	21	4⅛	4⅛	4½	4⅛	+⅛
25⅞	13⅛	Van Dorn .32	57	22	22⅝	22	22⅛	+⅜
3⅝	1⅝	Vanegard Int	12	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	
5⅝	1⅝	Varo Inc	29	2⅛	2⅛	2	2	—⅛
26⅛	14⅛	Veeco Instru	21	20⅞	21	20⅝	20⅝	—⅛
21⅜	14	Venicelnd .20	115	18⅞	19⅛	18⅝	19⅛	+⅜
10⅝	5⅞	Vernitron	75	8⅛	8⅛	7⅝	7⅝	—½
18	4⅝	Vesely Co	5	14⅛	14⅞	14⅝	14⅞	+1⅛
33⅝	25	Vetco Offsh	15	31	31	30⅝	30⅝	
10⅛	6⅛	Viewlex	44	7⅝	7⅛	7⅝	7⅝	+⅛
12⅝	7⅛	Vintage Enf	80	12	12⅝	11⅞	12	
7⅝	4⅝	VLN Corp	40	6⅛	6¼	6	6¼	+⅛
47⅝	36⅝	VLN Cp pf 3	2	41⅝	42	41⅝	42	—⅛
9⅝	6⅝	Vol Merch	10	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝	+⅛
17⅝	7⅛	Voplex .30g	11	14½	14⅝	14	14	
5⅜	3½	Vulc Corp .10	2	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝	
7	4⅝	Vulc Inc .30	8	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	
12½	10	Vulc Inc pf 1	1	12½	12½	12½	12½	+⅛
10⅝	6	Wab Mag .20	20	6⅞	6⅞	6⅞	6⅞	
27	17⅝	Wacknhut .28	3	18⅝	18⅝	18⅝	18⅝	+⅛
20⅝	17¼	WagnerEl .48	11	18⅝	18⅞	18⅝	18⅝	—⅛
17½	11¼	Walco N .10d	4	12¼	12¼	11⅞	11⅞	—½
15⅝	10⅝	Ward CR Dg	76	14⅛	14⅛	13⅝	14¼	+⅜
6	2⅛	Ward Fds wt	2	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝	—⅛
12⅞	10	Wash RIT .96	24	11⅞	11⅛	10⅞	11	
28½	18¼	Weil McL .50	84	23¾	25	23⅝	24⅞	+⅞
11¼	5⅝	Welman Co	10	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	—⅜
8⅝	4⅛	Wald Tu Am	102	6	6⅜	6	6⅜	+⅞
12⅝	7⅛	Welivo Ent	14	9⅝	9⅝	9½	9⅝	+½
6	2⅝	Wentworth	4	3⅞	3⅞	3⅝	3⅝	—⅛
33⅝	26⅝	WestChP .72	7	32⅝	32⅝	32½	32¼	—⅜
9⅛	4⅛	Westates Pll	50	4⅝	4⅝	4½	4½	—⅛
13⅛	6	Wesgby Fsh	44	8¼	8⅝	8⅛	8½	+⅛
8⅛	5⅝	Westrn D Pet	22	8⅛	8⅛	7⅞	8	
25	17⅝	Wstn Fin .15e	12	24⅞	24⅞	24⅝	24⅞	+⅛
6⅞	3⅝	Westrn Orbis	16	5⅛	5⅛	4⅞	4⅞	—⅛
53⅜	33	West Un Intl	17	36	36	35½	35½	—⅝
16½	10⅛	Westrans Ind	35	13⅞	14	13⅞	13⅞	—⅛
32⅛	20⅝	Whelab .60a	32	23⅝	24⅛	23⅝	24⅛	+⅜
14⅝	9⅛	Whitaker .50	10	12⅛	12⅛	11⅞	11⅞	—½
8⅞	3	Whitehall El	22	7⅛	7⅛	7	7	
24⅛	17⅝	Whiting Cp 1	1	19	19	19	19	
7½	3	Whittakr wt	173	5⅛	5⅛	5	5⅛	—⅛
4	2⅝	Wichita Ind	4	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	—⅛
9½	4⅝	Willvox Gibb	13	5	5	4⅞	4⅞	—⅛
24⅝	16⅛	Wmbouse	52	20⅛	20⅝	20⅛	20⅝	+⅛
8½	5⅛	Wilshire .14f	30	6⅝	6½	6⅛	6⅛	—⅛
8⅛	6⅛	Wilsn CtF .30	250	6⅞	7½	6⅞	7½	+⅜
30⅝	16⅝	WilsonCo 1.40	17	26⅞	28⅛	26⅞	28⅛	+1⅜
12½	3⅝	Wilson Co wt	64	8⅞	10	8⅞	10	+1⅛
10	7⅛	Wilson Br .37	73	9	9⅛	8⅞	9⅛	+⅛
10⅛	6⅛	Wilson Ph .12	13	7⅞	8⅛	7⅞	8⅛	+⅛
11¼	8¼	Wilsn Sin .40	225	8⅝	10⅛	8⅝	10¼	+1⅝
16⅛	13⅝	WilsonSpt .60	3	15⅝	15⅝	15⅝	15⅝	
9⅝	7⅛	Winkelmn .40	4	8½	8½	8½	8½	
67	55¼	Wisc P pf4.50	z10	62¼	62¼	62¼	62¼	+1
10⅝	6⅛	Wolvr Ind .40	7	9⅛	9⅛	9	9	
25⅝	13⅝	Wood Ind .63f	2	18½	18½	18¼	18¼	—⅛
18⅝	11⅝	Work Wr .60	7	13⅝	13⅝	13	13	+⅛
8⅝	6¼	Wrather Cp	51	7	7⅞	7	7⅞	+⅞
2	1¼	Wright Harg	2	1 7-16	1 7-16	1⅜	1⅜	—3-16
16⅝	9⅝	WTC Air .05g	9	15⅝	15⅝	15⅝	15⅝	—⅜
6⅛	3⅝	Wyle Labs	24	4⅝	4⅝	4½	4¼	
36½	22¼	Wynn Oil	13	26⅛	26⅝	25⅝	25⅝	—1
9⅝	4⅝	Wyomising	2	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	
16½	8¼	Yates Ind	69	10⅛	10⅛	10¼	10⅝	+⅛
42	15⅝	Yonk Ra .80a	2	31⅞	31⅞	31⅞	31⅞	
6	3⅝	Zero Mfg .05	10	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝	+⅛
24⅝	13⅝	Zim Hom .24	36	21¼	21⅝	21	21⅝	+⅛

Toronto Stocks

Closing prices on Sept. 8, 1971

Sales	Stock	High	Low	Last	Ch'ge
	INDUSTRIALS				
300	Agra Ind	9	8⅞	9	+⅛
10485	Abitibi	6⅞	6⅝	6⅝	—⅛
4575	Acklands	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	—⅛
4984	Alta GT	48½	47⅝	48½	+½
49	Alta NG	23½	23	23½	
1300	Argus pfC	10	9⅝	10	
1600	Atl Sug	6⅝	6½	6⅝	+⅛
4096	Bk Nova S	28	27⅞	28	+⅛
8060	Bell Can	45⅝	45⅛	45⅝	
25	B C Forest	19⅝	19⅝	19⅝	
4085	Block Bros	3.15	3.05	3.10	—.05
500	Bovis	1.90	1.85	1.85	—.05
245	Burns	19¾	19⅝	19¾	—⅛
26432	Calg Pow	27	26⅛	26⅝	—⅛
200	Can Malt	23½	23⅛	23½	+⅛
625	Can Pack	20⅛	20	20⅛	+⅛
41787	Can Perm Mtg	15⅝	14⅝	15⅝	+½
9000	Cdn Cble S	13⅝	13½	13½	
270	Cdn Hydro	14⅝	14⅝	14⅝	—⅛
98382	Cdn Im Bk	23⅝	22⅞	23⅝	+⅜
11008	Cdn Ind Gas	11½	11⅜	11½	+⅛
200	Cdn Tire	37	36⅝	36⅝	+⅛
2028	Capital Div	.64	.58	.60	—.02
1350	Chemcell	5	5	5	—⅛
3590	Cmwlth H Inns	11⅝	11⅝	11⅝	—⅛
4300	Con Build	1.30	1.25	1.25	—.05
9020	Consum Gas	21⅛	21⅛	21⅛	+⅛
65	Crush Int	19⅝	19	19	
7800	Cygnus A	6⅝	6	6⅝	+⅛
3308	Cygnus B	7	6⅝	6⅝	+⅛
1525	Dom Fdrs	24	23⅝	23⅝	—⅛
1325	Dom Stores	14	13⅝	14	+⅛
897	duPont Can	18⅛	18⅛	18⅛	—⅛
400	Dylx Div A	7½	7⅛	7½	+⅛
50	Emco	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	
2243	Falcon	103	101	101	+1
1475	Fed Grain	7⅝	7⅝	7⅝	+⅛
205	Fraser	16	16	16	+⅛
1500	Gen Dist Can	17⅝	17	17⅝	+⅛
340	Gt L Pap	15⅝	15⅝	15⅝	—⅛
152	Gt W Life	44	43⅝	44	+⅛
4941	Greyhd Can	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛	—⅛
4400	Guar Trust	11⅝	11⅛	11⅝	+⅛
12066	Gulf Can	26⅝	26⅜	26½	+⅛
1610	Hawk Sid	2.35	2.30	2.35	
1500	Hudsons Bay	19⅝	19	19	—⅛
1450	Huron & Erie	22¼	22	22	—⅛
2825	IAC Ltd	19⅝	18⅝	19	
300	Inglis	11	10⅞	11	+⅛
1065	Inland gas	13	13	13	—⅛
4206	Int P Line	28⅛	28⅛	28½	+⅛
30100	Inv Grp A	7⅛	6⅝	7⅛	+⅛
2432	Jockey Cl	4.85	4.60	4.85	+.25
1775	Kaiser Resour	5⅝	5⅛	5⅝	—⅛
4867	Labatt J	25	25	25	—⅛
305	Lk OKNT Cem	2.50	2.45	2.50	+.05
20	E Second	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	
766	Loblaw A	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	+⅛
3395	Loblaw B	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	+⅛
2815	Loeb	3.90	3.90	3.90	—.05
7625	MacM Bl	24⅝	24⅛	24½	+⅛
600	Maple Mill	15	15	15	+⅛
75	Metro Strs	49⅛	48	49⅛	+1½
450	Morse Rob A	15	14⅝	14⅝	—⅛
2733	Norand	33	32⅝	33	
16937	Moore	37⅝	37	37	—⅛
19694	NorCtl G	15⅝	15¼	15⅝	
400	OSF Ind	4.90	4.90	4.90	—.10
6990	Oshawa A	12⅝	12½	12½	—⅛
260	Petrofina	20⅛	20⅛	20⅛	
626	Rothmans	10⅞	10⅝	10⅞	+⅛
2200	Pembina A	7⅛	7	7⅛	—⅛
300	Scotts Rest	14⅝	14½	14½	
9954	Shell Can A	36⅛	36	36⅛	
6773	Simpsn Ltd	21⅝	21½	21⅝	+⅛
2318	SimpSr A	26⅝	26½	26½	—⅛
700	Slater Stl	10½	10⅛	10½	
1650	StdBrstg Ltd	13⅛	13	13	—⅛
15702	Steel Can	26⅛	25⅝	25⅝	—⅛
2550	Super Pet	56	55½	55½	
50	Teledyn Can	4.00	4.00	4.00	
1919	Texaco Can	35	34⅝	35	+⅛
5012	Thom Newspap	27	26	27	+1⅛
2830	Tor Dm Bk	25⅝	25½	25⅝	
6185	Trad Grp A	13⅝	13⅝	13⅝	—⅛
3861	Trans Can	36⅝	36½	36½	+⅛
1950	Trans Mt	23½	23⅛	23⅛	—⅛
450	Un CarbCan	16½	16⅛	16⅛	
7617	Un Gas Can	15⅛	15⅛	15½	+⅛
100	Un O Can	49	9	49	+⅜
600	Versatile	3.75	3.75	3.75	
3740	Wildwood	12⅛	12	12	—⅛
825	Weston Intl	13½	13⅛	13⅛	—⅜
200	W Cdn Seed	4.50	4.50	4.50	—.10
300	Wstgh Can	15⅛	15	15⅛	+⅛
5050	Weston	17½	17⅝	17½	+⅛
2000	White Pass	11½	11⅛	11⅛	+⅛
	MINES				
1100	Agnico	2.46	2.46	2.46	—.04
100	Aunor	2.40	2.40	2.40	
7733	Beth Cop	20.25	19.75	20.00	—.37
3300	Bralor	1.85	1.75	1.85	+.05
2355	Brenda	5.75	5.55	5.75	+.20
350	Brun MS	4.70	4.60	4.60	—.10
1300	Camflo	3.35	3.20	3.20	—.10
1100	Can Tung	1.60	1.56	1.56	—.04
1120	Cassiar	20.75	20.50	20.75	—.25
5900	Chimaloy	2.60	2.48	2.50	—.05
1250	C Marban	2.20	2.15	2.20	+.05
5800	C Morris	1.77	1.69	1.70	—.08
1365	C Rambler	1.67	1.66	1.66	—.03
1600	Conwest	9.00	8.75	9.005	+.15
683	Coppert	1.25	1.21	1.21	—.03
700	Cramt	8.85	8.80	8.85	+.05
2775	Denis	26.50	25.50	26.50	+1.00
500	Dickens	1.05	1.05	1.05	—.06
800	Disc Mns	1.00	1.00	1.00	
600	East Sull	2.76	2.75	2.75	
8131	Giant Msc	5.35	5.15	5.20	—.15
700	Gnt Yllnf	9.00	8.90	8.90	—.30
1100	Granduc	5.25	5.20	5.25	+.05
250	Granisle	11.75	11.75	11.75	+.75
850	Holling	39.00	38.62	38.62	—.12
10	Int Helth	1.05	1.05	1.05	
1136	Int Mogul	9.30	9.25	9.25	—.05
1791	Kerr Ad	8.00	7.85	7.85	—.30
2751	Labrad	36.25	36.12	36.12	
3900	L Dufit	16.12	15.62	15.62	—.37
1425	La Luz	4.50	4.40	4.40	—.10
820	Liberiag	11.62	11.50	11.62	—.12
100	LL Lac	1.90	1.90	1.90	
1150	Mattag	25.50	25.25	25.50	+.25
2400	Newcon	5.50	5.35	5.50	—.05
1330	Opem	10.37	10.25	10.25	
100	Orchan	3.55	3.55	3.55	
432	Pamour	2.05	2.05	2.05	—.02
400	Patino	19.75	19.50	19.75	+.25
1775	Pine Pt	27.50	27.00	27.00	
1289	Placer	30.37	30.25	30.37	+.12
6900	Rayrock	1.55	1.40	1.45	+.10
2478	Sherritt	16.62	16.37	16.50	
9545	Steel R	2.40	2.35	2.40	+.01
1700	Sullivan	2.95	2.86	2.90	
1026	Teck A	5.95	5.80	5.80	—.15
1700	Teck B	4.95	4.80	4.85	—.10
500	Tribag	.78	.78	.78	
1552	Un Keno	4.75	4.60	4.75	—.25
2450	Un Siscoe	2.69	2.65	2.69	+.04
3200	Upp Can	2.18	2.15	2.17	+.02
7100	W Mines	2.94	2.81	2.90	+.09
388	Willroy	.83	.80	.83	
2400	Yk Bear	5.05	4.5	05	+.05
	OILS & GAS				
1727	Alminex	5.70	5.60	5.65	
1700	A Quasar	5.05	5.00	5.00	
9250	B P Oil	6.90	6.80	6.80	+.05
3925	Cen Del	16.50	16.25	16.50	+.37
3400	Chief Dev	7.80	7.65	7.80	+.05
1000	Clark C	2.36	2.35	2.35	—.03
3000	Dynam	.93	.92	.92	1
2100	Francan	4.50	4.35	4.50	+.20
946	Gt Cdn Oil	5.25	5.25	5.25	+.10
1400	Gt Plain	34.00	333.75	33.75	—.50
2800	Nat Petro	3.30	3.25	3.25	
39800	Num OG	12.87	12.37	12.50	+.25
3869	Pan Ocean	13.75	13.25	13.37	—.25
3300	Petrol	1.40	1.38	1.40	+.02
1550	Place G	1.25	1.25	1.25	+.03
4225	Siebens	8.85	8.80	8.85	+.05
13220	Spooner	1.84	1.80	1.84	+.04

Foreign Stock Indexes

	Today	Prev.	1971 High	Low
Amsterdam	110.4	112.1	128.0	110.4
Brussels	101.71	101.35	106.74	92.14
Frankfurt	130.97	132.00	146.14	119.43
London 30	429.6	430.8	430.8	305.3
London 500	190.63	190.44	190.62	132.46
Milan	46.20	46.41	60.09	46.20
Paris	97.1	98.0	104.8	86.8
Sydney	454.48	458.14	518.51	449.90
Tokyo (n)	179.00	179.35	209.00	148.05
Tokyo (o)	2325.52	2341.73	2740.98	1981.74
Zurich	354.4	354.0	357.1	307.2

(n) new; (o) old.

Eurodollars

Sept. 8, 1971

	Bid.	Asked	Change Bid.
7-Day Fix	6 5/8	6 1/8	— 1/4
One Month	8 3/8	8 1/2	— 3/16
3 Months	8 7/16	8 9/16	— 1/16
One Year	8	8 1/2	+ 1/8

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Stocks-Eurobonds-Eurodeposits

Montreal Stocks

Sales	Stock	High	Low	Last	Ch'ge
401	Algoma	12⅝	12⅛	12⅝	+⅛
72	Asbestos	33	33	33	
3892	Bank Mont	16⅝	16½	16⅝	+⅛
30000	Brinco	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	—⅛
1020	CAE Ind	4.50	4.50	4.50	
100	Crn Zell A	19	19	19	
362	Dom Bridge	24⅛	24¼	24¼	
1300	Ivaco	15⅝	15½	15⅝	
600	Laur Fin	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	
275	Molson A	18⅝	18⅝	18⅝	—⅛
1100	MtlhTrust	17⅝	17⅝	17⅝	—⅛
200	Phoenix CO	8.00	8.00	8.00	
220	Power Cp	4.90	4.90	4.90	
2047	Price Co	8⅛	8	8	—⅛
5975	Royal Bank	28⅛	28	28⅛	+⅛
1525	Royal Trst	35¼	35	35¼	+⅛
700	St L Column	1.75	1.75	1.75	
144	Steinberg A	19⅝	19⅝	19⅝	—⅛
200	Super Elec	3.15	3.15	3.15	—.10
335	Velcro Ind	16⅝	16⅝	16⅝	+⅛
1125	Zellers	18⅛	18	18½	

Total Sales 7,528,000 shares.

Tokyo Exchange

Sept. 8, 1971

	Price Yen		Price Yen
Asahi Glass	180	Matsu El. Wks	891
Canon Camera	156	Mitsubi Hvy Ind	73
Dai Nip. Print.	295	Mitsubi Corp.	122
Fuji Bank	350	Mitsui & Co.	136
Fuji Photo	372	Mitsukoshi	387
Hitachi	104	Nippon Elec.	152
Honda Motor	171	Sharp	156
C. Itoh	136	Shiseido	870
Japan Air Lines	1,610	Sony Corp	2,780
Kansai El P.	825	Sumitomo Bk.	370
Kao Soap	330	Taisho Marine	270
Kirin Brewery	227	Takeda Chem.	201
Komatsu	178	Teijin	71
Kubota I. Wks	136	Tokyo Marine	387
Matsu El. Ind.	412	Toray	100
		Toyota Motor	338

Mutual Funds

Closing prices on Sept. 8, 1971

NEW YORK (AP) —The following quotations, supplied by the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc., are the prices at which these securities could have been sold (bid) or bought (asked) Wednsdy.

	Bid	Ask
AGE Fnd	5.38	5.49
Aberdn	2.27	2.49
Admiralty Funds:		
Grwth	7.24	7.93
Incom	4.65	5.10
Insur	10.60	11.62
Advisrs	5.60	6.12
Aetna F	10.77	11.77
Affiliatd	7.53	8.14
Afuture F	11.29	11.29
AllAm Fd	.86	.94
Allstate	11.79	12.68
Alpha	13.37	14.61
Amcap	6.60	7.21
Am Bus	3.34	3.67
Am Diver	11.17	12.21
Am Eqity	5.55	6.08
Amer Express:		
Capit	9.25	10.11
Incme	9.40	10.27
Invest	9.03	9.87
Specl	9.23	
Stock	9.25	10.11
Am Grth	6.94	7.58
Am Inv	5.89	5.89
Am Mutl	9.72	10.62
AmN Gth	3.63	3.97
Anchor Group:		
Capit	8.74	9.58
Grwth	12.11	13.27
Incme	8.29	9.08
Fd Inv	9.51	10.42
Vent	46.31	50.75
Astron	4.84	5.29
Axe Houghton:		
Fnd A	5.94	6.46
Fnd B	8.22	8.93
Stock	6.27	6.85
Scien	4.90	5.33
Babson	9.67	9.67
Bayrk Fd	8.87	9.69
Bayrk Gr	5.90	6.45
Beacn Hll	11.05	11.06
Beacn In	14.34	14.34
Berg Ken	9.61	9.61
Berk Gth	6.39	6.98
Bondstk	6.76	7.39
Bostn Stk	8.29	9.06
Bost Fdn	11.49	12.56
Bost Fnd	8.35	9.13
Brwn Fd	4.02	4.39
Bullock Calvin:		
Bullck	15.62	17.11
Candn	19.89	21.78
Divid	3.83	4.20
NatW S	10.39	11.38
NY Vnt	11.88	13.01
Burnh Fd	12.44	12.44
Bus Mgt	7.74	8.48
CG Fund	10.38	11.22
Capam	8.12	8.89
Capit Gth	3.75	4.10
Capit Sh	6.88	7.54
Cap Trin	13.67	14.94
Centry Sh	14.62	15.98
Channing Funds:		
Balan	12.22	13.36
Com St	1.79	1.96
Grwth	6.13	6.70
Incom	7.77	8.49
Specl	1.99	2.17
Chase Gr Bos:		
Capit	8.32	9.09
Fund	10.94	11.96
Front	93.89	
Shrhld	12.47	13.63
Specl	10.67	11.66
Chemicl	19.18	20.96
Colonial:		
Equty	4.46	4.87
Fund	11.42	12.48
Grwth	6.70	7.32
Incom	10.16	11.04
Vent	5.52	6.03
Colu Grth	14.74	14.74
ComS Bd	5.47	5.98
Cwlth AB	1.44	1.56
Cwlth C	1.77	1.91
Comp As	7.77	8.32
Comp Cp	7.07	7.75
Comp Bd	9.58	10.41
Comp Fd	10.16	11.04
Concord	unavail	
Cons Inv	11.87	12.12
Constel G	6.19	6.77
Cont Mut	9.24	9.24
Cont Gth	10.64	10.75
Corp Ldr	16.38	17.92
Ctry Cap	14.24	15.39
Crn WDlv	6.22	6.80
Crn WDal	7.37	8.05
deVegh	73.58	73.58
Delaware Group:		
Decat	12.43	13.58
Delaw	13.71	14.98
Delta	7.91	8.64
Dir Cap	6.89	7.55
Dodg Cox	16.01	16.01
Drexel	14.65	14.65
Dreyf Fd	12.62	13.83
Dreyf Lv	15.49	16.98
Eaton&Howard:		
Balan	10.40	11.37
Grwth	13.98	15.28
Incom	6.54	7.15
Specl	9.97	10.90
Stock	14.40	15.74
Ebrstdt	13.98	15.28
Edie Spl	23.89	23.89
Egret Gt	13.45	14.62
Elfun Tr	19.82	
Emer Sec	6.41	7.01
Energy	13.48	13.48
Equity	9.57	10.46
Equit Gth	9.46	10.37
Equit Pro	4.22	4.62
Fairfld	10.75	10.75
Farm Bu	10.58	10.58
Fidelity Group:		
Capit	12.68	13.86
Contfd	9.40	10.27
Dstny	6.90	
Essex	14.07	15.38
Evrst	13.25	14.48
Fidel	16.77	18.33
Puritn	10.52	11.50
Salem	5.66	6.18
Trend	25.33	27.68
Financial Prog:		
Dyna	4.48	4.91
Indust	3.98	4.36
Incom	6.15	6.73
Vent	4.37	4.78
FstFd Va	12.01	13.13
Fst Investors:		
Disco	7.60	8.33
Grwth	10.54	11.55
Stock	10.04	11.00
Fst Mult	9.48	9.63
Fst Nat	7.57	8.27
Fst Sierr	unavail	
Fnd Gth	5.02	5.49
Founders Gorup:		
Grwth	16.85	18.42
Incom	13.94	15.24
Mutal	9.11	9.96
Specl	11.61	12.69
Foursq	10.81	11.81
Franklin Group:		
DNTC	9.12	9.99
Grwth	6.75	7.40
Utils	5.76	6.31
Incom	2.14	2.35
US Gov	10.56	11.57
FdF Dep	10.84	10.84
Fund Inc Grp:		
Comm	10.20	11.15
Impac	8.93	9.76
Ind Trd	13.671	.94
Pilot	8.20	8.96
Fnd Am	8.89	9.74
Gatewy	10.15	10.97
GE S & S	30.67	
Gen Sec	9.90	9.90
Gibraltr	7.44	7.52
Group Sec:		
Apex	8.90	9.73
Balan	9.02	9.86
Com St	13.20	14.43
GrthFd A	8.72	9.53
Grth Ind	21.89	21.89
Guard M	26.96	26.96
Hamilton:		
Fd HFI	4.94	5.40
Grwth	8.13	8.89
Incom	6.28	6.89
H&C Fd	14.43	14.43
H&C Lev	11.80	11.80
Hedb Gor	8.52	8.52
Hedge	12.06	13.22
Heritges	2.50	2.74
Hor Man	unavail	
ICM Finl	8.40	9.21
ISI Group:		
Grwth	4.21	4.60
Incom	4.13	4.51
Trus sh	12.29	13. 3
Trus un	3.31	
Imp Cap	10.50	11.48
Imp Gth	8.16	8.92
IncF Am	14.14	15.45
IncF Bos	7.26	7.96
Industry	5.05	5.53
INTGN	10.28	11.11
ICA	14.18	15.50
Inv Guid	10.06	10.06
Inv Indic	7.60	
Investors Group:		
IDS ndl	5.42	5.89
Mutl	10.22	11.11
Prog	5.02	5.45
Stock	20.32	22109
Select	9.32	10.02
Var Py	8.05	8.25
Inv Resh	5.21	5.69
Istel	22.69	22.39
Ivy	8.58	8.58
J Hanck	8.20	8.91
Johnstn	24.44	24.44
Keystone Funds:		
Apollo	11.44	12.54
Cus B1	18.95	19.82
Cus B2	20.19	22.18
Cus B4	8.67	9.50
Cus K1	8.10	8.87
Cus K2	5.82	6.38
Cus S1	20.42	22.37
Cus S2	11.03	12.09
Cus S3	8.80	9.65
Cus S4	5.35	5.86
Polar	4.35	4.75
Knickb	7.66	8.39
Knick Gt	10.10	11.06
Lenox Fd	6.79	7.42
Lex Grth	10.86	11.87
Lex Rsh	17.08	18.67
Librty Fd	6.81	7.44
Life Stk	6.32	6.91
Life Inv	8.72	9.53
Linc Nat	11.75	12.84
Loomis Sayles:		
Canad	29.95	29.95
Capit	12.23	12.23
Mut	15.24	15.24
Lord Abt	11.09	
Luth Bro	12.27	13.41
Magna In	8.93	9.76
Manhtn	5.52	6.03
Mkt Gth	6.32	6.32
Massachusett Co:		
Freed	8.65	9.48
Indep	7.01	7.68
Mass	11.79	12.92
Mass Financl:		
MIT	14.65	16.01
MIG	13.20	14.43
MID	15.69	17.15
Mates	4.05	4.05
Mathers	14.16	14.16
Mid AM	5.89	6.44
Moody	12.84	12.84
Moody's	12.93	12.93
MIF Fd	9.11	9.85
MIF Gth	5.90	6.38
MuUS Gv	10.35	10.51
M OmaG	6.31	6.86
M Omahl	11.15	12.12
Mut Shrs	17.05	17.05
Mut Trst	2.01	2.01
NEA Mut	10.88	11.10
Nat Ind	11.58	11.58
Nat Secur Ser:		
Balan	11.25	12.30
Bond	5.13	5.61
Divid	4.46	4.87
Grwth	9.74	10.64
Pf Stk	7.35	8.03
Incom	5.45	5.96
Stock	8.23	8.99
Nel Grth	10.18	11.07
Nel Side	16.84	18.30
Neuw Cet	6.75	7.38
Neu wFd	11.93	13.04
New Wld	13.40	14.64
Newton	15.93	17.41
Nich Strg	17.88	17.88
Noreast	15.26	15.26
Oceangr	7.72	7.72
Omega	6.99	7.11
100 Fund	14.80	16.17
101 Fund	9.44	10.32
One WmS	16.65	16.65
ONeill	12.56	12.56
Oppenh	8.97	9.80
Opp AIM	13.03	14.24
OTC Sec	10.68	11.61
Param M	9.10	9.95
Paul Rvr	8.76	9.5
Penn Sq	8.43	8.43
Pa Mut	4.63	4.63
Phila	15.82	17.34
Pilgrim	10.56	11.54
Pine St	11.81	11.81
Pion Ent	8.15	8.91
Pion Fnd	11.96	13.07
Plan Inv	11.88	12.98
Pilgrth	13.84	15.13
Price Funds:		
Grwth	28.63	28.63
N Era	10.47	10.47
N Horiz	32.40	32.40
Pro Fund	10.93	10.93
Pro Portf	unavail	
Prog Fd	5.82	6.36
Provid	5.10	5.57
Pru SIP	10.98	12.00
Putnam Funds:		
Equit	8.89	9.69
Georg	15.21	16.62
Grwth	11.14	12.17
Incom	8.47	9.26
Invest	8.75	9.56
Vista	9.50	10.38
Voyag	8.30	9.07
Revere	10.88	11.89
Rinfreth	15.92	16.25
Sagitars	3.48	3.48
Schustr	16.92	18.52
Scudder Funds:		
Int Inv	14.30	14.50
Specl	36.27	36.27
Balan	16.20	16.20
Com St	10.72	10.72
Security Funds:		
Equty	3.94	4.32
Invest	8.43	9.24
Ultra	8.72	9.56
Selctd Am	10.49	11.47
Sel SpecS	17.13	18.73
Sent Gth	9.22	10.02
Sentry F	14.75	16.03
Sharn Fd	11.85	11.85
Shareholders Gp:		
Cmstk	4.59	5.02
Entrp	6.85	7.49
Fletr C	6.40	
Flet Fd	5.44	
Harbr	8.57	9.37
Pace	9.56	10.45
Shear Ap	32.2	35.27
Shear Inv	11.86	2.61
Sherm D	16.26	6.26
Side Fd	10.31	11.30
Sigma Funds:		
Capit	9.57	10.46
Invest	11.82	2.92
Trust	9.13	9.98
Smith B	11.00	1.00
Sw Invs	9.38	10.14
Swin Gt	7.72	8.35
Sover Inv	13.87	5.19
Spectra	7.57	8.30
StFrm Gt	4.84	4.84
State St	49.86	50.36
Steadman Funds:		
Am Ind	4.23	4.64
Asso F	1.36	1.49
Fiduc	7.13	7.82
Stein Roe Fds:		
Balan	21.42	21.42
Cap O	10.04	10.04
Stock	15.23	15.23
Supervisd Inv:		
Grwth	7.78	8.53
Sumit	11.43	12.53
Tech	7.95	8.66
Sync Gth	9.83	10.74
TMR App	14.62	15.98
Teacher	10.91	11.36
Technicl	3.02	3.30
Temp Gt	24.94	27.32
Towr Cap	5.72	6.25
Trns Cap	8.16	8.87
Trav Eq	11.10	12.16
Tudr Hed	12.98	12.98
TwnC Gt	3.10	3.40
TwnC Inc	4.18	4.58
USAA Gt	10.82	10.82
Unif Mut	11.65	12, nl
fund	11.27	12.32
Union Svc Grp:		
Broad	15.24	6.66
Nat Inv	8.57	9.37
U Cap	11.67	12.75
Whtch	13182	15.10
United Funds:		
Accm	7.93	8.69
Con Gr	13.07	14.32
Con Inc	12.10	13.26
Incom	14.56	15.96
Scien	8.37	9.17
Vang	0.05	11.01
U Fd Can	7.64	8.15
Value Line Fd:		
Val Li	7.13	7.81
Incom	5.28	5.79
Spl Sit	5.76	6.31
VnceS spl	9.70	10.60
Vandrbt	7.07	7.73
Vangd	4.91	5.37
Vanfg TN	10.70	11.69
Var In P	4.92	5.35
Viking	6.66	7.24
Wall St G	9.12	9.97
Wash M	13.14	14.36
Wellngtn Group:		
Expir	21.22	22.57
Ivest	16.86	18.43
Morg	11.57	12.64
Techv	8.37	
Trust	12.50	13.66
Wellsl	12.73	13.91
Welltn	11.78	12.87
Windr	10.02	10.95
West Ind	6.27	6.85
Wincp Fd	5.48	5.99
Winfield	4.44	4.85
Wisc Fd	6.90	7.54
Worth	3.12	3.12
Zeigler	10.52	11.53

International Bonds Traded in Europe

Midday Indicated Prices

Dollar Bonds

	Bid	Ask
Aer Lingus 8¼-81	91½	92½
Aerop Paris 9-85	99¾	100¾
Amax 8⅝-86	96½	97½
Am Brands 8-81	94⅝	95⅝
Ameribas 7¼-76	95⅝	96⅝
Atlas Cop 9½-85	100¼	101¼
Beat Foods 9-85	100½	101½
Beecham 3¼-86	92⅛	93⅛
Bendix 8-79	95	96
Borg Warn 8-79	96	97
Borregaard 6¾-86	94	95
Cabot 9½-80	101¼	102¼
C.N.PTT 8-84	90½	91½
Carlsberg 6¾-86	96⅝	97⅝
Chevron 7-80	89	90
Chrysler 7-84	85	86
C.Lafarge 8⅝-86	94½	95½
CNA Overs 9-75	99¼	100¼
Conoco 8-86	91¾	92¾
ContOil 9½-85	100⅝	101⅝
ContOil 7-80	88½	89½
Cont Tele 9-82	99⅝	100⅝
Cont Tel 8¼-86	92¼	93¼
Copen City 8-84	92½	93½
Copen City 9-85	99¼	100¼
Copen Tel 5-85	99¼	100¼
Copen Tel 8½-86	94	95
Corning 8¼-86	97½	98½
Courtaulds 9-82	99¾	100¾
Courtaulds 9¼-85	99	100
CutlerHam 7½-80	91½	93
Denmark 9-82	99½	100½
Denmark 9¼-85	100¼	101¼
EIB 8¼-86	99½	100½
El.France 8½-86	98	99
Erap 9-82	98½	99½
Ericsson 9¼-85	99½	100½
Esso 9-85	101½	102½
Esso 8-86	94½	95½
Ferrovie 8¼-86	99¾	100¾
FinlMigBk 8½-86	91½	92½
Ford 8-81	98½	99½
GDF 9-85	99½	100½
Gen Mills 7-80	87½	88½
Gen Mills 8-86	92¾	93¾
Granges 8½-89	93	94
Gr.Metro 9¼-86	98⅞	99⅞
Gus 8½-86	92½	93½
Hambros 9½-85	101⅝	102⅝
Hamers ty 9½-85	99½	100½
Hawker Sid 9-75	99½	100½
Honda 7½-81	90	91
Iceland 8¾-86	93	94
I.S.E. 9-85	99	100
ISE 8¼-86	92½	93½
Ireland 9-85	97¾	98¾
Ireland 8¼-87	90½	91½
Kimberley 8½-86	95¼	96¼
MassFerg 9-82	99½	100½
Mobil Int 7-86	85¼	86¼
Monsanto 8¾-85	97½	98½
Montagu fr 9¼-85	99½	100½
Montreal 9-85	99½	100½
N.Brunsw 8¼-79	102	103
Newfoundld 8¼-79	93	94
NipponEl 7½-81	90½	91½
NovaScotia 9-85	99¼	100¼
OntarioHyd 8¼-86	93¼	94¼
Oslo 9-85	99½	100½
OttsElev 8¼-85	97	98
Pechiney 9-85	98¼	99¼
QuebecCity 9-82	100½	101½
QuebecHyd8-74/79	98	99
QuebecHydr 9¼-8	102	103
QuebecHyd 8¼-86	92¼	93¼
QuebecProv 9-85	99½	100½
Queensland 9-82	97½	98½
Richardson 8¾-85	98½	99½
SFE 9-78	98½	99½
Siemens 9-85	99½	100½
Sira Kvina 9-85	99½	100½
Transocean 7-80	87¾	88¾
Transocean 8-84	93	94
Transocean 9-85	100¾	101¾
Transocean 8-86	92½	93½
TRW 7¼-83	86	87
UnitMerch 9-82	97	98

Floating Rates

	Bid	Ask
Autopista 9¼-75	99	100
Enel 8½-30	98⅛	99⅛
GeneralCa 7½-80	97¼	97¾
Insilco 8¼-83	98⅝	99⅝
Pepsi 6⅝-80	97⅝	97⅞
Argentine 8¼-77	97⅝	98⅛

Convertible Bonds

	Bid	Ask
Addressog 4½-86	78½	79½
Amoco 5½-84	98	99
Apco 6-89	83	84
Alusuisse 4¾-87	78½	79½
Amer Can 4⅝-83	77¼	78¼
Am Tob 5¼-89	121	122
Asahi 6¼-84	101½	102½
Ashland 5-88	75	76
Beat Foots 7¼-90	119¼	120¼
Chevron 5-88	99½	100½
Chesebr 6¼-34	108	109
Chrysler 4¾-85	67	68
Chrysler 5-88	72¾	73¾
Cont Tele 5½-88	96	97
Cumminslnt 5-89	138½	139½
Dai Nippon 6⅝-86	116½	117½
EquityF 5¼-89	89	90
EastKodak 4½-88	100¾	101¾
Fed.Dept. 4½-85	115¼	116¼
Firestone 5-88	101½	102½
Ford 5-83	100½	101½
Ford 6-86	110½	111½
Fuji Photo 6⅛-85	145	150
GenElec 4¼-85	103	104
GenFoods 4⅝-82	95	96
Gillette 4½-82	83¼	84¼
Hitachi 6¼-84	89½	90½
Holiday Inns 8-85	127	128
Honeywell 5-83	114¼	115¼
I.S.E. 5-86	110	111
I.S.E. 6¼-89	109	110
Itoh 6½-89	103½	104½
J. Logan 4¾-83	102¾	103¾
W. Kidde 5-89	67½	68½
Komatsu 6¼-84	93	94
Kubota 6½-84	91½	92½
Lsasco 5-88	72½	73½
Leasco Inf 5-89	59¼	60¼
LTV 5-88	44½	45½
MarMidland 5-88	97¼	98¼
Michelin 6-85	105½	106½
Miles 4¾-93	93¼	94¼
Mitsubishi 7-85	93½	94½
MitsubShoji 7¼-85	104¼	105¼
Mitsui 6½-83	100	105
Motorola 4½-83	108	109
MurphyOil 5-89	84¾	85¾
Nabisco 5¼-83	103½	104½
Owens Ill 5-77	99½	100½
PanAm 5¼-86	63¾	64¾
Penny J.C. 6-89	128¼	129¼
Pepsico 4½-81	130¼	132½
PhilMor 4¾-99	186	187
Phil Lamp 4¾-83	80	81
RCA 5-88	92¾	93¾
Revlon 4⅝-83	107¾	108¾
ReynoldsM 5-88	75¾	76¾
Searle 4⅝-88	123¼	124¼
Texaco 4½-88	88½	89½
Toshiba 6½-85	85½	86½
20th Cent 5-87	53	54
Tyco 5-84	51½	52½
UnionCarb 4¾-82	97¾	98¾
UtahIntl 5⅝-83	183	185
WardFoods 5⅝-88	68⅝	69⅝
WarnLam 4½-83	128½	129½

*Ex-dividend.

Bondtrade—Index

(Basis Dec. 31, 1966—100)

	Med	Long	Conv
Yesterday	95.43	87.70	111.44
Previous	95.44	87.55	111.49

DOMINION SECURITIES CORPORATION LIMITED

wish to announce that with effect from

Monday 13th September, 1971

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Telex Nos.: 888011 & 888012

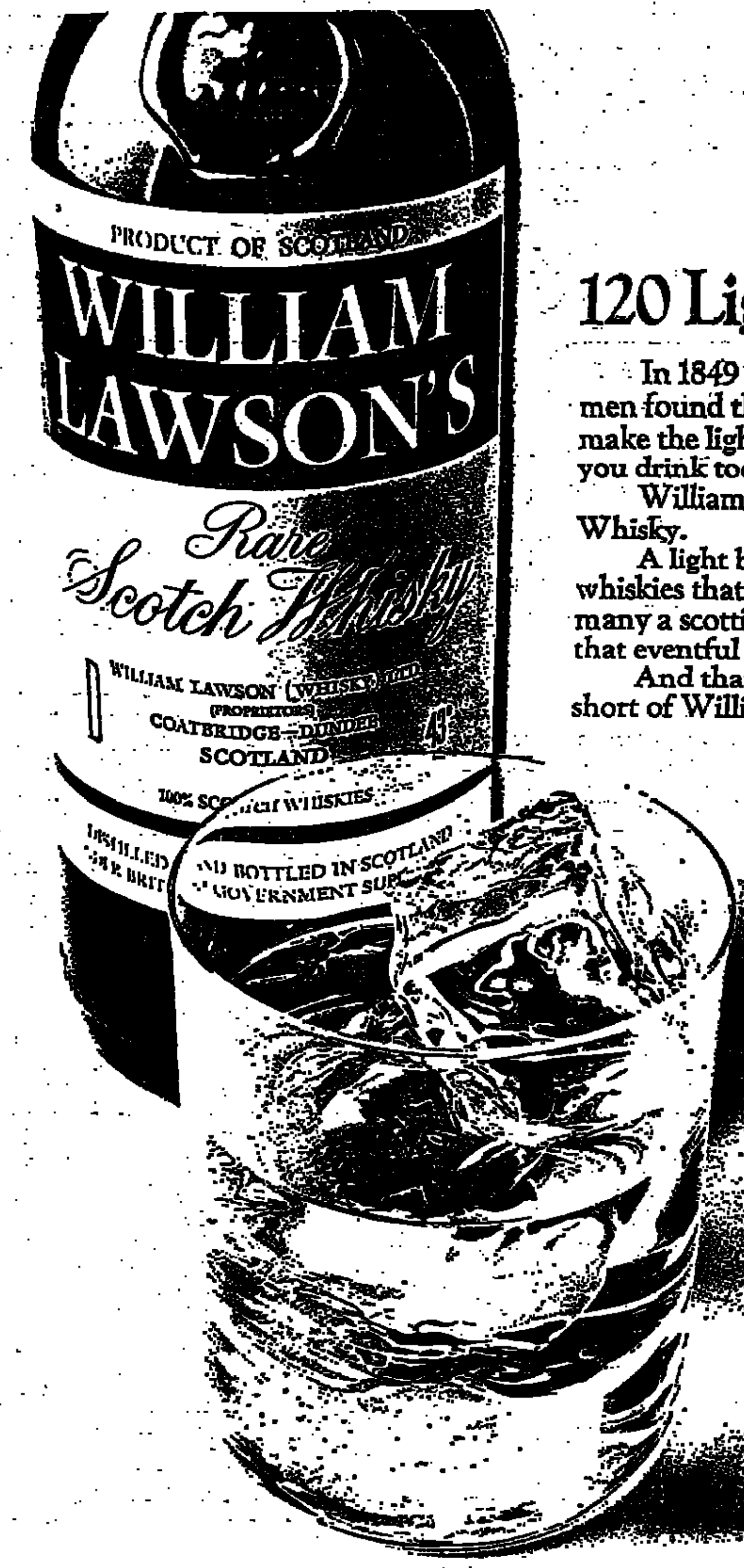
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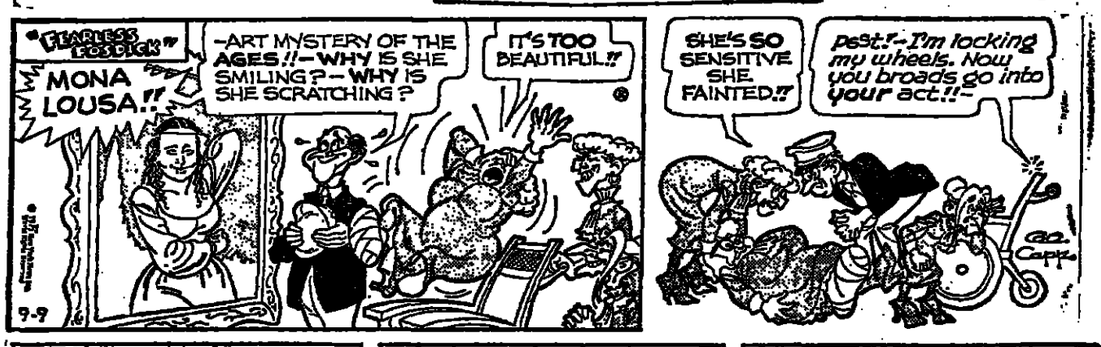
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Denmark (air) D.Kr.	174.00	91.00	Israel (air) ... $	29.50	15.50	Sweden (air) Sw.Kr.	147.00	78.00
Finland (air) ... $	25.00	13.00	Italy ... Lire	13,800	7,200	Switzerland ... S.Fr.	85.50	50.00
France ... Fr.	93.00	48.00	Lebanon (air) ... $	33.50	17.50	Turkey (air) ... $	25.00	13.00
Germany ... D.M.	80.00	42.00	Luxembourg ... L.Fr.	1,100	575	Yugoslavia ... $	25.00	13.00
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PEANUTS



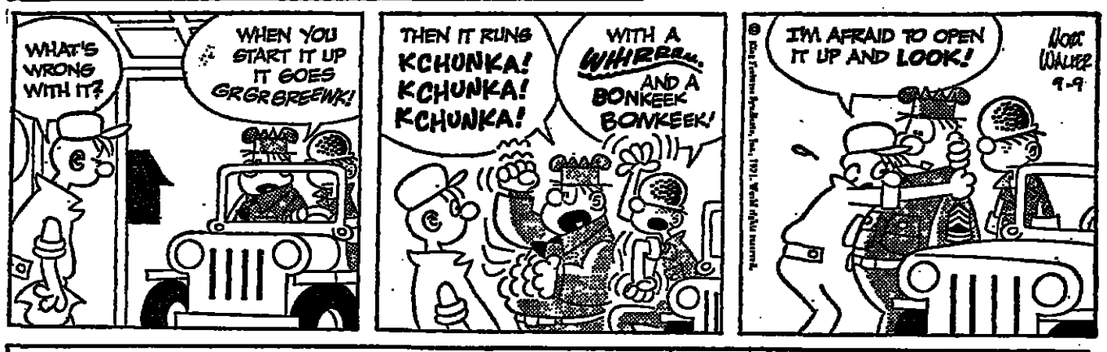
B.C.

B.C. by Johnny Hart

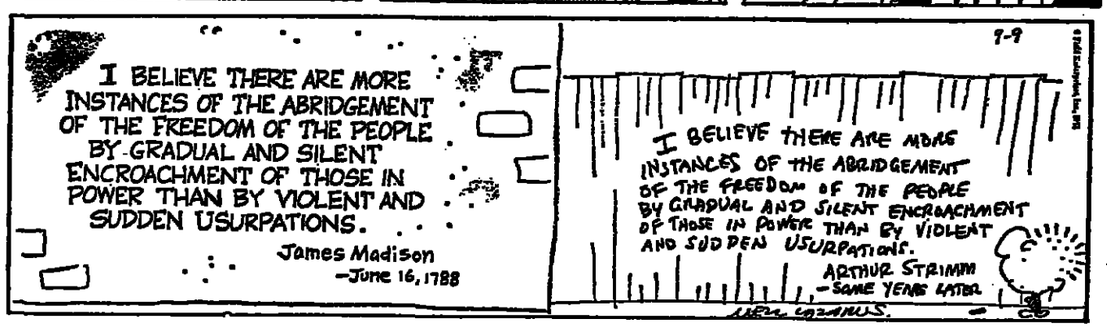


LI'L ABNER

BEETLE BAILEY



MISS PEACH



BUZ SAWYER



WIZARD of ID

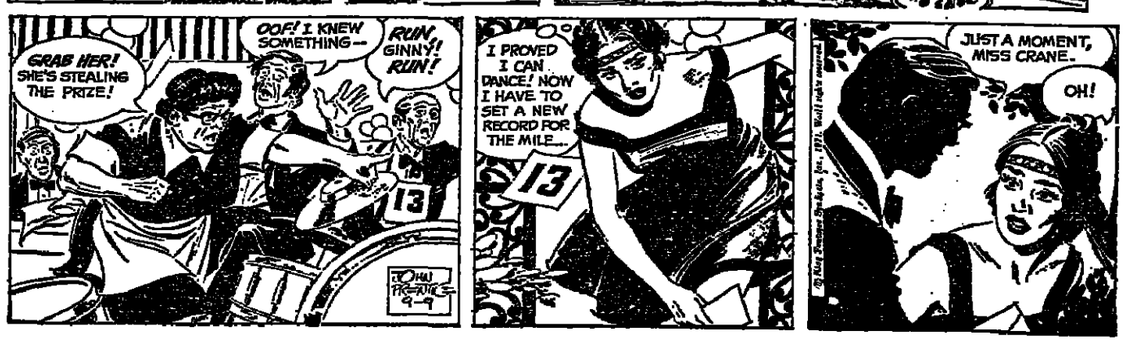


M.B.

POGO



RIP KIRBY



BLONDIE



BRIDGE

By Alan Truscott

Defenders occasionally depart from the *normal rules of defensive* play, through ignorance, from motives of low cunning or for the sheer hell of it. But the declarer who is constantly suspicious of his opponent's plays will be a loser in the long run.

It pays to assume that the opponents are playing normally, and the diagramed deal is an example.

The excellent contract of six hearts was reached by North and South by the route shown in the diagram. West led the heart two.

After inspecting the dummy, South decided that he would attempt to develop clubs. But to preserve the chance of ruffing a spade eventually with a low trump in dummy, he put up the ace and noted the fall of East's jack. With considerable foresight he dropped the seven from his hand.

The declarer could now judge the trump position. It was possible, but unlikely, that West had led the two from an original holding of five-two. It was possible, but unlikely, that East had played the jack from an original holding of jack-ten. The chance that both opponents were false-carding in the suit was small enough to be negligible.

South's first move was to enter his hand with a diamond lead and play a club. West correctly signaled by playing the nine, and East smoothly played the ten under dummy's queen. There was no risk in ducking for South could not have a singleton: West would not have played the nine from a holding of nine-seven-four.

South had reason to hope that the club ace was on his left, so he entered his hand with a second diamond lead to play his remaining club. East won and played a spade, but South rejected *the finesse. He could see a* road to 12 tricks, provided his analysis of the trump suit was accurate.

The spade ace was taken and a low heart was led to the six in dummy. Next South ruffed a club with the heart king, establishing the remaining clubs in dummy, and finally a trump to the queen removed West's ten. Dummy's clubs took care of the spade losers.

	NORTH ♠7 ♡AQ6 ◇752 ♣KQ8652	
WEST ♠K1054 ♡1052 ◇J984 ♣94		EAST ♠J9832 ♡J ◇Q1063 ♣AJ10
	SOUTH (D) ♠AQ6 ♡K98743 ◇AK ♣73	

Both sides were vulnerable. The bidding:

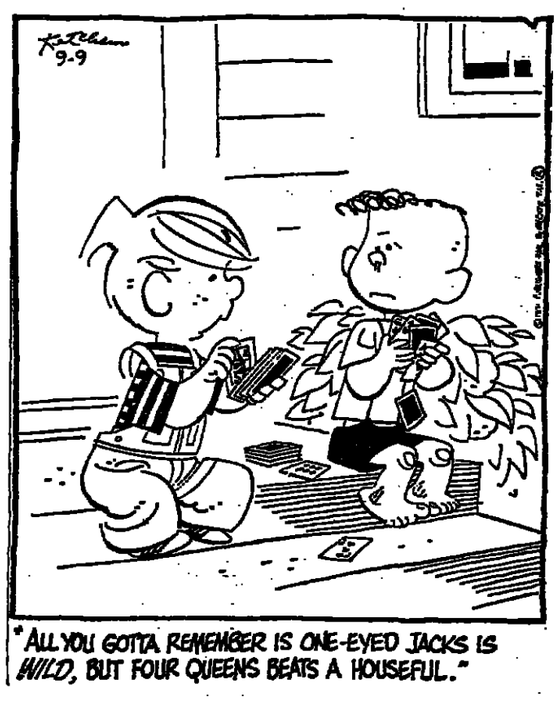
South	West	North	East
1♡	Pass	2♣	Pass
3♡	Pass	3♠	Pass
3N.T.	Pass	5♡	Pass
6♡	Pass	Past	Pass

West led the heart two.

Solution to Previous Puzzle

S	A	L	U	K	I			R	I	S	A	L	A	
O	K	A	P	I	S		K	E	S	T	R	E	L	
M	I	R	A	C	L	E		O	P	T	I	C	A	L
E	N	D		K	E	V	I	N		L	E	H	R	S
			A	B	S	E	N	T	E	E	S			
A	B	O	M	A		S	T	I	R	S		A	P	R
M	A	G	I	C			O	K	A		E	P	E	E
P	R	I	N	K	E	D		I	L	L	M	A	D	E
L	O	V	E		V	O	L			U	M	I	A	K
E	N	E		P	I	L	O	T		C	A	R	L	S
			B	A	L	L	P	A	R	K	S			
K	R	A	I	T		A	S	S	A	Y		O	R	B
H	A	S	T	I	E	R		S	T	O	O	L	I	E
A	T	T	E	N	D	S			E	N	D	I	V	E
N	E	A	R	A	S				L	E	A	D	E	N

DENNIS THE MENACE



JUMBLE®

—that scrambled word game

By HENRI ARNOLD and BOB LEE

Unscramble these four Jumbles, one letter to each square, to form four ordinary words.

ENAKO

BILLE

SNODEC

NEHBID

Print the SURPRISE ANSWER here



Now arrange the circled letters to form the surprise answer, as suggested by the above cartoon.

(Answers tomorrow)

Yesterday's Jumbles: MADAM ROUSE GOLFER INDIGO

Answer: *Wear them for some happy occasion*—GLAD RAGS

BOOKS

WILLY REMEMBERS

By Irvin Faust. Arbor House. 249 pp. $6.95.

Reviewed by Richard R. Lingeman

"WILLY Remembers," Irvin Faust's fourth book, may be his best. He made a fine debut with "Roar Lion Roar," a collection of short stories, followed by "The Steagle" (a book which showed talent but which I found exasperating) and "The File on Stanley Buchta," which I haven't read. I suspect that in his latest book all his gifts—the ear for colloquial speech, the memory for American trivia, the sheer verbal dazzle, the gushing imagination—have coalesced into something stronger and more artistically coherent. In "Willy Remembers" Mr. Faust moulds the clay of 90 years of American popular culture into one archetypical hero who is a sort of Vox Pop man of the century. The novel consists of the reminiscences of 93-year-old Willy T. Kleinhans, and does Willy remember! He remembers Lilian Russell and T.R. and Teapot Dome and Black Jack Pershing and Arthur MacArthur, the boy colonel of the West. He also remembers "Nov shmoo ka pop" and "Ah hate wah, Eleanor hates wah, and Ah hate Eleanor" and "Deep Purple" and "Moppin up soda pop rickey" and the words to the theme songs of Your Hit Parade, Milkman's Matinee, Little Orphan Annie, Jack Armstrong and Uncle Frank. His brain is a cluttered attic of Americana.

"Brandeis was Wilson's payoff to Barney Baruch, Baron von Cramm was the only one of her husbands who could handle Barbara Hutton. But his tennis game went to hell. Judge Crater was bumped off by Mussolini along with Carlo Tresca. He knew too much. *Kayo slept in a drawer,* Judd Gray was some sucker . . . Wall Street laid some egg. Tommy Manville was only married to seven women. He married number four twice."

A lifelong New Yorker, Willy traces his memories to an East River of consciousness, polluted by the effluvia of city life—like the East River he swam in as a boy. It is a cranky, shrewd, limited, idiosyncratic mind, innocent, yet conniving, independent, yet saturated with second-hand values from sources as eclectic as William Randolph Hearst and "Tarzan of the Apes." Yet "Willy Remembers" is more than trivia-dropping, or garrulous rambling reminiscences; it has a structure of steel and a narrative grounded in the realities of American family life, New York City version.

Willy's great adventure was the Spanish-American War, and the book flashes back and forth between the war and Willy's subsequent life. The war scenes contain some of the best writing in the book, evoking horror, disease and filth. The Spanish-American War must have been a good deal like this: fought by men in dirty uniforms, their bellies bloated with hardtack and dying of tropical diseases and bullets, which they swat like mosquitoes before they die. Faust's hectic prose and his way with stream of consciousness effectively evo the violent confusion of comb

At one point in the battle, Wi has cut and run and flops on t ground. He dreams he sees German soldier forebear, G Blucher and his yet-to-be-k son. All plead with Willy to back into the fight, but g the son is effective. He appeals Willy's fighting spirit by say that he would rather be conque by an Italian than by a yell bolly. To Willy those are fighting words.

Willy and his bunkies had out for battle full of the jingo of the day, raring to save Chr womanhood from the Ital rapists and determined to m America a world power. He ec refers to the Cubans as "gook (Willy's memories are often ra chronistic; he has Oswald kill President McKinley). Yet Hear and Richard Harding Davis's and Willy's war are miles apa

Back home, Willy goes into father's milk business and is g cessful. He has a hilarious affa with a dance instructor—a Mo can so not an Italian—and le learns that his wife, who b instigated the dancing less wants to run off with a male gigolo, a Venezuelan w looked as if his hair had stru oil. Willy, if it is not alto clear, is something of a big He employs racial epithets a when his wife breaks her le wants her taken from an In hospital (the doctors will probab be drunk) to a Jewish one (th make the best doctors). H German ancestry makes hi mildly pro-Hitler right up Pearl Harbor.

Yet it would be wrong to s that Willy is another crude racis Mr. Faust's understanding ru deeper. Besides, Willy has h good points. He is honest in bed ness, forthright, decisive. He h feelings; he is no petit bourgeo lump, and he grows moving tender towards his inept, dream younger son who has taken t pole-vaulting as his one purpo in life, keeping it up until ag 45, when he achieves his persona goal of 13 feet and impales him self on the broken pole.

The weakness of the book *its ultimate moral neutrality.* W are told all about Willy and t is that—and that is considerab Yet we are (or I am) left wondr ing about the meaning of t life; we do not have the sa sense of denouement at the e of the book as we do at the e of say, "The Great Gatsby," t intuition of a deeper moral tra

Nonetheless, this is a book r in associations that radiate f from an individual, into an e into America. The quality of M Faust's invention is not strain he can clot his pages with tri but not lose the pace of his sto he can be very funny. He h written a good book, by jings.

Mr. Lingeman is a New Yo Times book reviewer.

CROSSWORD

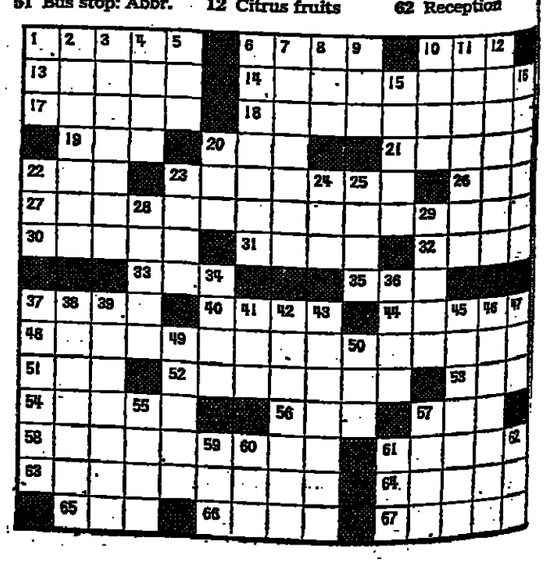
By Will We

ACROSS

1 Ignominy
6 Imitator
10 Recipe measure: Abbr.
13 Cowboy who helps train horses
14 Magellan or Cook
17 Dodge
18 Feature of many ads
19 Wrath
20 Corrode
21 Ecological cycles
22 Kimono sash
23 Rakes with fire
26 Diminutive suffix
27 Squelches
30 Office gal
31 Crystal gazer
32 Sac
33 Quick-witted
35 Unlock, in poems
37 Jumble
40 Hodgepodge
44 Admission
48 An naturel
51 Bus stop: Abbr.
52 A, B, C, or even P
53 Raises
54 Fabric
56 Napkin for junior
57 Insect
58 Flat land between hills
61 Verify
63 Soapstones
64 Commemorative stone
65 "To —— is human"
66 Nuisance
67 Asian country

DOWN

1 Pronoun
2 Kind of steak
3 Semiprecious stone
4 Early Persian
5 Before
6 Red star
7 Share
8 Hitler's wife
9 Free
10 Polynesian god
11 Stiffly formal
12 Citrus fruits
15 Gypsum
16 Feel displeasure
20 Anglo-Saxon letter
22 Saturn's wife
23 Plug
24 Exclamation
25 River in Spain
28 Abuse, in Scotland
29 Animal lure
34 Asian
36 Hammer part
37 The —— (wife)
38 International agreement
39 Track official
41 High in pitch
42 Belmont areas
43 Most intimate
45 Bellow
46 Turtle, for one
47 Periods of time: Abbr.
49 Upset
50 Male cat
55 Paraphernalia
57 Conveyance
59 President, e.g.
60 Reckless ambition
61 Petition
62 Reception



هكذا في الأصل

مكتبة منة الأصل

...raebner, Smith Advance

...s Evert Rallies ... Victory; Faces ...s. King in Semis

...ST HILLS, N.Y., Sept. 8 ... Evert, again com... ...hind, extended her ... to 46 matches ... Lesley Hunt of ... 6-3 to gain the ... finals in the U.S. ... championships.

Tournament officials at the West Side Tennis Club breathed a heavy sigh of relief. With the absence of many leading pros, including defending men's champion Ken Rosewall and Rod Laver, the 16-year-old girl from Fort Lauderdale, Fla., has been the gate-saving attraction.

A crowd of 10,000, including television crews of the major networks, poured into the concrete horseshoe stadium to see if the 105-pound tennis dynamo could do it again.

She did.

Her next opponent on Saturday will be Billie-Jean King of Long Beach, Calif., the three-time Wimbledon winner. Miss King today beat Laura Dupont of Charlotte, N.C., 6-3, 7-5.

The other semifinal sends second-seeded Rosemary Casals of San Francisco against Australia's Kerry Melville.

In the men's division, seventh-seeded Clark Graebner of New York looked the most impressive of the seeded players who blasted their way into the quarterfinals.

Serving powerfully and showing the form that won him the Pennsylvania and Eastern grass-court titles on consecutive weeks, Graebner smashed Ray Moore of South Africa, 6-2, 6-4, 6-3.

Graebner was joined in the round of eight by second-seeded Stan Smith of Pasadena, Calif., who was leading Milan Holdcek, 7-5, 3-2, when the self-exiled Czech had to retire because of a pulled hamstring muscle in his left leg, and Tom Okker of the Netherlands, who won over left-handed Roger Taylor of Britain, 6-4, 6-4, 4-6, 6-3.

Graebner will play Okker, seeded No. 4, in the quarterfinals Friday and Smith will meet the winner of the match between Marty Riessen of Evanston, Ill., and Nikki Pilic of Yugoslavia.

In the other bracket, to be played *tomorrow*, third-seeded Arthur Ashe of Gum Springs, Va., meets Manuel Orantes of Spain and Frank Froehling of Fort Lauderdale faces Jan Kodes, the Czech who eliminated top-seeded John Newcombe in the first round.

The talk in tennis, however, continues to be Chris Evert.

Against Miss Hunt, a 21-year-old seasoned international player who has won the French and Australian junior titles, Chris used the same formula as in previous matches—starting slowly and rallying to pull out the victory. In earlier rounds, she had dropped the opening set to Françoise Durr and Mary Ann Eisel.

"I didn't start out quickly enough," she said afterward. "It seems I must have a few games under my belt before I start playing well.

"I thought the turning point came in the middle of the second set when Lesley started making some bad shots."

Miss Evert fell behind 0-3 and 1-4 in the opening set, making numerous errors on her forehand and over-hitting the lines, but she steadied to bring the score to 4-4.

Miss Hunt missed an easy overhead on the first set point but finally put the set away when Chris netted a forehand.

Miss Evert hit with more confidence in the second set, mixing her two-fisted rifle-like backhand with teasing drop shots and well-hit lobs. She clinched the second set with a deadly overhead smash and backhand placement down the line.

The Florida girl also got a 3-1 lead in the third set only to have Miss Hunt tie it at 3-3.

Then Chris ran off three straight games with the loss of only three points.

...Could ...Sponsor ...S. Open

...K, Sept. 8 (NYT).— ...tween the United ... Tennis Association ...tract professionals ...turn for the worse ...n a major sponsor ... terminate its tele...t for the United ...championships.

...TA upholds the In...wn Tennis Federa... World Champion... 32 contract pros, ...o effect Jan. 1, said ...lman 3d, chairman ...ris, Inc., "we shall ...ommitment to CBS ...ure telecasts of the ...rminated."

... to the Columbia ... System, Cullman ...because of the re... of the sponsorship ... our contract with ...nd a renegotiation ... for this year's tele...ded to the absence ... contract pros from ...ournament, includ...r and Ken Rose...heir failure to play ... action.

...t tournament, he ...ot represent the ...mpetition that was ... when the contract ...

..., company was in...00 a year in the ...r a five-year con...gan in 1969. Of ...150,000 is kept by ...000 goes to the US... television rights. ...50,000, he said, is ...soring the Virginia ... women players and ...ments.

...lso warned the ...it had laid down ... set of regulations ...s, such as require...hey must play in ... events and agree ... money, that it ...sible for the wom...te.

... he said, "we ... you further that ...he USLTA should ...ia Slims girls, as ... the ILTF ban on ...mpionship Tennis ...all consider our ... CBS to sponsor ... of the U.S. Open

...in TV sponsorship ... shifted to the ...our, he said.

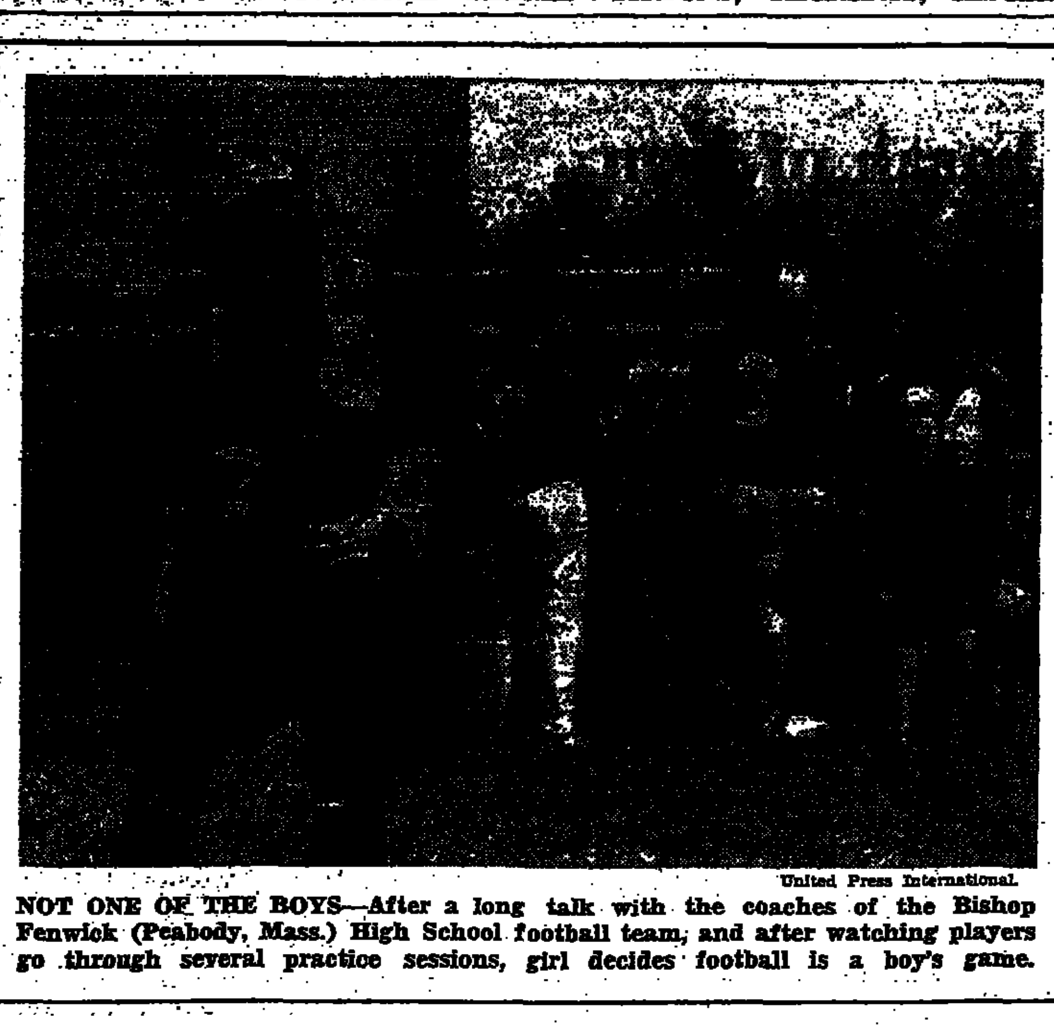
...ve could be inter...empt to force the ...gainst the feder...

... well, president of ... said: "I want to ... acts, and I will ...t tomorrow."

...n official who ... to be identified ...e'll just go out ...r sponsor."

... who is a contract ...

... won't survive, ...w Yorkers won't ... the best players ... You can't hard...y take all of us ...ghting their own



United Press International.

NOT ONE OF THE BOYS—After a long talk with the coaches of the Bishop Fenwick (Peabody, Mass.) High School football team, and after watching players go through several practice sessions, girl decides football is a boy's game.

NFL Exhibitions Bring Injury, Profit

NEW YORK, Sept. 8 (AP).—Two of the game's top quarterbacks, Joe Namath and Sonny Jurgensen, have been hurt in exhibition games but don't expect the National Football League to give up preseason contests. The owners say they can't afford to.

William Clay Ford, owner of the Detroit Lions, says that, without exhibitions, "We wouldn't be in the black."

Last weekend's preseason games *were seen by 896,753 paying* fans. At $5, or thereabouts, per ticket, that comes to more than $4 million. Multiply that by six—the number of preseason games most NFL teams play—and you see what Ford's talking about.

"I wish we could make it go on the regular season and what we get from TV," says Ford.

"But we can't, due to the players-association, agents and other evils. We need the preseason games to keep solvent."

Ford also maintains that exhibition games are necessary for reasons other than money.

"Otherwise the coaches wouldn't play a rookie if their lives depend on it."

Because coaches do play rookies in exhibition games, zany Mike Battle is no longer a New York Jet.

Battle got the ax yesterday because rookies Chris Farasco-poulos, a kick-return specialist, and Phil Wise, a safety, beat him out.

The 175-pound Battle was the Jets' punt and kickoff returns leader the past two seasons. He won his spurs in 1969 as a rookie, *when, in an exhibition game, he* returned a punt 86 yards for a touchdown against the New York Giants. It was the first meeting between the two New York clubs.

Off-field antics, such as demonstrations on how to chew glass and turn over cars, made Battle popular with New York fans and teammates.

Battle, though, was a victim of the down-to-44 rule of the NFL which was in effect for Tuesday. Next Tuesday, prior to the start of the regular campaign, it's down to 40.

There weren't too many well-known names among those cut yesterday. A pair of veteran linebackers, Ed Weisacosky and Ted Davis, were placed on waivers by the Miami Dolphins.

The San Francisco 49ers said they wouldn't reveal until today the names of the five players cut.

Carlos to Canada

MONTREAL, Sept. 8 (UPI).—The Montreal Alouettes of the Canadian Football League today announced the signing of sprinter John Carlos.

Carlos, a U.S. Olympian in the 200-meter dash in 1968, will start with the Alouettes as wide receiver here against the Ottawa Roughriders Saturday night.

In other transactions:

BENGALS—Waived Tommy Smith, tight end; Chip Bennett, linebacker; Gene Trosch, defensive tackle; Thurman Couch, linebacker.

PATRIOTS—Traded Tom Funchess, offensive guard, to Houston Oilers for Dave Rowe, defensive tackle.

RAMS—Waived Cecil Leonard, corner back; Gary Lloyd, punter.

$510,000 Colt Restores Faith To His Owner

DONCASTER, England, Sept. 8 (AP).—Crowned Prince, the world's most expensive yearling racehorse, restored the faith of his owners today by winning the Champagne Stakes at the Doncaster racetrack.

Jockey Lester Piggott brought the American-bred 2-year-old colt home one length in front of Rheingold in the seven-furlong race. First prize was £5,412 ($12,991).

Frank McMahon, Canadian industrialist, had paid a record $510,000 for Crowned Prince—a full brother to Kentucky Derby winner, Majestic Prince—at the Keeneland Sales last year. But two weeks ago, the colt flopped badly in his first race and finished sixth.

The Scoreboard

CHESS—At Moscow, Alla Kushnir and Tatiana Zatulovskaya, both of the Soviet Union, adjourned the 10th game in their semi-final match in the women's world title series. They agreed to the adjournment on the 41st move. The women have to play off two adjourned games. Miss Kushnir is leading, 4.5-3.5.

BASEBALL—At Parma, Italy, defending champion Holland reached the finals of the European championships with a 21-0 victory against France. It was the fourth straight victory for the Dutchmen in the elimination round and the lopsided score caused the referee to suspend the game in the seventh inning.

In another game, Spain beat Sweden, 5-2, to score its second victory in the round.

The standings now are: Holland, 8 points; Belgium, 4; Sweden and Spain, two each; France, 0.

CYCLING—At Cittadella, Italy, Patrick Sercu of Belgium won an international race, *covering the 100 kilometers* in 2 hours 19 minutes 1 second for an average speed of 46.153 kph. Marino Basso of Italy was second, caught in the same time in a photo finish between seven racers. Felice Gimondi of Italy was sixth and Eddy Merckx of Belgium, newly crowned world pro road champion, was seventh.

SOCCER—At Oslo two goals within two minutes in the first half paved the way for a 3-1 victory for France in a European Cup game against Norway at Ullevaal Stadium. Jacques Vergnes in the 34th minute and Charles Loubet in the 36th gave France a 2-0 lead in the first half.

After the interval, Bernard Blanchet secured victory with a third tally in the 50th minute before the home team got the final goal, by Ola Dybwad-Olsen nine minutes before the end.

At Hanover, West Germany, Gerd Muller, top scorer in last year's World Cup finals, gave another demonstration of his deadly marksmanship by firing three goals in West Germany's 5-0 thrashing of Mexico in an exhibition match.

Wednesday's Game

Yankees Defeat Red Sox in 11th

NEW YORK, Sept. 8 (AP).—John Ellis hit a sacrifice fly in the 11th inning, driving in Roy White with the winning run as the New York Yankees edged Boston, 2-1, today.

White opened the 11th with a walk, reached second when pitcher Bob Bolin's throw on Danny Cater's sacrifice was late and moved to third when Ron Swoboda sacrificed the runners along. Swoboda had pulled the Yankees into a tie with a solo homer in the seventh inning after the Red Sox had taken a 1-0 lead in the sixth.

In NL Pennant Races

Dodgers, Cards Stay Close

From Wire Dispatches

NEW YORK, Sept. 8.—The St. *Louis Cardinals and Los Angeles* Dodgers moved a little closer in their efforts to catch the National League leaders.

The Cards picked up a half game in the standings yesterday by winning a doubleheader from Philadelphia, 9-6 and 7-5, and now trail Pittsburgh in the East by six games, while the Dodgers beat the front-running San Francisco Giants, 9-3, to trail in the West by six.

A walk, three successive singles and a double by Manny Mota produced four runs in the first inning for the Dodgers.

Claude Osteen, ending a personal three-game losing streak went the distance for the Dodgers, giving up only five hits as the Giant losing streak reached four.

The Cards scored twice in the 10th inning and defeated the Phillies, 7-5, in the second game of a twilight-night doubleheader. In the opener, which was the completion of a suspended contest, the Cardinals scored three runs in the top of the 13th to win, 9-6.

Joe Torre, who got eight hits in 11 at bats in the doubleheader, singled to lead off the 10th for St. Louis in the nightcap. Ted Simmons followed with a triple for one run, and Joe Hague knocked in Simmons for the second run on a fielder's choice.

In the opening game, the Phils scored three times in the bottom of the 12th to tie the score at 6-all but St. Louis won the game on five singles in the 13th.

Astros 5, Padres 1

Don Wilson hurled a two-hitter and Cesar Geromino and Joe Morgan hit successive homers in the fifth to give Houston a 5-1 triumph over Atlanta.

Padres 8, Reds 7

San Diego rallied for two runs in the ninth to beat Cincinnati, 8-7. Leron Lee's fifth hit of the game tied the score, then Garry Jestadt's fourth hit, a single, scored Nate Colbert with the deciding run.

Expos 9, Mets 3

Rusty Staub drove in four runs with a homer and a triple as Montreal downed the New York Mets, 9-3, for Steve Renko's 14th victory of the year against 13 losses.

Red Sox 9, Yanks 3

In the American League, Doug Griffin's two-run double with the bases filled highlighted a six-run eighth-inning rally which paced Boston to a 9-3 victory over the New York Yankees and gave Sonny Siebert his 16th victory of the season.

Angels 6, Athletics 1

Ken McMullen and Tommie Reynolds drove home two runs each and Clyde Wright pitched six-hit ball to earn his 14th victory as California beat Oakland, 6-1. Vida Blue, seeking his 24th victory, gave up three runs in the first inning and departed two *innings later in suffering his* eighth defeat. It was Blue's earliest departure since opening day.

Tigers 3, Senators 2

Jim Northrup, who had only three hits in his last 26 at bats, snapped out of his slump in torrid fashion by rapping five straight hits, including the winning home run in the 11th inning, to power Detroit to a 3-2 victory over Washington.

White Sox 8, Twins 7

Ed Herrmann hit his 11th and 12th homers and drove in five runs in leading the Chicago White Sox to an 8-7 victory over Minnesota. Harmon Killebrew also hit two homers (21 and 22), boosting his career total to 509.

Royals 4, Brewers 3

Amos Otis stole five bases, got four singles and scored the winning run in the seventh to lead Kansas City past Milwaukee, 4-3. Otis now has 47 thefts, one behind his teammate Fred Patek, the league leader. Otis beat out a two-out hit in the seventh, stole second, then third, then came home when Darrell Porter, the Milwaukee catcher, overthrew third. The major league one-game record for stolen bases is six, set by Eddie Collins in 1917.

Orioles 3, Indians 1

Dave McNally pitched a five-hitter and slammed a two-run homer as Baltimore defeated Cleveland, 3-1. It was McNally's 12th straight victory. His won-lost record is 18-4.

Tuesday's Line Scores

NATIONAL LEAGUE
(Completion of Aug. 1 susp. game)
St. Louis ...... 004 010 001 003 3— 9 20 3
Philadelphia .. 020 100 000 003 0— 6 14 1
Zachary, Shaw (7), Linzy (9), Patterson (10); Taylor (12), Williams (12) and McNertney, Simmons (9); Fryman, Hoerner (9), Wilson (10), Munis (12), Short (13) and McCarver, Koegel (12). W—Williams (1-0). L—Munis (0-1).

St. Louis .... 002 010 001 2— 7 9 0
Philadelphia ... 000 200 210 0— 5 8 1
Cleveland, Shaw (8), Santorini (10) and McNertney, Simmons (5); Reynolds, Brandon (5), Hoerner (9), Wilson (9) and McCarver. W—Shaw (6-1). L—Wilson (2-6). HR—Luzinski (1st).

Cincinnati ...... 100 200 004— 7 13 1
San Diego ...... 010 103 022— 8 16 3
Nolan, Granger (6), Cloninger (7), Carroll (8) and Bench, Corrales (2); Arlin, Ross (5), Acosta (8), Caldwell (9) and Ivie. W—Caldwell (1-0). L—Carroll (8-3).

San Francisco . 010 020 000— 3 5 1
Los Angeles ... 400 002 21x— 9 11 1
Bryant, Barr (1), McMahon (5), Stone (7), Hamilton (7), Willoughby (8) and Dietz; Osteen (13-10) and Haller. L—Bryant (7-10). HR—Garvey (7th).

New York ...... 000 000 102— 3 7 1
Montreal ...... 215 010 00x— 9 9 2
Gentry, Ryan (3), Taylor (3), McAndrew (6) and Grote; Renko, Marshall (9) and Bateman. W—Renko (14-13). L—Gentry (11-10). HR—Staub (15th), Bateman (10th).

Houston .... 000 040 010— 5 10 0
Atlanta .... 010 000 000— 1 2 0
Wilson (14-8) and Edwards; Reed, Jarvis (5), Nash (9) and Williams. L—Reed (12-13). HR—Geronimo (1st), Morgan (12th).

AMERICAN LEAGUE

Minnesota ...... 100 310 011— 7 10 2
Chicago .... 130 201 01x— 8 8 1
Perry, Strickland (5), Gebhard (7) and Roof; John, Bradley (6) and Herrmann. W—John (11-14). L—Perry (15-15). HR—Herrmann (10th, 11th), Killebrew (21st, 22d), Cardenas (17th).

Milwaukee ...... 000 100 200— 3 12 1
Kansas City ... 000 120 10x— 4 8 1
Pattin, Sanders (7) and Porter; Drago, Burgmeier (7), Abernathy (9) and Martinez. W—Burgmeier (9-7). L—Sanders (7-9).

Cleveland ...... 001 000 000— 1 5 0
Baltimore ...... 120 000 00x— 3 7 1
McDowell, Hargan (8) and Fosse; McNally (18-4) and Etchebarren. L—McDowell (11-14). HR—McNally (2d).

Boston .... 010 200 060— 9 8 0
New York ...... 101 000 010— 3 11 2
Siebert (16-8) and Josephson; Peterson, Closter (8), Ley (9) and Munson. L—Peterson (13-11).

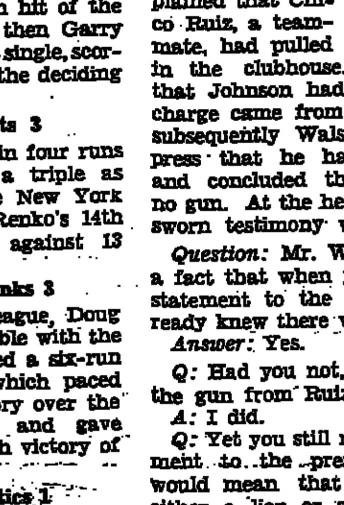
Detroit .... 010 000 100 01—3 7 0
Washington ... 002 000 000 00—2 3 0
Coleman, Scherman (10) and Freehan; Thompson, Grzenda (7), Lindblad (8) and Billings. W—Scherman (9-6). L—Lindblad (7-4). HR—Northrup (12th, 13th).

California ...... 300 000 300— 6 10 2
Oakland .... 000 000 100— 1 6 2
Wright (14-14) and Torborg; Blue, Klimkowski (4), Roland (7), Grant (8) and Tenace. L—Blue (23-8). HR—McMullen (19th).

RED SMITH

Bright Countenance of Truth

DICK WALSH, executive vice-president and general manager of the California Angels, was a witness in the recent arbitration hearings on the Alex Johnson case.



Red Smith

Johnson is the troubled outfielder who won the American League batting championship last year, and this year was fined 29 times up to June 26, when Walsh suspended him for "not giving his best." Walsh was questioned about the incident when Johnson complained that Chico Ruiz, a teammate, had pulled a gun on him in the clubhouse. The report that Johnson had made such a charge came from the club, and subsequently Walsh advised the press that he had investigated and concluded that there was no gun. At the hearings, Walsh's sworn testimony went like this:

Question: Mr. Walsh, is it not a fact that when you made that statement to the press you already knew there was a gun?

Answer: Yes.

Q: Had you not, in fact, taken the gun from Ruiz yourself?

A: I did.

Q: Yet you still made the statement to the press knowing it would mean that Johnson was either a liar or suffering from delusions?

A: I did it in the best interests of the club.

Q: Mr. Walsh, after that did you telephone Mrs. Johnson?

A: Yes.

Q: Did you know at the time that she was undergoing a difficult pregnancy?

A: Yes, Alex had told me.

Q: Did you tell Mrs. Johnson that after an investigation you and Joseph Cronin, president of the American League, had come to the conclusion that Alex was suffering hallucinations about the gun?

A: Yes.

The immediate questions are: Were the Angels justified in suspending Johnson? Was Kuhn justified in extending the suspension beyond the 30-day limit by transferring Johnson to the "restricted list"? These questions barely scratch the surface, however. Even if it were found that Johnson should have been put on the disabled list in the first place and the Angels were ordered to pay his full salary for the season, the much more important issue of his future would remain.

Perhaps what he has been through this summer has impaired Johnson's ability, but he is still an exceptional athlete who, at 29, should have many productive years ahead. It is painfully evident that he cannot return to the Angels, but the arbitration panel hasn't the authority to effect a transfer. Outside of the club itself, only the league president or the commissioner could do that.

The Largest Question

There is, it seems here, an even larger question. Whatever one feels about the treatment Alex Johnson and his wife have received at Dick Walsh's hands—and what this bystander feels about it cannot be expressed this side of the libel laws—they are only two human beings.

Others have had similar experiences with Dick Walsh. Since Tony Conigliaro was traded to California last October, he has had a siege in traction with a pinched nerve in his neck, has taken 35 cortisone shots, has been hag-ridden by the fear of blindness, and has had dealings with Dick Walsh which are not yet resolved.

The overriding question, it seems here, is: Should a man like Dick Walsh, as revealed by the testimony above, hold a position that gives him power over many *human lives? It is for Gene* Autry and Bob Reynolds, the Angels' owners, to answer.

Major League Standings

NATIONAL LEAGUE
Eastern Division

	W	L	Pct.	GB
Pittsburgh	86	57	.601	—
St. Louis	80	63	.559	6
Chicago	73	68	.518	12
New York	72	68	.514	12 1/2
Montreal	60	79	.432	24
Philadelphia	59	84	.413	27

Western Division

	W	L	Pct.	GB
San Francisco	82	60	.577	—
Los Angeles	76	66	.535	6
Atlanta	72	72	.500	11
Cincinnati	70	74	.486	13
Houston	69	74	.483	13 1/2
San Diego	54	88	.380	28

Tuesday's Results
St. Louis 9, Philadelphia 3 (Compl. of Aug. 1 susp. game).
St. Louis 7, Philadelphia 5.
Montreal 9, New York 3.
Houston 5, Atlanta 1.
Los Angeles 9, San Francisco 3.
San Diego 8, Cincinnati 7.

Wednesday's Games
New York at Montreal, night.
Chicago at Pittsburgh, night.
Cincinnati at San Diego, night.
San Francisco at Los Angeles, night.
(Only games scheduled.)

AMERICAN LEAGUE
Eastern Division

	W	L	Pct.	GB
Baltimore	86	51	.628	—
Detroit	78	62	.557	9 1/2
Boston	74	68	.521	14 1/2
New York	70	72	.493	18 1/2
Washington	58	82	.414	29 1/2
Cleveland	55	87	.387	33 1/2

Western Division

	W	L	Pct.	GB
Oakland	89	52	.631	—
Kansas City	76	65	.539	13
Chicago	67	74	.475	22
California	66	75	.468	23
Minnesota	64	75	.460	24
Milwaukee	60	80	.429	28 1/2

Tuesday's Results
Kansas City 4, Milwaukee 3.
Chicago 8, Minnesota 7.
Baltimore 3, Cleveland 1.
Detroit 3, Washington 2.
Boston 9, New York 3.
California 6, Oakland 1.

Wednesday's Games
New York 2, Boston 1.
Detroit at Washington, night.
Milwaukee at Kansas City, night.
Minnesota at Chicago, night.
California at Oakland, night.
(Only games scheduled.)

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(Continued from Back Page)

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Art Buchwald

The Reason Why

WASHINGTON.—The "Why Are We in Vietnam Committee," otherwise known as WAWIVNC, held its monthly meeting at the State Department last week, and for the first time there was an air of pessimism in the room. As everyone knows, WAWIVNC was set up many years ago to provide presidents of the United States with solid reasons for American involvement in Vietnam. Some of the reasons the committee has come up with in the past are:

Buchwald

A. To halt Communist aggression from the North.

B. To let Red China know we mean business.

C. To prevent Southeast Asian countries from falling like dominoes.

D. To keep American boys from having to fight on the shores of Hawaii.

E. To prove to Hanoi we are not a helpless giant.

F. To make sure the South Vietnamese people can choose their own leaders in democratic elections.

This last one was everyone's favorite. President Nixon kept repeating it in every speech about Indochina. Secretary of State Rogers, Ambassador Ellsworth Bunker in Saigon and Ambassador David Bruce in Paris all said the same thing: "The United States wants nothing for itself. It is only in South Vietnam to assure that the people there can decide their own fate."

* * *

You can imagine what happened at the WAWIVNC meeting when they were informed that President Thieu would be the only one on the ballot in the presidential elections on Oct. 3.

The chairman of the committee said, "Gentlemen, I have just heard from President Nixon. He is very disappointed that no one has chosen to run against President Thieu and is once again hard put to explain what the United States is doing in Vietnam."

"Well, it isn't our fault that Vice-President Ky wouldn't run against Thieu, or that General Minh bowed out of the race weeks ago," an assistant secretary of public affairs said.

"How did we know that Thieu would rig the elections so badly that even the opposition would see through him?" a USIA psychological warfare expert said.

"Thieu should have warned Ky and Minh that they either had to run against him in democratic elections or they would be shot," a CIA man said.

"That's not the point, gentlemen," the chairman of the committee said. "The fact is that Thieu is running alone. This is not our concern except that since it's now difficult for President Nixon to defend the American presence in Vietnam to guarantee free elections, we have to find him another reason to explain why we are still there. Now think."

* * *

"Suppose," an AID man said, "the President says the reason we are in Vietnam is to protect the American dollar?"

"I don't follow you."

"Well, we all know every high official in the South Vietnamese government has a secret Swiss bank account where he has stashed away millions of dollars. Now, if these officials traded their dollars in Switzerland for marks or French francs while the dollar is floating, it could hurt us badly.

"But as long as we remain in South Vietnam these officials will have faith in us and will keep their dollars in Switzerland."

"It's too complicated," the chairman said. "I want something simple."

"Suppose we say we're in Vietnam because we must protect freedom wherever it is found," a Pentagon man said.

There was dead silence in the room.

Finally the chairman said, "There has to be a reason that no one has yet thought of."

A State Department man scribbled something on a sheet of paper and then raised his hand. "This is it. The President must go on television tomorrow night and tell the American people the only reason we are in Vietnam is because it's there."

Empress Farah of Iran

By Naomi Barry

SHIRAZ, Iran (IHT).—"Art lives if people love it. But they cannot love it if they do not experience it, so we must give them occasions to see it . . ."

Such is the way that her Imperial Majesty Farah Pahlavi, Shahbanou of Iran, explains the role of the arts festival she founded in Shiraz in 1967.

At 32, she is an overwhelming combination of intelligence, charm, elegance, simplicity and directness. When the Iranians exclaim, "Isn't she fantastic!", they mean it.

In Shiraz for the fifth festival, she was obviously relishing the event that had brought together, for two weeks, musicians, actors, directors and dancers from East and West. Basically, this is the Empress Farah's show. She dreamed it up. She supports it with her presence, her prestige, her genuine interest. With such people as Peter Brook, Iannis Xenakis and Jerzy Grotowski, the festival is a window on tomorrow.

But there has been criticism. As the empress herself put it, people ask, "What is she doing? Such extravagance, inviting theater people to Shiraz when there are so many more primordial things to do like schools, hospitals, housing, food. But," she went on, "when everything is to be done, we must do them all.

"Everyone does not believe as I do that art, too, is important. But we are an ancient culture . . . there is no reason all our traditions should disappear."

Then, there have been complaints about the ultramodern aspects of the festival, of its not being suitable for an underdeveloped country.

Empress Farah justified them, saying, "We missed the European classical period. We cannot go back and catch up on everything, so we might as well start from now. Today."

On the *iran* (covered verandah) of the Bagh-e Eram Palace in Shiraz, overlooking a garden of roses, cypresses and fountains, the empress talked about the festival, her country, her people. There were no watchdogs to guide or aid her; she needs none.

The third wife of the shah (they were married in 1959 and have four children), the former Farah Diba is the well-educated daughter of an upper middle-class Iranian family. She became the first crowned shahbanou (empress) in Iranian history in 1967. She uses her extraordinary position to satisfy a passion—Iran. There is no question of her sincerity.

Empress Farah is too smart not to see difficulties or to pretend to achievements as yet unrealized. A dozen times she referred to mistakes.

"But it is a beginning and we started from zero . . . There are so many problems, so much controversy. Stability is not easy. Sometimes the things you do, which you feel are right, maybe are not good. Living is a struggle. Sometimes we are deceived. But a simple smile from a simple man in the street changes everything for me and I say to myself, 'I will work for him.' What you see may look poor to you, but for us there has already been a great change."

There are those who say that no one has done so much for art, music and theater in Iran as the empress.

She buys the work of contemporary painters for her private collection. She is behind the competitions for young architects. She allots funds for the restoration of ancient monuments. She has done her utmost to encourage the craft industries. That day, she was wearing a dress made of silk from the northern province of Azerbaijan whose centuries-old silk industry had dwindled to nothing until the empress helped revive it by personal example.

Despite her interest in the arts, Empress Farah devotes a major part of her time and money to social projects. "Do not think I can spend all my money on art. I have to build two hospitals for one little theater. I must visit three orphanages before I can go to one concert."

On her visits to orphanages, she applies all her observant sincerity. Not long ago she made one institution take her name off the building until it was upgraded into a place she felt was fit for children.

Candor

Her candor causes many a jaw to drop. At a buffet supper she gave in the palace gardens the other night after a concert, she agreed with a European guest who was attacking Iran for succumbing to the dangers of Western materialism.

"I think some of the new publicity is terrible. There are banks in Tehran who say things like, 'Give us your money and you will have 10 camels full of money . . .' They will spoil the people making them think that money is everything . . . I say, the hell with the bank owners. We own the radio and the television and we should stop that kind of publicity."

Then a young Dutch theater critic approached her. "I don't understand one single thing about your celebration in October when you are a poor country with so many more important things to do. Do you meet any angry people?"

"I too am one of the angry people," Empress Farah replied. "I too am worried.



Christopher Barry.

I love my people more than you can. I want them to believe in me and to like me. I cannot stop thinking that some do not have enough bread while others go on diets so we don't get fat. This is a hard country. There is not enough rain to grow the wheat we need. Some people think oil will give us everything."

An aide whispered that perhaps her majesty was tired.

"I'm not of the age to be tired," she answered with a smile. She took a cigarette from her silk bag and burst out laughing. It was a Winston filter. A moment earlier, the Dutchman had pointed to the Winston filter as a sign of Iran's subservience to Western culture.

"The 2,500th anniversary," she went on, "is to celebrate the continuity of monarchy in this country. It also celebrates our ancient culture and its renewal. Persepolis was built by workers, not slaves.

"There will be many expenses but I hope the impact will be more than we put out. We used to spend a lot of money trying to promote our country in Europe and America and almost nothing came back.

"Now because of this celebration, in 60 countries they are making books, writing newspaper and magazine articles, making films about us. No country has had more wonderful publicity without paying anything."

She pointed out that Iran has had to rush the building of new hotels, new roads, new airport facilities for the celebrations. But "we would have done these things one day . . . we were obliged to go more quickly . . . In time, tourists will bring us back the money."

PEOPLE: Ex-Beatle Harrison Asks Others to Concer

Ex-Beatle George Harrison said yesterday he will make his second concert appearance for charity this year and would like the other three former Beatles—including Paul McCartney—to join him on stage. Harrison said in Southampton on his arrival from the States aboard the Queen Elizabeth 2 that he had accepted an invitation from Lord Harlech, British ambassador to the United States during the Kennedy administration, to perform at a concert for Shelter, an organization designed to aid the homeless in Britain. "I would love to play with John (Lennon), Paul and Ringo (Starr) again if they wished." Harrison told newsmen who asked if the other Beatles also would appear at the planned Shelter concert. A high court suit by McCartney last year resulted in the formal breakup of the Beatles. Harrison had been in the United States completing editing tapes from the Aug. 1 Bangla Desh refugee charity concert he organized at Madison Square Garden and which included appearances by Bob Dylan, Ringo, guitarist Eric Clapton and other leading rock musicians. Harrison said he planned to return to the United States shortly for a month with Dylan editing film of the Bangla Desh concert for television screening in the United States and Britain. Harrison said tapes from the concert comprised "possibly the finest live show I've heard" and a record will be issued in the future with proceeds donated to Bangla Desh charity. He said no date had been set for the Shelter concert but that he hoped the date could be arranged before Christmas.

* * *

There was no word yesterday how Lennon and Starr felt about the idea of a Beatles stage reunion. Lennon was in New York with his wife, Yoko Ono. Ringo was dubbing a film in Rome after holidaying with his wife and children in the south of France. McCartney could not be reached at his home in Argyllshire, Scotland. But Shelley Turner, of McCartney's London staff, said: "Paul just wants to state he has his own new group—as yet unnamed—to which he is devoting all his energies and attentions at this time, and he has no inclination or desire to play with the Beatles again. Paul is still waiting to be let out of the contract that the other Beatles and Allen Klein—the Beatles' 40-year-old American manager—are holding him to. For this re[ason] he will not play with the Bea[tles] even for charity."



George Harrison in Southampton yeste[rday]

* * *

ROYAL TRAVEL PLA[NS]: Queen Juliana and Prince Be[rn]hard of the Netherlands pla[n to] visit Britain and France in [the] first half of next year; me[an]while, they are completing pl[ans] for a state visit to West Germ[any] Oct. 26 to 29. The Grand D[uke] and Duchess of Luxembourg pay an official visit to Yug[osla]via, Sept. 27 to 30, at the in[vita]tion of President Tito.

* * *

After the death in Lima, O[hio] of Allen County jailer Willia[m] Foster, his family received a [let]ter saying Foster "was a ver[y de]cent type of person who had m[ore] compassion in his heart than [he] wanted to show. He deserves [the] right recognition from all wa[lks] of people including us." It [was] signed by inmates of the jail.

* * *

Last January, with bands pl[ay]ing and flags flying, 100 r[esi]dents of Longnor, a village in [the] English Midlands, pledged to q[uit] smoking, and television came [and] recorded their torment for [a] week. This week a TV team [re]turned to Longnor to count t[he] survivors, and found that all [but] 29 had drifted back to smok[ing].

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